State of Louisiana

CODE OF GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS

Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 Chapter 15 of Title 42 (R.S. 42:1101 - R.S. 42:1170)

As amended through the 2018 Third Extraordinary Session



Published by
Secretary of State R. Kyle Ardoin
From the House of Representatives Database

State of Louisiana

CODE OF GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS

Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 Chapter 15 of Title 42 (R.S. 42:1101 - R.S. 42:1170)

As amended through the 2018 Third Extraordinary Session



Published by
Secretary of State R. Kyle Ardoin
From the House of Representatives Database

The text of this book was provided by the House statutory database, which is used for drafting legislation. Those who need to consult the official statutory database including historical information, refer to West's Louisiana Statutes Annotated or LexisNexis Louisiana Annotated Statutes.

SECRETARY OF STATE STATE OF LOUISIANA

R. KYLE ARDOIN SECRETARY OF STATE P.O. BOX 94125 BATON ROUGE, LA 70804-9125 225.922.2880



Dear Friend,

Act 443 of the 1979 Legislative Session authorizes the secretary of state to issue the Code of Governmental Ethics. This edition includes all changes made by the Legislature through the 2018 Third Extraordinary Session.

Printed copies of this publication may be purchased for \$5 each from Election Services, 8585 Archives Ave., Baton Rouge, LA 70809 or by calling 225.922.0900.

We hope that this publication will be useful to you and that you will feel free to contact our office if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

R. Kyle Ardoin Secretary of State

B Tafe No

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE 42. PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

\$ 1101. Declaration of policy. \$ 1102. Definitions. PART II. ETHICAL STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC SERVANTS \$ 11111. Charitable giving to public servants during gubernatorially declared disasters and emergencies; limitations; requirements; annual reports. \$ 1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity. \$ 1112. Service on a civil service commission; recusal. \$ 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. \$ 1114. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. \$ 1114. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure. \$ 1114. Prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. \$ 1114. Prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. \$ 1114. Prohibited preferences. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1116. Repealed. \$ 1117. Illegal payments. \$ 1117. Illegal payments. \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. \$ 1119. Repealed. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Repealed. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Repealed. \$ 1120. Repealed. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials, certain boards and commissions. \$ 124. Financial disclosure; estatewide elected officials, certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, certain boards and commissions. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected off	PART 1	I. GENERAL	PROVISIONS	
PART II. ETHICAL STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC SERVANTS § 1111. Payment from nonpublic sources. § 1111. Charitable giving to public servants during gubernatorially declared disasters and emergencies; limitations; requirements; annual reports. § 1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity. § 1112. Service on a civil service commission; recusal. § 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. § 1113. Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. § 1114. Financial disclosure. § 1114. Financial disclosure. § 1114. Pinancial disclosure; retirement systems. § 1115. Giffs. § 1116. Jinitation on food, drink, and refreshment. § 1115. Giffs. § 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. § 1116. Abuse of office. § 1116. Abuse of office. § 1117. Illegal payments. § 1117. Illegal payments. § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. § 1119. Repealed. § 1110. Repealed. § 11110. Repealed. § 11110. Repealed. § 11110. Repealed. § 11111. Studies or position papers on public policy. § 1111. Studies or position papers on public policy. § 1112. Resistance to certain persons after termination of public service. § 1112. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. § 1120. Recusal from voting, certain appointed members of boards and commissions. § 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. § 1123. Exceptions. § 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials, certain public servants. § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, members of certain boards and commissions. § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, worting districts of under five thousand. § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, worting districts of under five thousand. § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, worting districts of under five thousand.	§	1101.	Declaration of policy	1
\$ 1111. Payment from nonpublic sources. \$ 1111.1 Charitable giving to public servants during gubernatorially declared disasters and emergencies; limitations; requirements; annual reports. \$ 1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity. \$ 1112. Service on a civil service commission; recusal. \$ 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. \$ 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure. \$ 1114. Repealed. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure; retirement systems. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1117. Subterfuge to avoid compliance \$ 1117. Subterfuge to avoid compliance \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. \$ 1118. Studies or position papers on public policy. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1122. Exceptions. \$ 1123. Exceptions. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. \$ 26 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain felected officials; certain public servants \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions. 4 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; members of under five thousand. 4 1124. Financial d	§	1102.	Definitions	1
\$ 1111.1 Charitable giving to public servants during gubernatorially declared disasters and emergencies; limitations; requirements; annual reports. \$ 1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity. \$ 1112.1 Service on a civil service commission; recusal. \$ 1113.1 Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure. \$ 1114.1 Repealed. \$ 1114.2 Financial disclosure; retirement systems. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1116. Repealed. \$ 1117. Illegal payments. \$ 1117. Illegal payments. \$ 1118. Studies or position papers on public policy. \$ 1118. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. \$ 1118. Studies or position papers on public policy. \$ 1119. Repealed. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1122. Continuation in certain positions at the Louisana Department of Health. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; eatin elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions. \$ 124. Financial disclosure; eatin elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions. \$ 124. Financial disclosure; ethics administrator. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; ethics administrator. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; taltewide elected officials; certain public service. \$ 125. Financial disclosure; tertain elected officials, woting districts of under five thousand. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; tertain elected officials, woting districts of under five thousand. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; tertain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of		I. ETHICAL	STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC SERVANTS	
\$ 1111.1 Charitable giving to public servants during gubernatorially declared disasters and emergencies; limitations; requirements; annual reports. \$ 1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity. \$ 1112.1 Service on a civil service commission; recusal. \$ 1113.1 Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure. \$ 1114.1 Repealed. \$ 1114.2 Financial disclosure; retirement systems. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 1116. Repealed. \$ 1117. Illegal payments. \$ 1117. Illegal payments. \$ 1118. Studies or position papers on public policy. \$ 1118. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. \$ 1118. Studies or position papers on public policy. \$ 1119. Repealed. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1122. Continuation in certain positions at the Louisana Department of Health. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; eatin elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions. \$ 124. Financial disclosure; eatin elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions. \$ 124. Financial disclosure; ethics administrator. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; ethics administrator. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; taltewide elected officials; certain public service. \$ 125. Financial disclosure; tertain elected officials, woting districts of under five thousand. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; tertain elected officials, woting districts of under five thousand. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; tertain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of	8	1111.	Payment from nonpublic sources.	5
emergencies; limitations; requirements; annual reports. § 1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity. § 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. § 1113. Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. § 1114. Financial disclosure. § 1114. Repealed. § 1114. Repealed. § 1114. Rinancial disclosure; retirement systems. § 1114. Rinancial disclosure; retirement systems. § 1115. Gifts. § 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. § 1116. Abuse of office. § 1117. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. § 1118. Repealed. § 1119. Admission to events; lodging; travel. § 1117. Illegal payments. § 1117. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. § 1118. Sudies or position papers on public policy. § 1119. Nepotism. 22 § 1110. Repealed. § 1120. Recusal from voting. § 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Repealed. \$ 1120. Repealed. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. Certain appointed members of boards and commissions. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1122. Continuation in certain persons after termination of public service. \$ 1123. Exceptions. § 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain boards and commissions. 4 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain boards and commissions. 4 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain boards and commissions. 5 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; ortain public servants. 4 1124. Financial disclos				
\$ 1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity. \$ 1112. Service on a civil service commission; recusal. \$ 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. \$ 1113.1. Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. \$ 1114. Financial disclosure. \$ 1114.1. Repealed. \$ 1114.2. Financial disclosure; retirement systems. \$ 1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 200. Significant of the central parameters of the presence of the central present systems. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. \$ 2115. Admission to events; lodging; travel. \$ 1116. Abuse of office. \$ 2116. Abuse of office. \$ 2117. Illegal payments. \$ 222. Significant of the central present systems of the present systems. \$ 223. Significant of the central present systems of the present systems. \$ 224. Significant systems of the central present systems. \$ 225. Significant systems of the central present systems. \$ 226. Significant systems of the central present systems of the central present systems. \$ 227. Significant systems of the central present systems. \$ 228. Significant systems of the central present systems of the central present systems. \$ 229. Significant systems of the central present systems of the central present systems. \$ 240. Significant systems of the central present safter termination of public service. \$ 240. Significant systems of the central present safter termination of public service. \$ 240. Significant systems of the central present safter termination of public service. \$ 240. Significant systems of the central present safter termination of public service. \$ 240. Significant systems of the central present safter termination of public service. \$ 240. Significant systems of the central present safter termination of public service. \$ 240. Significant systems of the central present safter termination of public service. \$ 24	3			۶
§ 1112.1 Service on a civil service commission; recusal. 5 § 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports. 5 § 1113.1. Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. 15 § 1114. Financial disclosure. 16 § 1114.1. Repealed. 16 § 1114.2. Financial disclosure; retirement systems. 16 § 1115.1. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. 17 § 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 20 § 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 20 § 1116.1. Abmission to events; lodging; travel. 21 § 1116.1. Repealed. 22 § 1116.1. Repealed. 22 § 1117. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 § 1119. Nepotism. 23 § 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 § 1120. Recusal from voting. 26	8	1112.		
\$ 1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports	8			
s 1113.1. Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences. 15 s 1114.1 Financial disclosure. 15 s 1114.1. Repealed. 16 s 1114.2 Financial disclosure; retirement systems. 16 s 1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. 17 s 1115. Gifts. 26 s 1115.1 Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 26 s 1115.2 Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21 s 1116. Abuse of office. 22 s 1116.1 Repealed. 22 s 1117.1 Illegal payments. 22 s 1117.1 Subterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 s 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 s 1118.1 Studies or position papers on public policy. 23 s 1119. Nepotism. 23 s 1120.1 Repealed. 26 s 1120.1 Repealed. 26 s 1120.2 Recusal from voting. 26 s 1120.1 Repealed. 26 s 1120.2 Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 s 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 s 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 s 1123.1 Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 25 s 1123.1 Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 35 s 1124.1 Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 s 1124.2 Financial disclosure; estatewide elected officials; certain public servants. 44 s 1124.1 Financial disclosure; estatewide elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 45 s 1124.2 Financial disclosure; estatemide elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 45 s 1124.5 Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 s 1124.6 Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 s 1124.6 Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 s 1124.6 Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 s 1124.6 Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52	8			
conversion and prohibited preferences. 12 § 1114. Financial disclosure. 15 § 1114.1. Repealed. 16 § 1114.2. Financial disclosure; retirement systems. 16 § 1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. 17 § 1115. Giffs. 26 § 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 26 § 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21 § 1116. Abuse of office. 22 § 1116.1. Repealed. 22 § 1117. Illegal payments. 22 § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 § 1119. Nepotism. 22 § 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 § 1120.1. Repealed. 26 § 1120.2. 27 1120.3. Repealed. 26 § 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 § 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 § 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 § 1123. Exceptions. 26 § 1123. Exceptions. 26 § 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants 44 § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; certain public servants 44 § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; certain public servants 44 § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; chics administrator. 44 § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; chics administrator. 44 § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; chics administrator. 44 § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, worting districts of under five thousand. 45 § 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, worting districts of under five thousand. 46 § 1124. Penalties. 56 § 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 57 § 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 57 § 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 57 § 1124	8			
§ 1114. Financial disclosure. 12 § 1114.1. Repealed. 16 § 1114.2. Financial disclosure; retirement systems. 16 § 1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. 17 § 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 26 § 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21 § 1116. Abuse of office. 22 § 1117. Illegal payments. 22 § 1117. Illegal payments. 22 § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 § 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 § 1118. Studies or position papers on public policy. 22 § 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 § 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 § 1120.1. Repealed. 26 § 1120.2. Repealed. 26 § 1120.3. Repealed. 26 § 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26	8	1115.11		1 4
\$ 1114.1. Repealed. \$ 1114.2. Financial disclosure; retirement systems. \$ 1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. \$ 1115. Gifts. \$ 1115. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 20 \$ 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 21 \$ 1116. Abuse of office. 22 \$ 1116.1. Repealed. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1118. Studies or position papers on public policy. 24 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 25 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 27 \$ 120.2. \$ 120.3. Repealed. 28 \$ 120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 29 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 21 \$ 1121. Sexeption; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District 28 \$ 1123. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District 29 \$ 1124. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 40 \$ 1124. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 42 \$ 1124. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 43 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124. Penalties; reception generation elected officials, woting districts of under five thousand. 45 \$ 1124. Penalties. 46 \$ 1124. Penalties. 56 \$ 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 57 \$ 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 58 \$ 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 50 \$ 1124. Disclosure; Certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions.	8	1114	* *	
\$ 1114.2. Financial disclosure; retirement systems. 16 \$ 1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. 17 \$ 1115. Gifts. 20 \$ 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 20 \$ 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21 \$ 1116. Abuse of office. 22 \$ 1116. Repealed. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 23 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 28 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants. 28 \$ 1123. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 36 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain polic servants. 40 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 44 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124.1. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; woting districts of under five thousand 45 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure; Sertain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52				
\$ 1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure. 17.8 1115. Gifts. 20.6 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 20.8 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21.8 1116. Abuse of office. 22.8 1116. Repealed. 22.8 1117. Illegal payments. 22.8 1117. Illegal payments. 22.8 1117. Illegal payments. 22.8 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22.8 1118. Is sudies or position papers on public policy. 22.8 1119. Nepotism. 22.8 1119. Nepotism. 22.8 1120. Recusal from voting. 22.8 1120. Repealed. 26.8 1120.1. Repealed. 26.8 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26.8 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26.8 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27.8 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27.8 1123. Exceptions. 28.8 1123. Exceptions. 29.8 1123. Exceptions. 29.8 1123. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 36.8 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; retain public servants 40.8 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44.8 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44.8 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 45.8 1124. Penalties. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 46.8 1124. Pinancial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 47.8 1124. Pinancial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 47.8 1124. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52.			1	
\$ 1115. Gifts. 20 \$ 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 20 \$ 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21 \$ 1116. Abuse of office. 22 \$ 1116.1. Repealed. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Isubterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 22 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2. 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121. I. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 26 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 26 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 26 \$ 1124. Exceptions operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 36 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 44 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions. 47 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 47 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 48 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 49 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of unde				
\$ 1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment. 26 \$ 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21 \$ 1116. Abuse of office. 22 \$ 1116.1. Repealed. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 \$ 1118. Is Underson position papers on public policy. 23 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 22 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2. 120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants 36 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants 40 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; eretain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; eretain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; eretain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 45 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 45 \$ 1124. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	8			
\$ 1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel. 21 \$ 1116.1. Abuse of office. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 \$ 1118. Istudies or position papers on public policy. 22 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 22 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 25 \$ 1124. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 35 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants 40 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions, 41 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 45 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 51 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 51 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 61 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 61 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand 61 \$ 1124. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards 61 \$ 1124. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards 61 \$ 1124. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards 62	8			
\$ 1116. Abuse of office. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117. Isubterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1118. Isubterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 22 \$ 1110. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 26 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants. 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1123. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 36 \$ 1123. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 36 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 40 \$ 1124.1. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 45 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 45 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	8			
\$ 1116.1. Repealed. 22 \$ 1117. Illegal payments. 22 \$ 1117.1. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1118.1. Studies or position papers on public policy. 23 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 23 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public service. 26 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 25 \$ 1123. Exceptions, operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 35 \$ 1123.2. Exception, certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 36 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 \$ 1124.1. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants 40 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 40 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 45 \$ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 45 \$ 1124.4. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	8		, 6 6,	
\$ 1117.1. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1118.1. Studies or position papers on public policy. 22 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 23 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 39 \$ 1123.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 39 \$ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; certain public servants accommissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 49 \$ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions. 47 \$ 1124.4. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	8			
\$ 1117.1. Subterfuge to avoid compliance. 22 \$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. 23 \$ 1118.1. Studies or position papers on public policy. 22 \$ 1119. Nepotism. 23 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 39 \$ 1123.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 39 \$ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; certain public servants accommissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 49 \$ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions. 47 \$ 1124.4. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	8		•	
\$ 1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority. \$ 1118.1. Studies or position papers on public policy. \$ 1119. Nepotism	8			
\$ 1118.1. Studies or position papers on public policy. \$ 1119. Nepotism	8			
\$ 1119. Nepotism. 22 \$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$\$ 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 28 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants. 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 39 \$ 1123.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 39 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 \$ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 40 \$ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions. 47 \$ 1124.4. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure; statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	§			
\$ 1120. Recusal from voting. 26 \$ 1120.1. Repealed. 26 \$\$ 1120.2, 1120.3. Repealed. 26 \$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 28 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1123.1. Exceptions, operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 36 \$ 1124.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 36 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 \$ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 45 \$ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 46 \$ 1124.4. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	8			
\$ 1120.1. Repealed	8			
\$\ \text{1120.2}, \\ \text{1120.3}. \\ \text{Repealed.}. \\ \text{26} \\ \text{1120.4}. \\ \text{Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions.} \\ \text{26} \\ \text{1121.} \\ \text{Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service.} \\ \text{27} \\ \text{1121.1}. \\ \text{Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service.} \\ \text{28} \\ \text{1122.} \\ \text{Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants} \\ \text{28} \\ \text{1123.} \\ \text{Exceptions.} \\ \text{29} \\ \text{1123.1.} \\ \text{Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District} \\ \text{Number Two of Beauregard Parish.} \\ \text{39} \\ \text{1123.2.} \\ \text{Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health.} \\ \text{39} \\ \text{39} \\ \text{1124.1.} \\ \text{Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing.} \\ \text{40} \\ \text{51124.2.} \\ \text{Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator.} \\ \text{40} \\ \text{51124.2.} \\ \text{Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand.} \\ \text{41124.4.} \\ \text{Penalties.} \\ \text{50 Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator.} \\ \text{5124.5.} \\ \text{5124.6.} \\ \text{Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards} \\ \text{and commissions.} \\ \text{52} \\ \text{5124.6.} \\ \text{Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards} \\ \text{52} \end{52} \\ \text{52} \\ \text{52} \end{52} \\ \text{52} \\ \text{52} \end{52} \\ \text{52} \\	§			
1120.3. Repealed. 26 § 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 § 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 § 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 28 § 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants. 28 § 1123. Exceptions. 29 § 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District 39 Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 39 § 1123.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 39 § 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 § 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 § 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 § 1124.3. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions. 47 § 1124.4. Penalties. 50 § 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 § 1124.6. Disclosure statement			Repealed	26
\$ 1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions. 26 \$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 28 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions. 29 \$ 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 39 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 \$ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124.2.1. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions. 47 \$ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 49 \$ 1124.4. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	§ §			
\$ 1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 27 \$ 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 28 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants . 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions				
\$ 1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service. 28 \$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants 28 \$ 1123. Exceptions 29 \$ 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District	§			
\$ 1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants				
\$ 1123.1 Exceptions 29 \$ 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District	§			
\$ 1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish	§			
Number Two of Beauregard Parish. 39 § 1123.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 39 § 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 § 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 § 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 § 1124.2.1. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions. 47 § 1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 49 § 1124.4. Penalties. 50 § 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 § 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	§	1123.		29
\$ 1123.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health. 39 \$ 1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants. 40 \$ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing. 44 \$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator. 44 \$ 1124.2.1. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions. 47 \$ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 49 \$ 1124.4. Penalties. 50 \$ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 \$ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52	§	1123.1.		
Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants				
§ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing	§	1123.2.	Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health	39
\$ 1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing	§	1124.	Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants	4(
\$ 1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator		1124.1.	Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing	44
§ 1124.2.1.Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions.47§ 1124.3.Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand.49§ 1124.4.Penalties.50§ 1124.5.Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator.52§ 1124.6.Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions.52	§	1124.2.	Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and	
§ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand. 49 § 1124.4. Penalties. 50 § 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator. 52 § 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions. 52			commissions; ethics administrator	44
§ 1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand	§	1124.2.1.	Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions	47
\$ 1124.4. Penalties		1124.3.	Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand	49
§ 1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator	§	1124.4.		
§ 1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions	§	1124.5.		
and commissions	§			
	Ü			52
	§	1125.		

PART	ΓII-A. UNE	THICAL ELECTION PRACTICES	
§	1130.1.	Legislative findings and intent	54
§	1130.2.	Definitions	54
§	1130.3.	Enforcement; penalties	55
§	1130.4.	False statements by candidate	55
§	1130.5.	Push polling; false statement, question, or information	
§	1130.6.	Deceptive caller identification information; prohibition	
-	г III. ADMI	NISTRATION, PROCEDURE AND ENFORCEMENT	
		MINISTRATION	
§	1131.	Repealed	56
§	1132.	Board of Ethics.	
\$ §	1133.	Board of Ethics; quorum, recusal, compensation, officers	
\$ §	1134.	Powers, duties, and responsibilities of the board.	
\$ §	1135.	Enforcement of regulation, decision, or order of the board	
	BPART B. PRO		01
§	1141.	Complaints and investigations	61
\$ §	1141.1.	Repealed	
\$ §	1141.2.	Ethics Adjudicatory Board.	
§	1141.3.	Location of hearings.	
§	1141.4.	Notice and procedure.	
§	1141.5.	Adjudicatory hearings	
§ §	1141.6.	Declaratory opinions	
§ §	1141.0.	Appeals	
8 §	1142.	Procedure and rules of evidence.	
-		FORCEMENT AND PENALTIES	00
	1151.	Administrative enforcement	68
§ 8	1151.	Rescission of action of a governmental entity.	
§ s	1152.	Penalties	
§ s	1155.		
§		Civil penalties for illegal payments	
§	1155.	Penalties for illegal gain; forfeiture of gifts, payments	
§	1156.	Finding of possible criminal violation.	
§	1157.	Late filing fees.	
§	1157.1.	Timely filing of reports and statements due; presumption	
§	1157.2.	Repealed	
§	1157.3.	Outside counsel; contingency fee; enforcement and collection authority	72
		MPUTER DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	
§	1158.	Board of Ethics Computerized Data Management System; purpose; goals	
§	1159.	Access; Internet; restrictions	73
		ELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	
§	1161.	Preventive measures by agency heads	
§	1162.	Copy of ethics code to be furnished by the secretary of state	
§	1163.	Prescription	
§	1164.	Criminal laws not affected.	
§	1165.	Authority of school boards to administer tenure laws not affected	74
§	1166.	Violation of code by tenured public employee of a state public higher	
		education institution	74
§	1167.	Judges	75
§	1168.	Perjury; malfeasance in office	
§	1169.	Freedom from reprisal for disclosure of improper acts	75
8	1170.	Ethics education: mandatory requirements: ethics designee	

TITLE 42. PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

CHAPTER 15. CODE OF GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS

PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

§1101. Declaration of policy

- A. Whereas the people of the state of Louisiana have in Article X, Section 21 of the Louisiana Constitution mandated that the legislature enact a code of ethics for officials and employees of this state and its political subdivisions, the legislature does hereby enact a Code of Governmental Ethics.
- B. It is essential to the proper operation of democratic government that elected officials and public employees be independent and impartial; that governmental decisions and policy be made in the proper channel of the governmental structure; that public office and employment not be used for private gain other than the remuneration provided by law; and that there be public confidence in the integrity of government. The attainment of one or more of these ends is impaired when a conflict exists between the private interests of an elected official or a public employee and his duties as such. The public interest, therefore, requires that the law protect against such conflicts of interest and that it establish appropriate ethical standards with respect to the conduct of elected officials and public employees without creating unnecessary barriers to public service. It is the purpose of this Chapter to implement these policies and objectives.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1102. Definitions

Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following words and terms, when used in this Chapter, shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "Action of a governmental entity" means any action on the part of a governmental entity or agency thereof including, but not limited to:
- (a) Any decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order, including the judgment or verdict of a court or a quasi-judicial board, in which the governmental entity or any of its agencies has an interest, except in such matters involving criminal prosecutions.
- (b) Any grant, payment, award, license, contract, transaction, decision, sanction, or approval, or the denial thereof, or the failure to act with respect thereto; and in which the governmental entity or any of its agencies has an interest, except in matters involving criminal prosecutions.
- (c) As the term relates to a public servant of the state, any disposition of any matter by the legislature or any committee thereof; and as the term relates to a public servant of a political subdivision, any disposition of any matter by the governing authority or any committee thereof.
- (2)(a) "Agency" means a department, office, division, agency, commission, board, committee, or other organizational unit of a governmental entity. For purposes of this Chapter, "agency of the public servant" and "his agency" when used in reference to the agency of a public servant shall mean:
- (i) For public servants in the twenty principal departments of the executive branch of state government, the office in which such public servant carries out his primary responsibilities; except that in the case of the secretary, deputy secretary, or undersecretary of any such department and officials carrying out the responsibilities of such department officers it shall mean the department in which he serves; and except that in the case of public servants who are members or employees of a board or commission or who provide staff assistance to a board or commission, it shall mean the board or commission.
 - (ii) For the governor and lieutenant governor, it shall mean the executive branch of state government.

- (iii) For public servants in the office of the governor or the lieutenant governor it shall mean their respective offices.
- (iv) For public servants in the legislative branch of state government, it shall mean the agency or house of the legislature by which a public employee is employed and the legislative branch in the case of legislators.
- (v) For public employees, except judges, of the supreme court, courts of appeal, district courts, and other courts authorized by Article V of the Constitution of 1974, it shall mean the court in which the public employee serves and any other court in which decisions of that court may be reviewed.
- (vi) For public servants of political subdivisions, it shall mean the agency in which the public servant serves, except that for members of any governing authority and for the elected or appointed chief executive of a governmental entity, it shall mean the governmental entity. Public servants of political subdivisions shall include, but shall not be limited to, elected officials and public employees of municipalities, parishes, and other political subdivisions; sheriffs and their employees; district attorneys and their employees; coroners and their employees; and clerks of court and their employees.
 - (b) The board may adopt rules and regulations to provide for the application of this definition.
- (3) "Agency head" means the chief executive or administrative officer of an agency or any member of a board or commission who exercises supervision over the agency.
- (4) "Assist" means to act in such a way as to help, advise, furnish information to, or aid a person with the intent to assist such person.
 - (5) "Board" means the Board of Ethics.
 - (6) Repealed by Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §10, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.
- (7) "Compensation" means any thing of economic value which is paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred or to be paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred for or in consideration of personal services to any person.
- (8) "Controlling interest" means any ownership in any legal entity or beneficial interest in a trust, held by or on behalf of an individual or a member of his immediate family, either individually or collectively, which exceeds twenty-five percent of that legal entity.
- (9) "Elected official" means any person holding an office in a governmental entity which is filled by the vote of the appropriate electorate. It shall also include any person appointed to fill a vacancy in such offices.
 - (10) "Ethics body" means the Board of Ethics.
- (11) "Governing authority" means the body which exercises the legislative functions of a political subdivision.
- (12) "Governmental entity" means the state or any political subdivision which employs the public employee or employed the former public employee or to which the elected official is elected, as the case may be.
- (13) "Immediate family" as the term relates to a public servant means his children, the spouses of his children, his brothers and their spouses, his sisters and their spouses, his parents, his spouse, and the parents of his spouse.
- (14) "Legislator" means any person holding office in the Senate or the House of Representatives of the Louisiana Legislature which is filled by the vote of the appropriate electorate.
- (15) "Participate" means to take part in or to have or share responsibility for action of a governmental entity or a proceeding, personally, as a public servant of the governmental entity, through approval, disapproval, decision, recommendation, the rendering of advice, investigation, or the failure to act or perform a duty.

- (16) "Person" means an individual or legal entity other than a governmental entity, or an agency thereof.
- (17) "Political subdivision" means any unit of local government, including a special district, authorized by law to perform governmental functions.
 - (18)(a) "Public employee" means anyone, whether compensated or not, who is:
 - (i) An administrative officer or official of a governmental entity who is not filling an elective office.
- (ii) Appointed by any elected official when acting in an official capacity, and the appointment is to a post or position wherein the appointee is to serve the governmental entity or an agency thereof, either as a member of an agency, or as an employee thereof.
 - (iii) Engaged in the performance of a governmental function.
- (iv) Under the supervision or authority of an elected official or another employee of the governmental entity.
- (b) However, "public employee" shall not mean a person whose public service is limited to the following:
 - (i) Periodic duty in the National Guard pursuant to 32 U.S.C. 502.
 - (ii) A contract to provide attest services as a certified public accountant.
 - (iii) Volunteering as described in R.S. 29:735.3.1(A).
- (c) A public employee shall be in such status on days on which he performs no services as well as days on which he performs services. The termination of any particular term of employment of a public employee shall take effect on the day the termination is clearly evidenced.
 - (19) "Public servant" means a public employee or an elected official.
- (19.1) "Regulatory employee" means a public employee who performs the function of regulating, monitoring, or enforcing regulations of any agency.
- (20) "Responsibility" in connection with a transaction involving a governmental entity means the direct administration or operating authority, whether intermediate or final, and either exercisable alone or with others, and either personally or through or with others or subordinates, to effectively direct action of the governmental entity, as the case may be, in respect to such transaction.
- (20.1) "Service" means the performance of work, duties, or responsibilities, or the leasing, rental, or sale of movable or immovable property.
- (21) "Substantial economic interest" means an economic interest which is of greater benefit to the public servant or other person than to a general class or group of persons, except:
- (a) The interest that the public servant has in his position, office, rank, salary, per diem, or other matter arising solely from his public employment or office.
- (b) The interest that an elected official who is elected to a house, body, or authority has in a position or office of such house, body, or authority which is required to be filled by a member of such house, body, or authority by law, legislative rule, or home rule charter.
 - (c) The interest that a person has as a member of the general public.
- (22)(a) "Thing of economic value" means money or any other thing having economic value, except promotional items having no substantial resale value; pharmaceutical samples, medical devices, medical foods, and infant formulas in compliance with the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301 et seq., provided to a physician, health care professional, or appropriate public employee for the administration or dispensation to a patient at no cost to the patient; food, drink, or refreshments consumed by a public servant, including reasonable transportation and entertainment incidental thereto, while the personal guest of some

person, and, with reference to legislators and employees in the legislative branch of state government only, reasonable transportation when organized primarily for educational or informational purposes, including food and drink incidental thereto, and includes but is not limited to:

- (i) Any loan, except a bona fide loan made by a duly licensed lending institution at the normal rate of interest, any property interest, interest in a contract, merchandise, service, and any employment or other arrangement involving a right to compensation.
- (ii) Any option to obtain a thing of economic value, irrespective of the conditions to the exercise of such option.
- (iii) Any promise or undertaking for the present or future delivery or procurement of a thing of economic value.
- (b) In the case of an option, promise, or undertaking, the time of receipt of the thing of economic value shall be deemed to be, respectively, the time the right to the option becomes fixed, regardless of the conditions to its exercise, and the time when the promise or undertaking is made, regardless of the conditions to its performance.
- (c) Things of economic value shall not include salary and related benefits of the public employee due to his public employment or salary and other emoluments of the office held by the elected official. Salary and related benefits of public employees of higher education institutions, boards, or systems shall include any supplementary compensation, use of property, or other benefits provided to such employees from funds or property accruing to the benefit of the institution, board, or system, as approved by the appropriate policy or management board, from an alumni organization recognized by the management board of a college or university within the state or from a foundation organized by the alumni or other supportive individuals of a college or university within the state the charter of which specifically provides that the purpose of the foundation is to aid said college or university in a philanthropic manner.
- (d)(i) With reference to legislators and employees in the legislative branch of state government only, and for purposes of this Section, "reasonable transportation", when organized primarily for educational or for informational purposes, including on-site inspections, shall include transportation to any point within the boundaries of this state, including the territorial waters thereof, and to any offshore structure located on the outer continental shelf seaward of such territorial waters and offshore of Louisiana. With reference to employees in the legislative branch of state government, such transportation shall only be for official legislative purposes and shall have prior approval from the presiding officer of the respective house wherein such legislative employee is employed.
- (ii) With references to legislators only, "reasonable transportation", when organized primarily for entertainment purposes incidental to food, drink, or refreshments, shall include transportation to any point within this state that is within a fifty-mile radius of the perimeter of the legislator's district, or within a fifty-mile radius of the perimeter of the parish wherein the state capitol is located if the legislator is conducting official business in said parish.
- (23) "Transaction involving the governmental entity" means any proceeding, application, submission, request for a ruling or other determination, contract, claim, case, or other such particular matter which the public servant or former public servant of the governmental entity in question knows or should know:
 - (a) Is, or will be, the subject of action by the governmental entity.
 - (b) Is one to which the governmental entity is or will be a party.
- (c) Is one in which the governmental entity has a direct interest. A transaction involving the agency of a governmental entity shall have the same meaning with respect to the agency.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980. Amended by Acts 1980, No. 838, §1; Acts 1983, No. 403, §1; Acts 1985, No. 491, §1; Acts 1986, No. 359, §1; Acts 1988, No. 144, §1; Acts 1990, No. 687, §1, eff. July 20, 1990; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §\$6, 10, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1996, 1st Ex.

Sess., No. 163, §1; Acts 1999, No. 418, §1; Acts 1999, No. 851, §1; Acts 1999, No. 1204, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2000; Acts 2006, No. 408, §1; Acts 2006, No. 496, §1, eff. June 22, 2006; Acts 2006, No. 524, §1, eff. June 22, 2006; Acts 2008, No. 609, §1, eff. June 30, 2008; Acts 2013, No. 413, §1, eff. June 21, 2013; Acts 2018, No. 548, §4.

PART II. ETHICAL STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC SERVANTS

§1111. Payment from nonpublic sources

- A. Payments for services to the governmental entity.(1)(a) No public servant shall receive anything of economic value, other than compensation and benefits from the governmental entity to which he is duly entitled, for the performance of the duties and responsibilities of his office or position.
- (b) Any supplementary compensation or benefits provided to an employee of a public higher education institution, board, or system from funds or property accruing to the benefit of the institution, board, or system as approved by the appropriate policy or management board, through an alumni organization recognized by the management board of a college or university within the state or through a foundation organized by the alumni or other supportive individuals of a college or university within the state the charter of which specifically provides that the purpose of the foundation is to aid said college or university in a philanthropic manner shall be deemed for purposes of this Subsection as compensation and benefits from the government to which he is duly entitled.
- (c) Any supplementary compensation or benefits provided to the director of the Louisiana State Museum as approved by the board of directors of the Louisiana State Museum through the board or a foundation organized to support any particular museum under the jurisdiction of the Louisiana State Museum whose charter specifically provides that the purpose of the foundation is to aid the museum in a philanthropic manner shall be deemed for purposes of this Subsection as compensation and benefits from the government to which he is duly entitled.
- (2) Any supplementary compensation or benefits provided to the commissioner of higher education or to an employee of the Board of Regents from funds or property accruing to the benefit of the board as approved by appropriate policy through a foundation organized to support higher education, including the Board of Regents, the charter of which specifically provides that the purpose of the foundation is to aid higher education in a philanthropic manner shall be deemed for purposes of this Subsection as compensation and benefits from the government to which he is duly entitled.
- (3) Any supplementary compensation or benefits provided to a member of the faculty, administration, or staff of the New Orleans Center for Creative Arts from funds or property accruing to the benefit of the center pursuant to the approval of the board of directors for use as provided in R.S. 17:1970.27 through a foundation organized to support the center which is chartered specifically to provide aid to the center in a philanthropic manner shall be deemed for purposes of this Subsection as a supplement to his compensation to which he is duly entitled. Such a supplement shall not, however, be considered as regular compensation from his governmental employer nor shall it form any basis for governmentally supported benefits.
- (4) Up to five thousand dollars per year to be credited against qualified student loan debt that is provided to a former law student who is an attorney and a public employee through a bona fide Loan Repayment Assistance Program established as a qualified program under the federal Internal Revenue Code and administered by any law school using funds or property accruing to the benefit of the law school or from a foundation which is organized specifically to aid and support the programs of the law school and the charter of which specifically provides that the purpose of the foundation is to aid the law school in a philanthropic manner shall be deemed for purposes of this Subsection as a supplement to his compensation to which he is duly entitled. However, such a supplement shall not be considered regular compensation from the governmental entity which employs him, nor shall it be the basis for governmentally supported benefits.

- (5) Any compensation paid to any public school teacher or administrator, including kindergarten through the twelfth grade and postsecondary education instructional faculty and administrators, for proctoring and assisting a bona fide non-profit testing organization in the administration of standardized tests either for student evaluation or for use in admission to college or other educational programs shall be deemed for purposes of this Part as compensation from his governmental entity to which he is duly entitled. Such compensation shall not, however, be considered as regular compensation from his governmental entity nor shall it form any basis for governmentally supported benefits. Moreover, such services shall be deemed for purposes of this Part to be performed for the benefit of his governmental entity, although the time spent in such matters shall not be deemed as hours worked for his governmental entity.
- (6) Any award or stipend provided to any public school teacher or administrator for his participation in the National Math and Science Initiative, shall be deemed for purposes of this Part as compensation from his governmental entity to which he is duly entitled. Such an award or stipend shall not be considered regular compensation from his governmental entity nor shall it form any basis for governmentally supported benefits. For the purposes of this Part, the services for which the award or stipend is received shall be deemed to be performed for the benefit of the public school teacher's or administrator's governmental entity.
- B. Finder's fees. No public servant shall receive any thing of economic value from a person to whom the public servant has directed business of the governmental entity.
- C. Payments for nonpublic service. (1) No public servant shall receive any thing of economic value for any service, the subject matter of which:
- (a) Is devoted substantially to the responsibilities, programs, or operations of the agency of the public servant and in which the public servant has participated; or
- (b) Draws substantially upon official data or ideas which have not become part of the body of public information.
- (2) No public servant and no legal entity in which the public servant exercises control or owns an interest in excess of twenty-five percent, shall receive any thing of economic value for or in consideration of services rendered, or to be rendered, to or for any person during his public service unless such services are:
 - (a) Bona fide and actually performed by the public servant or by the entity;
 - (b) Not within the course of his official duties;
- (c) Not prohibited by R.S. 42:1112 or by applicable laws or regulations governing nonpublic employment for such public servant; and
- (d) Neither performed for nor compensated by any person from whom such public servant would be prohibited by R.S. 42:1115(A)(1) or (B) from receiving a gift.
- (3)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, and specifically the provisions of this Section, an employee of the office of the clerk of court may research public records, prepare chains of title, or perform any other title abstract related work, for compensation from nonpublic sources, with the approval of the clerk of court, provided such services are not performed during the employee's assigned working hours and do not interfere with the performance of his assigned duties.
- (b) No clerk of court shall receive any compensation or any portion of compensation received by any employee from nonpublic sources for the performance of any services related to the preparation of chains of title or any other title abstract related work approved by the clerk of court to be done by an employee during his nonworking hours.
- (c) A willful violation of this Paragraph shall subject the clerk of court to a conviction of a misdemeanor and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand dollars.

- (d) The clerk of court of each parish in conjunction with the parish governing authority shall promulgate rules and regulations for the use of its facilities, records, and equipment by all abstractors, including deputy clerks, regarding availability, costs, and procedures.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraph (2)(d) of this Subsection, an elected official shall not be prohibited for a period of not more than ninety days following the first day of his initial term of office from receiving compensation from a person from whom he would be prohibited by R.S. 42:1115(A)(1) from receiving a gift for the completion while in office of any contract or subcontract which was entered into prior to his initial election to office, provided that such contract or subcontract is written and includes established terms for compensation and completion and that such contract or subcontract shall not be renewed after his initial election. Within thirty days of taking office, the elected official shall file a written notice of such contract or subcontract with his governmental entity and the Board of Ethics, setting forth the nature of the contract or subcontract, the established completion date, and the established compensation therefor.
- D. Payments for future services. No public servant shall receive, directly or indirectly, any thing of economic value during the term of his public service in consideration of personal services to be rendered to or for any person subsequent to the term of such public service; however, a public servant may enter into a contract for prospective employment during the term of his public service unless otherwise prohibited by R.S. 42:1116.
- E. Payments for rendering assistance to certain persons. (1) No public servant, and no legal entity of which such public servant is an officer, director, trustee, partner, or employee, or in which such public servant has a substantial economic interest, shall receive or agree to receive any thing of economic value for assisting a person in a transaction, or in an appearance in connection with a transaction, with the agency of such public servant.

NOTE: Paragraph (E)(2) eff. until Jan. 1, 2019. See Acts 2018, No. 183, §1.

- (2)(a) No elected official of a governmental entity shall receive or agree to receive any thing of economic value for assisting a person in a transaction or in an appearance in connection with a transaction with the governmental entity or its officials or agencies, unless he files a sworn written statement with the board prior to or within ten days after initial assistance is rendered.
- (b) For purposes of this Paragraph, "transaction" shall not include a ministerial transaction. "Ministerial transaction" means a transaction that involves routine, administrative communications intended to obtain service, information, or assistance from a public employee whose duties are established in plain and unmistakable terms by law, rule, or regulation.
- (c) The contents of the sworn written statement required by this Paragraph shall be prescribed by the board, and such statement shall be a public record.
- (d) The board shall review all sworn statements filed in accordance with this Paragraph. If the board determines that any such sworn statement is deficient or may suggest a possible violation of this Part, it shall, within ten days of the receipt of such statement, notify the elected official filing the statement of its findings. Such notification shall be deemed confidential and privileged and shall be made public only in connection with a public hearing by the board for an alleged violation of this Part where such would be relevant to the alleged violation for which the elected official is being investigated.

NOTE: Paragraph (E)(2) as amended by Acts 2018, No. 183, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2019.

- (2)(a) No elected official of a governmental entity shall receive or agree to receive any thing of economic value for assisting a person in a transaction or in an appearance in connection with a transaction with the governmental entity or its officials or agencies, unless he files a written statement with the board prior to or within ten days after initial assistance is rendered.
- (b) For purposes of this Paragraph, "transaction" shall not include a ministerial transaction. "Ministerial transaction" means a transaction that involves routine, administrative communications intended

to obtain service, information, or assistance from a public employee whose duties are established in plain and unmistakable terms by law, rule, or regulation.

- (c) The contents of the written statement required by this Paragraph shall be prescribed by the board and shall include a certification by the elected official filing it that the information contained in the statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief. The statement shall be a public record.
- (d) The board shall review all statements filed in accordance with this Paragraph. If the board determines that a statement is deficient or may suggest a possible violation of this Part, it shall, within ten days of the receipt of such statement, notify the elected official filing the statement of its findings. Such notification shall be deemed confidential and privileged and shall be made public only in connection with a public hearing by the board for an alleged violation of this Part where such would be relevant to the alleged violation for which the elected official is being investigated.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1983, No. 403, §1; Acts 1983, No. 697, §1; Acts 1986, No. 359, §1; Acts 1992, No. 1123, §1; Acts 1995, No. 74, §1, eff. June 12, 1995; Acts 2004, No. 722, §1; Acts 2006, No. 517, §1, eff. June 22, 2006; Acts 2006, No. 773, §1, eff. June 30, 2006; Acts 2008, No. 245, §1; Acts 2008, No. 690, §1; Acts 2010, No. 525, §4, eff. June 24, 2010; Acts 2014, No. 227, §1, eff. May 28, 2014; Acts 2015, No. 263, §2, eff. Jan. 12, 2016; Acts 2017, No. 388, §1, eff. June 23, 2017; Acts 2018, No. 183, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2019.

§1111.1. Charitable giving to public servants during gubernatorially declared disasters and emergencies; limitations; requirements; annual reports

- A. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Part, during the time period extending from the date of a gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency and ending on the date five years after the date the gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency was initially declared by the governor, a public servant may receive any thing of economic value as a contribution or donation from a not-for-profit organization or a fund within a not-for-profit organization for the purpose of disaster aid or relief to offset any economic losses suffered by the public servant as a result of the gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency, provided that the total value of contributions or donations received by the public servant related to the gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency from not-for-profit organizations or funds within not-for-profit organizations shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars.
- B. Each not-for-profit organization which disburses, either directly or through a fund, a contribution or donation to a public servant that, except for the provisions of Subsection A of this Section, would otherwise be prohibited by this Part shall utilize objective criteria in both evaluating the need for and the disbursement of contributions or donations to public servants to ensure that fair and equitable disbursements are made and that the disbursements are based upon demonstrated and documented needs directly related to the gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency.
- C. Not later than February fifteenth of each year following a year that a not-for-profit organization has given, either directly or through a fund, a contribution or donation to a public servant that, except for the provisions of Subsection A of this Section, would otherwise be prohibited by this Part, the not-for-profit organization shall file a report with the Board of Ethics containing the identification of the gubernatorially declared disaster associated with the contribution or donation, the objective criteria utilized as required by Subsection B of this Section, the name of each public servant to whom a contribution or donation was given, the name of the agency of each such public servant, the nature of the donation or contribution given to each such public servant.

Acts 2017, No. 30, §1, eff. June 3, 2017.

§1112. Participation in certain transactions involving the governmental entity

- A. No public servant, except as provided in R.S. 42:1120, shall participate in a transaction in which he has a personal substantial economic interest of which he may be reasonably expected to know involving the governmental entity.
- B. No public servant, except as provided in R.S. 42:1120, shall participate in a transaction involving the governmental entity in which, to his actual knowledge, any of the following persons has a substantial economic interest:
 - (1) Any member of his immediate family.
- (2) Any person in which he has a substantial economic interest of which he may reasonably be expected to know.
 - (3) Any person of which he is an officer, director, trustee, partner, or employee.
 - (4) Any person with whom he is negotiating or has an arrangement concerning prospective employment.
- (5) Any person who is a party to an existing contract with such public servant, or with any legal entity in which the public servant exercises control or owns an interest in excess of twenty-five percent, or who owes any thing of economic value to such public servant, or to any legal entity in which the public servant exercises control or owns an interest in excess of twenty-five percent, and who by reason thereof is in a position to affect directly the economic interests of such public servant.
- C. Every public employee, excluding an appointed member of any board or commission, shall disqualify himself from participating in a transaction involving the governmental entity when a violation of this Part would result. The procedures for such disqualification shall be established by regulations issued pursuant to R.S. 42:1134(A)(1).
- D. No appointed member of any board or commission, except as otherwise provided in R.S. 42:1120.4, shall participate or be interested in any transaction involving the agency when a violation of this Part would result

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1983, No. 697, §1; Acts 1985, No. 426, §2; Acts 1987, No. 370, §1; Acts 2006, No. 798, §1, eff. June 30, 2006; Acts 2008, No. 685, §1; Acts 2018, No. 534, §2.

§1112.1. Service on a civil service commission; recusal

Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 42:1111(C)(2)(d), a licensed attorney who serves as a member of a civil service commission and any legal entity in which he exercises control or owns an interest may receive a thing of economic value for or in consideration of legal services rendered or to be rendered to a classified employee under the jurisdiction of the civil service commission if the legal services rendered or to be rendered do not involve a matter that is under the supervision or jurisdiction of the civil service commission. Such a civil service commission member shall recuse himself from participating in any matter before the civil service commission involving any classified employee to whom he or any legal entity in which he exercises control or owns an interest is rendering legal services.

Acts 2016, No. 518, §1.

§1113. Prohibited contractual arrangements; exceptions; reports

A.(1)(a) No public servant, excluding any legislator and any appointed member of any board or commission and any member of a governing authority of a parish with a population of ten thousand or less, or member of such a public servant's immediate family, or legal entity in which he has a controlling interest shall bid on or enter into any contract, subcontract, or other transaction that is under the supervision or jurisdiction of the agency of such public servant.

- (b) This Paragraph does not prohibit a municipal or parish governing authority from appointing one of its members:
- (i) To fill a vacancy in accordance with the Louisiana Election Code. No person so appointed, except as provided in R.S. 42:1121(G), shall be eligible to or shall qualify in the next election as a candidate for the office to which he is appointed.
- (ii) To a board or commission for which the governing authority is the appropriate appointing authority and the appointee receives no salary or per diem for service on the board or commission, or if a member of the governing authority is required to be appointed to the board or commission by the home rule charter, ordinance, or resolution which created or established the board or commission.
- (2) No head of a department listed in R.S. 36:4(A) who is appointed by the governor or lieutenant governor shall bid on or enter into any contract, subcontract, or other transaction that is under the supervision or jurisdiction of any agency to which funds have been transferred from the agency of such department head, but such prohibition shall apply only to any contract, subcontract, or transaction related to such funds.
- B. Other than a legislator, no appointed member of any board or commission, member of his immediate family, or legal entity in which he has a substantial economic interest shall bid on or enter into or be in any way interested in any contract, subcontract, or other transaction which is under the supervision or jurisdiction of the agency of such appointed member.
- C. No legislator, member of his immediate family, or legal entity in which he has a controlling interest shall bid on or enter into or be in any way interested in any contract, subcontract, or other transaction involving the legislator's agency.
- D.(1)(a)(i) No person identified in Item (ii) of this Subparagraph or the spouse of such person nor any legal entity of a person shall enter into any contract with state government.
- (ii) The provisions of this Subparagraph and other provisions which reference this Item shall apply to the following persons:
- (aa) A legislator and any person who has been certified by the secretary of state as elected to the legislature.
 - (bb) The governor and each person holding statewide elected office.
- (cc) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Economic Development.
- (dd) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism.
- (ee) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Environmental Quality.
- (ff) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Louisiana Department of Health.
- (gg) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Louisiana Workforce Commission.
- (hh) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Natural Resources.
- (ii) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections and any warden or assistant warden of a state penal institution.
- (jj) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Revenue.

- (kk) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Children and Family Services.
- (ll) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Transportation and Development.
- (mm) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries.
- (nn) The secretary, deputy secretary, undersecretary, and each assistant secretary, or the equivalent position of the Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - (oo) The executive secretary of the Public Service Commission.
 - (pp) The director of state civil service.
 - (qq) Each member of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education.
- (rr) The commissioner of higher education and the president of each public postsecondary education system.
 - (ss) Each member of the Board of Ethics and the ethics administrator.
 - (tt) The chief of staff to the governor.
 - (uu) The commissioner of the division of administration.
 - (vv) The executive counsel to the governor.
 - (ww) The legislative director for the governor.
 - (xx) The deputy chief of staff to the governor.
 - (yy) The director of policy for the governor.
- (zz) The assistant commissioner for management and finance, the deputy commissioner, the confidential assistant, and each assistant commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Forestry.
- (aaa) The superintendent of education, the deputy superintendent of education, the deputy superintendent for management and finance, and each assistant superintendent of the Department of Education.
- (bbb) The chief deputy commissioner, each deputy commissioner, the assistant commissioner, and the executive counsel of the Department of Insurance.
 - (ccc) The first assistant attorney general of the Department of Justice.
- (ddd) The deputy secretary of the Department of State, the deputy secretary for the office of the Uniform Commercial Code, and the deputy secretary for the office of GeauxBiz or his successor.
 - (eee) Each deputy state treasurer and each assistant state treasurer of the Department of the Treasury.
- (iii) For purposes of this Subsection, "legal entity of a person" means any corporation, partnership, or other legal entity in which a person identified in Item (ii) of this Subparagraph or the spouse of such person owns an interest of greater than five percent, except a publicly traded corporation or a legal entity in which the person owns a passive ownership interest that is the result of participation in a federally approved program of employee ownership.
- (iv) For purposes of this Subsection, "legal entity of a family member" means any corporation, partnership, or other legal entity in which an immediate family member of a person identified in Item (ii) of this Subparagraph, except the spouse of such a person, owns an interest of greater than five percent, except a publicly traded corporation or a legal entity in which the immediate family member owns a passive ownership interest that is the result of participation in a federally approved program of employee ownership.

- (v) For purposes of this Subsection, "state government" means any branch, agency, department, or institution of state government or with the Louisiana Insurance Guaranty Association, the Louisiana Health Insurance Guaranty Association, or any other state quasi public entity created in law.
- (b)(i) No immediate family member, except the spouse, of a person identified in Item (a)(ii) of this Paragraph, nor any legal entity of a family member shall enter into any contract with state government unless the contract is awarded by competitive bidding after being advertised and awarded in accordance with Part II of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 or is competitively negotiated through a request for proposal process or any similar competitive selection process in accordance with Chapter 16 or 17 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950; however, this exception for competitively negotiated contracts shall not include contracts for consulting services.
- (ii) The provisions of this Subparagraph shall not prohibit a contract for professional services entered into with the attorney general which is based on criteria set forth by the office of risk management.
 - (c) The following shall not be considered a contract for purposes of this Subsection:
- (i) A foster parent provider agreement or a child care provider agreement entered into with the Department of Children and Family Services. In addition, such an agreement shall not be subject to R.S. 42:1111(E)(2)(a).
- (ii) An agreement with a state entity or state quasi-public entity for housing, medical treatment, retirement benefits, or insurance benefits provided on the same terms and conditions available to similarly situated persons.
- (iii) An agreement providing for public assistance benefits, including but not limited to subsidies for agriculture, aquaculture, forestry, soil and water conservation, educational scholarships, grants and subsidies, or guaranteed student loans, provided that such benefits are available to similarly situated persons.
 - (iv) An agreement for which the compensation is solely reimbursement of costs.
- (v) Applying for, payment of fees for, or obtaining a license, credential, or permit provided that such license, credential, or permit is available to similarly situated persons.
 - (vi) The payment of admission fees.
- (vii) The sale of property pursuant to the expropriation of immovable property by any branch, agency, department, or institution of state government.
- (viii) The donation of professional veterinary services and the donation of any goods and services related to the provision of such veterinary services.
- (ix) Any transaction valued at two thousand five hundred dollars or less. However, no person shall enter into separate transactions valued at two thousand five hundred dollars or less as a subterfuge to avoid the prohibition of this Subsection.
 - (2) The provisions of this Subsection shall not prohibit the following:
- (a) Contracts for employment in a professional educational capacity in or for professional services for an elementary or secondary school or other educational institution.
- (b) A provider agreement entered into with the Louisiana Department of Health under the state medical assistance program or the early steps program, a contract with an early steps program provider, or a provider contract entered into with any plan providing Medicaid services to Medicaid recipients.
- (c) Contracts of employment of a physician or other licensed health care professional with the state or the charity hospitals of the state or the Louisiana Department of Health.
- (d) Completion of any contract which, at the time it was entered into, was not prohibited by the provisions of this Subsection; however, no such contract shall be renewed except as specifically provided for in this Paragraph.

- (e)(i) Completion of any contract between a person identified in Item (1)(a)(ii) of this Subsection or his spouse or a legal entity of a person and state government, which contract was awarded by competitive bidding after being advertised and awarded in accordance with Part II of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, or competitively negotiated through a request for proposal process or any similar competitive selection process in accordance with Chapter 16 or 17 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 or which contract, other than a contract for consulting services, was not competitively negotiated through a request for proposal process or any similar competitive selection process in accordance with Chapter 16 or 17 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, and which contract was entered into prior to March 3, 2008; however, no such contract shall be renewed for a period extending beyond January 9, 2012.
- (ii) Completion of any contract between the immediate family member, except for a spouse, of a person identified in Item (1)(a)(ii) of this Subsection or a legal entity of a family member and state government, which contract was not awarded by competitive bidding after being advertised and awarded in accordance with Part II of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 or which contract, other than a contract for consulting services, was not competitively negotiated through a request for proposal process or any similar competitive selection process in accordance with Chapter 16 or 17 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, and which contract was entered into prior to March 3, 2008; however, no such contract shall be renewed for a period extending beyond January 9, 2012.
- (f) Contracts for employment or for services by any licensed health care professional providing services in the classroom or working with administration in an elementary or secondary school or other educational institution.
- (g) Contracts for services by health care professionals which are required by federal or state law to provide an educational program for students in an elementary or secondary school or other educational institution.
- (h) A contract for professional services entered into by a person selected pursuant to Part VII of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 with any agency or entity of state government with which such person had a contract for professional services pursuant to Part VII of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 at any time prior to March 3, 2008, or at any time prior to the initiation of the public service which made the person subject to the provisions of this Subsection; however, no contract for such professional services shall be entered into after January 8, 2012.
- (i) A health care provider contract by a physician or other licensed health care provider with the Office of Group Benefits to provide medical, surgical, and hospital services or medical equipment or pharmaceuticals at a reduced rate for members of the Office of Group Benefits Program as the sole reimbursement for such medical services, treatment, or health care.
- (3)(a) No person formerly serving in a position identified in Item (1)(a)(ii) of this Subsection nor his spouse nor any legal entity of a person shall, for a period of one year following the termination of the public service of such person enter into a contract that would have been prohibited by this Subsection prior to the termination of the public service of such person. The provisions of this Paragraph shall not prohibit the renewal of a contract that was not prohibited prior to March 3, 2008.
- (b) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to a person, to the spouse of a person, nor to a legal entity of a person if the public service of the person terminated prior to March 3, 2008. However, the provisions of this Paragraph shall apply to a person, to the spouse of a person, and to a legal entity of a person if the person served in an office or position identified in Item (1)(a)(ii) of this Subsection on or after March 3, 2008.
- (4)(a) Each person identified in Item (1)(a)(ii) of this Subsection shall file a report with the Board of Ethics, by May fifteenth of each year of his term of office or of his service in his position, identifying the

parties to and the value and term of each contract between him or his spouse or legal entity of a person and state government during the previous calendar year.

- (b) Each immediate family member, except a spouse, of a person identified in Item (1)(a)(ii) of this Subsection shall file a report with the Board of Ethics by May fifteenth of each year of the person's term of office or of the person's service in his position identifying the parties to and the value and term of each contract between the immediate family member or any legal entity of a family member and state government during the previous calendar year.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Paragraph, the first report due pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection shall be due by May 15, 2009, and shall include the information required by this Paragraph for the period between and including March 3, 2008, and December 31, 2008.
- (5) If any provision of this Subsection conflicts with any other provision of this Section, the more restrictive provision shall govern.
- (6) The provisions of R.S. 42:1113(D)(1)(a)(i), R.S. 42:1113(D)(1)(b), and other provisions which reference these provisions of law shall not apply to the spouses and immediate family members of the deputy secretaries, undersecretaries, assistant secretaries, or equivalent positions in the following agencies:
 - (a) Department of Economic Development.
 - (b) Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism.
 - (c) Department of Environmental Quality.
 - (d) Louisiana Department of Health.
 - (e) Louisiana Workforce Commission.
 - (f) Department of Natural Resources.
 - (g) Department of Public Safety and Corrections.
 - (h) Department of Revenue.
 - (i) Department of Children and Family Services.
 - (j) Department of Transportation and Development.
 - (k) Department of Wildlife and Fisheries.
 - (l) Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - (m) Department of Agriculture and Forestry.
 - (n) Department of Education.
 - (o) Department of Insurance.
 - (p) Department of Justice.
 - (q) Department of State.
 - (r) Department of Treasury.
 - E. Repealed by Acts 2008, No. 514, §3, June 30, 2008.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1984, No. 830, §1; Acts 1987, No. 730, §1; Acts 1995, No. 1156, §1; Acts 1997, No. 1279, §1, eff. July 15, 1997; Acts 1998, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 119, §1, eff. May 5, 1998; Acts 2003, No. 1002, §1, eff. July 2, 2003; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 2, §1, eff. March 3, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 514, §§1,3, eff. June 30, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 696, §1, eff. July 2, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 743, §7, eff. July 1, 2008; Acts 2009, No. 308, §1; Acts 2012, No. 689, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2008, No. 514, §5 for applicability of R.S. 42:1113(D) as amended.

§1113.1. Gubernatorially declared emergencies or disasters; prohibited personal use conversion and prohibited preferences

- A. During a gubernatorially declared emergency or disaster, no public servant shall convert property or resources of his governmental entity or property or resources which have been loaned to his governmental entity to or for his personal use.
- B. During a gubernatorially declared emergency or disaster, no public servant shall offer, loan, or donate the property or resources of his governmental entity or property or resources which have been loaned to his governmental entity to or for the use of members of his immediate family in a manner which is preferential to members of his immediate family over members of the general public.

Acts 2007, No. 141, §1.

§1114. Financial disclosure

- A. Other than a legislator, each public servant and each member of his immediate family who derives any thing of economic value, directly, through any transaction involving the agency of such public servant or who derives any thing of economic value of which he may be reasonably expected to know through a person which (1) is regulated by the agency of such public servant, or (2) has bid on or entered into or is in any way financially interested in any contract, subcontract, or any transaction under the supervision or jurisdiction of the agency of such public servant shall disclose the following:
 - (1) The amount of income or value of any thing of economic value derived;
 - (2) The nature of the business activity;
 - (3) Name and address, and relationship to the public servant, if applicable; and
 - (4) The name and business address of the legal entity, if applicable.
- B. Each legislator and each member of his immediate family who derives anything of economic value, directly, through any transaction involving the legislator's agency or who derives anything of economic value of which he may be reasonably expected to know through a person which has bid on or entered into or is in any way financially interested in any contract, subcontract, or any transaction involving the legislator's agency shall disclose the following:
 - (1) The amount of income or value of anything of economic value derived;
 - (2) The nature of the business activity;
 - (3) The name and address, and relationship to the legislator, if applicable; and
 - (4) The name and business address of the legal entity, if applicable.
- C.(1) Other than a legislator, each elected official, his spouse, and any business enterprise in which he has a substantial economic interest, who derives anything of economic value through a contract or other subcontract from the state or any political subdivision shall disclose the following:
 - (a) The nature of the business activity;
 - (b) The name and address, and relationship to the elected official, if applicable; and
 - (c) The name and business address of the political subdivision, if applicable.
- (2) For the purposes of this Subsection, a "business enterprise", shall be included in the disclosure statement only if the elected official and/or his spouse owns at least ten percent of such enterprise.
 - D. Repealed by Acts 1999, No. 2, §3, April 22, 1999.

E. The disclosure statements required in this Section shall be filed each year with the appropriate ethics body by May fifteenth and shall include such information for the previous calendar year. Such statements shall be a matter of public record.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1990, No. 1084, §1; Acts 1997, No. 1279, §1, eff. July 15, 1997; Acts 1999, No. 2, §3, eff. April 22, 1999; Acts 2014, No. 744, §2.

§1114.1. Repealed by Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 1, §3, eff. Jan. 1, 2009.

§1114.2. Financial disclosure; retirement systems

- A. Each person who has or is seeking to obtain contractual or other business or financial relationships with a state or statewide public retirement system shall file with the Board of Ethics, in the manner provided in this Section, a report of all expenditures for a retirement official or retirement officials.
 - B. A report shall be filed semiannually as follows:
 - (1) By August fifteenth for the period from January first through June thirtieth.
 - (2) By February fifteenth for the period from July first through December thirty-first.
- C. The report shall be filed on forms prescribed by the board, shall be signed by the person filing, and shall include a certification of accuracy by the person responsible for filing the report.
 - D. Each report shall include, in the manner prescribed by the Board of Ethics, the following:
- (1) The total of all expenditures per retirement system made during each reporting period, which shall include all expenditures for retirement officials associated with that system whether such expenditures are attributable to an individual retirement official or not.
- (2) The aggregate total of expenditures attributable to an individual retirement official as provided in Subsection E of this Section during each reporting period, including the name of the retirement official.
- (3) The aggregate total of expenditures per retirement system for all reporting periods during the same calendar year, which shall include all expenditures for retirement officials associated with that system whether such expenditures are attributable to an individual retirement official or not.
- (4) The aggregate total of all expenditures attributable to an individual retirement official as provided in Subsection E of this Section for all reporting periods during the same calendar year, including the name of the retirement official.
- E. When the aggregate expenditure for any one retirement official exceeds the sum of fifty dollars on any one occasion, or when the aggregate expenditure for any one retirement official exceeds the sum of two hundred fifty dollars in a reporting period, then the total amount of expenditures for the retirement official during the reporting period shall be attributable to the individual retirement official.
- (1) For the purposes of this Section "retirement official" shall mean a member of a board of trustees of a state or a statewide public retirement system, a public employee of such a system, or an employee of the Department of the Treasury whose function is to assist any such system or systems.
- (2) For the purposes of this Section "expenditure" shall mean a purchase, payment, donation, advance, deposit, or gift or payment of money or anything of economic value or the purchase, donation, or gift of promotional items, food, drink, or refreshment, transportation, and entertainment for a retirement official.
- F.(1) The chairman of the board of trustees of each state or statewide public retirement system shall provide notice to every person associated with his system whom such chairman knows or reasonably should know is required to file a report pursuant to this Section. The chairman shall forward a copy of each such notification to the Board of Ethics no later than fifteen days after the original notification was sent. The failure of a chairman to give notice as required by the provisions of this Subsection shall not relieve any person from the reporting requirements of this Section or any penalties as provided in this Section.

- (2) The contents of the notice required to be given pursuant to this Subsection shall be prescribed by the Board of Ethics.
- G.(1) Failure to file a report, failure to timely file a report, failure to disclose required information, or filing a false report shall subject a person required to file to penalties as provided by this Chapter.
- (2) Whoever fails to file a report required by this Section, or knowingly and willfully fails to timely file any such report, or knowingly and willfully fails to disclose or to accurately disclose any information required by this Section shall be assessed a civil penalty pursuant to R.S. 42:1157 for each day until such report or the required accurate information is filed. The amount of the penalty shall be one hundred dollars per day.
- H. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, if a person makes expenditures as defined in this Section of less than five hundred dollars in a calendar year, such person shall not be required to file a report pursuant to this Section.

Acts 2004, No. 868, §1, eff. January 1, 2005.

NOTE: See Acts 2004, No. 868, §2, relative to reporting.

§1114.3. Disaster or emergency contracts; prohibition; disclosure

- A.(1) No statewide elected official, legislator, commissioner of administration, or chief of staff or executive counsel to the governor, nor the spouse of any such person, nor any corporation, partnership, or other legal entity in which such a person owns an interest of greater than five percent, except a publicly traded corporation or a legal entity in which the person owns a passive ownership interest that is the result of participation in a federally approved program of employee ownership, shall enter into any contract to which all of the following apply:
- (a) The contract is directed to addressing needs directly emanating from a gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency.
- (b) The person knows or reasonably should know that the contract or subcontract is funded or reimbursed in whole or in part with federal funds distributed, paid, or allocated to or by the state or a state department, agency, or official.
- (2) Hereafter in this Subsection, "person covered by this Subsection" shall mean a statewide elected official, legislator, commissioner of administration, or chief of staff or executive counsel to the governor, or the spouse of any such person. "Company covered by this Subsection" shall mean a corporation, partnership, or other legal entity in which a person covered by this Subsection owns an interest of greater than five percent, except a publicly traded corporation or a legal entity in which the person owns a passive ownership interest that is the result of participation in a federally approved program of employee ownership.
- (3) The provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall not apply to construction-related contracts entered into with entities more than two years following the initial declaration of disaster or emergency, provided that the entity is not the governmental entity of a person covered by this Section.
 - (4)(a) The following shall not be considered contracts for the purposes of this Section:
- (i) A transaction valued at two thousand five hundred dollars or less. However, no person shall enter into separate transactions valued at two thousand five hundred dollars or less as a subterfuge to avoid the prohibition of this Subsection.
- (ii) A foster parent provider agreement or a child care provider agreement entered into with the Department of Children and Family Services.
- (iii) An agreement with a state entity or state quasi-public entity providing for housing, medical treatment, retirement benefits, or insurance benefits, provided on the same terms and conditions available to similarly situated persons.

- (iv) An agreement providing for public assistance benefits, including but not limited to subsidies for agriculture, aquaculture, forestry, soil and water conservation, educational scholarships, grants and subsidies, or guaranteed student loans, provided that such benefits are available to similarly situated persons.
 - (v) An agreement for which the compensation is solely reimbursement of costs.
- (vi) Applying for, payment of fees for, or obtaining a license, credential, or permit provided that such license, credential, or permit is available to similarly situated persons.
 - (vii) The payment of admission fees.
- (viii) The sale of property pursuant to the expropriation of immovable property by any branch, agency, department, or institution of state government.
- (ix) The donation of professional veterinary services and the donation of any goods and services related to the provision of such veterinary services.
 - (b) The provisions of this Subsection shall not prohibit the following:
- (i) Contracts for employment or for services in a professional educational capacity in an elementary or secondary school or other educational institution.
- (ii) Contracts for employment or for services by any licensed health care professional providing services in the classroom or working with administration in an elementary or secondary school or other educational institution.
- (iii) Contracts for services by health care professionals which are required by federal or state law to provide an educational program for students in an elementary or secondary school or other educational institution.
- (iv) A provider agreement entered into with the Department of Health and Hospitals under the state medical assistance program.
- (v) Contracts of employment of a physician or other licensed health care professional with the state or the charity hospitals of the state or the Department of Health and Hospitals.
- (5) Each person covered by this Subsection who derives, either directly or through a company covered by this Subsection, any thing of economic value through any contract which is directed to addressing needs directly emanating from a gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency and which the person covered by this Subsection knows or reasonably should know is or may be funded or reimbursed in whole or in part with federal funds shall disclose the information required by Subsection C of this Section as provided in that Subsection.
- B.(1) Except persons covered by Subsection A of this Section and except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, each elected official, each appointed state official, and each immediate family member of an official subject to this Subsection or Subsection A of this Section who derives, either directly or through a legal entity in which such official or immediate family member owns ten percent or more, any thing of economic value through any contract which is related to a gubernatorially declared disaster or emergency and which the official or immediate family member knows or reasonably should know is or may be funded or reimbursed in whole or in part with federal funds shall disclose the information required by Subsection C of this Section as provided in that Subsection.
- (2) No person required to disclose information by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be required to disclose the receipt of any thing of economic value pursuant to this Section when the value of the transaction or contract is two thousand five hundred dollars or less. However, no person shall enter into separate transactions or contracts valued at two thousand five hundred dollars or less with the same person or governmental entity or agency thereof as a subterfuge to avoid the disclosure requirements of this Section.
 - C.(1) The following information shall be disclosed:

- (a)(i) If an elected or appointed official, the name and address of the elected or appointed official and the office held by such person.
- (ii) If an immediate family member of an elected or appointed official, the name and address of such person; the name, address, and office of the elected or appointed official to whom the person is related; and the nature of the relationship.
- (b) If through a legal entity, the name and business address of the legal entity, the percentage of the official's or immediate family member's ownership interest in the legal entity, and the position, if any, held by the official or immediate family member in the legal entity.
- (c) The nature of the contract or subcontract, including the amount of the contract or subcontract and a description of the goods or services provided or to be provided pursuant to the contract or subcontract.
- (d) The amount of income or value of any thing of economic value derived through the contract or subcontract by the official or immediate family member for the previous calendar year, except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection.
- (2) Each elected or appointed official and immediate family member subject to the provisions of this Section shall file an initial disclosure statement with the Board of Ethics no later than thirty days after the official, immediate family member, or legal entity enters into the contract. The initial disclosure statement shall contain all of the information required by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, except that instead of the actual amount of income or value of any thing of economic value derived from the contract by the official or immediate family member shall include the amount of income or value of any thing of economic value to be derived or, if the actual amount is unknown at the time the statement is due, reasonably expected to be derived from the contract or subcontract for the first calendar year of the contract or subcontract.
- (3)(a) After filing the initial disclosure statement, the elected or appointed official or immediate family member shall file the disclosure statements required by this Subsection with the Board of Ethics no later than May fifteenth each year and shall include such information for the previous calendar year.
- (b) An elected or appointed official or immediate family member subject to the provisions of this Section shall be required to file the annual disclosure statements required by this Subsection until a disclosure statement is filed after the completion of the contract or subcontract subject to disclosure, or the person filing such statements, or to whom the immediate family member is related is no longer an elected or appointed official, whichever occurs first.
- (c) Annual disclosure statements shall not be required for the receipt of things of economic value pursuant to contracts entered into prior to an elected or appointed official taking office; however, if an elected or appointed official or immediate family member thereof receives or reasonably expects to receive a thing of economic value otherwise required to be disclosed by this Section pursuant to the renewal of such a contract or subcontract occurring after the official takes office, such official or immediate family member shall file a disclosure statement no later than thirty days after such renewal in accordance with Paragraph (2) of this Subsection and annually thereafter in accordance with this Subsection.
 - (d) All disclosure statements filed pursuant to this Section shall be a matter of public record.
- (4)(a) Failure to file a statement, failure to timely file a statement, failure to disclose required information, filing a false statement, or engaging in a subterfuge to avoid the disclosure requirements of this Section shall subject a person required to file to penalties as provided by this Chapter.
- (b) In addition to other applicable penalties, whoever fails to file a statement required by this Section, or knowingly and willfully fails to timely file any such statement, or knowingly and willfully fails to disclose or to accurately disclose any information required by this Section shall be assessed a civil penalty in accordance with R.S. 42:1157 for each day until such statement or the required accurate information is filed. The amount of the penalty shall be one hundred dollars per day.

- (c) In addition to other applicable penalties, whoever enters into separate contracts valued at two thousand five hundred dollars or less as a subterfuge to avoid the disclosure requirements of this Section shall be subject to the penalties of R.S. 42:1153.
- D. For the purposes of this Section, the term "appointed state official" or "appointed official" shall mean a person holding an office in any branch of state government or other position on a state agency, board, or commission or any executive office of any state agency, board, commission, or department which is specifically established or specifically authorized by the constitution or laws of this state or by executive order of the governor and which is filled by appointment or election by an elected or appointed public official or by a governmental body composed of such officials of this state.
- E. Nothing in this Section shall require the disclosure of any thing of economic value received from an individual assistance claim.

Acts 2005, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 18, §1, eff. Nov. 29, 2005; Acts 2006, No. 412, §1, eff. June 15, 2006; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 2, §1, eff. March 3, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 514, §1, eff. June 30, 2008.

NOTE: See Acts 2008, No. 514, §5, for applicability.

§1115. Gifts

- A. No public servant shall solicit or accept, directly or indirectly, any thing of economic value as a gift or gratuity from any person or from any officer, director, agent, or employee of such person, if such public servant knows or reasonably should know that such person:
- (1) Has or is seeking to obtain contractual or other business or financial relationships with the public servant's agency, or
- (2) Is seeking, for compensation, to influence the passage or defeat of legislation by the public servant's agency.
- B. No public employee shall solicit or accept, directly or indirectly, anything of economic value as a gift or gratuity from any person or from any officer, director, agent, or employee of such person, if such public employee knows or reasonably should know that such person:
 - (1) Conducts operations or activities which are regulated by the public employee's agency.
- (2) Has substantial economic interests which may be substantially affected by the performance or nonperformance of the public employee's official duty.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1983, No. 403, §1; Acts 1987, No. 730, §1.

§1115.1. Limitation on food, drink, and refreshment

- A. No person from whom a public servant is prohibited by R.S. 42:1111 or 1115(A) from receiving a thing of economic value shall give to such a public servant any food, drink, or refreshment the total value of which exceeds fifty dollars for a single event at which food, drink, or refreshment is given. The total value of the food, drink, or refreshment given to a public servant at any single event shall not exceed fifty dollars regardless of the number of persons subject to the provisions of this Subsection giving food, drink, or refreshment to the public servant at the single event.
- B. No person from whom a public employee is prohibited by R.S. 42:1111 or 1115(B) from receiving a thing of economic value shall give to such a public employee any food, drink, or refreshment the total value of which exceeds fifty dollars for a single event at which food, drink, or refreshment is given. The total value of the food, drink, or refreshment given to a public employee at any single event shall not exceed fifty dollars regardless of the number of persons subject to the provisions of this Subsection giving food, drink, or refreshment to the public employee at the single event.
- C. Beginning on July 1, 2009, and on July first of each year thereafter, when there has been an increase in the unadjusted Consumer Price Index (CPI-U)(Food and Beverage) as published by the United States

Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics in January each year, the limit of fifty dollars for food, drink or refreshments provided in Subsections A and B of this Section shall be increased by the same percentage as the percentage by which that price index is increased. The amount of the increase shall be rounded off to the nearest dollar. The food, drink, or refreshment limit shall be adjusted by the Board of Ethics according to the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U)(Food and Beverage) and adopted and promulgated as a rule or regulation by the board in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 42:1134(A).

- D. For purposes of this Section, at an event to which a group or organization of public servants is invited and at which food, drink, or refreshment is given, the value of the food, drink, or refreshment provided to a public servant shall be determined by dividing the total cost of the food, drink, and refreshment provided at the event by the total number of persons invited, whether formally or informally, and which is communicated in any manner or form, to the event.
 - E. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any of the following:
- (1) A gathering held in conjunction with a meeting related to a national or regional organization or a meeting of a statewide organization of governmental officials or employees provided that at least ten persons associated with the organization are invited to the gathering.
- (2) The participation of a public servant of a post-secondary education institution at an event held for the purpose of soliciting donations or contributions of private funds for the benefit of that public servant's agency.
 - F. For purposes of this Section, the following terms and phrases shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Event" means a single activity, occasion, reception, meal, or meeting at a given place and time.
- (2) "Gathering held in conjunction with a meeting related to a national or regional organization or a meeting of a statewide organization of governmental officials or employees" means but shall not be limited to any of the following:
- (a) An event held during the same time period and in the same general locale as a meeting of such an organization and to which some persons associated with the organization are invited.
- (b) An event that is part of the scheduled activities at a meeting of such an organization and that is open to persons attending the meeting.

Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 9, §1, eff. March 30, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 514, §1, eff. June 30, 2008; Acts 2009, No. 534, §2, eff. July 16, 2009.

NOTE: See Acts 2008, No. 514, §5, for applicability.

§1115.2. Admission to events; lodging; travel

- A. The provisions of R.S. 42:1111 or 1115 shall not preclude the acceptance by a public servant of complimentary admission, lodging, and reasonable transportation, or reimbursement for such expenses, if the agency head of the public servant's agency certifies each of the following:
- (1) The public servant's acceptance of complimentary admission, lodging, and reasonable transportation, or reimbursement for such expenses, is either of direct benefit to the agency or will enhance the knowledge or skill of the public servant as it relates to the performance of his public service.
- (2) The agency head approved the public servant's acceptance of complimentary admission, lodging, and reasonable transportation, or reimbursement for such expenses, prior to acceptance.
- B.(1) Any public servant who accepts complimentary admission, lodging, or transportation, or reimbursement for such expenses, shall file with the Board of Ethics, within sixty days after such acceptance, a certification, on a form designed by the board, disclosing all of the following:
- (a) The date and location of complimentary admission, lodging, or transportation and a brief description of its purpose.

- (b) The name of the person who gave, provided, paid for, or reimbursed in whole or in part the admission, lodging, or transportation.
- (c) The amount expended on his behalf or reimbursed by the person for admission, lodging, and transportation.
- (2) The certification required by this Subsection shall include the certifications of the agency head required by Subsection A of this Section.

Acts 2018, No. 200, §1.

§1116. Abuse of office

- A. No public servant shall use the authority of his office or position, directly or indirectly, in a manner intended to compel or coerce any person or other public servant to provide himself, any other public servant, or other person with any thing of economic value. This Subsection shall not be construed to limit that authority authorized by law, statute, ordinance, or legislative rule in carrying out official duties.
- B. No public servant shall use the authority of his office or position, directly or indirectly, in a manner intended to compel or coerce any person or other public servant to engage in political activity. For the purposes of this Subsection, "political activity" means an effort to support or oppose the election of a candidate for political office in an election. This Subsection shall not be construed to limit that authority authorized by law, statute, ordinance, or legislative rule in carrying out official duties.
- C. No regulatory employee shall participate in any way in the sale of goods or services to a person regulated by his public agency, or to any officer, director, agent, or employee of such person, if a member of the immediate family of the regulatory employee, or any business enterprise in which such regulatory employee or member of his immediate family owns at least twenty-five percent, receives or will receive a thing of economic value by virtue of the sale.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1997, No. 338, §1; Acts 1999, No. 418, §1.

§1116.1. *Repealed by Acts 2003, No. 1292, §1.*

NOTE: Statute requiring elected officials to submit to random drug testing violated search and seizure clause and therefore is unconstitutional; no special need which would justify departure from Fourth Amendment's requirement of individualized suspicion for search. O'Neill v. La., E.D. La. 1998, 61 F.Supp.2d 485, affirmed 197 F.3d 1169, cert. denied 120 S.Ct. 2740, 530 U.S. 1274, 147 L.Ed.2d 1005.

§1117. Illegal payments

No public servant or other person shall give, pay, loan, transfer, or deliver or offer to give, pay, loan, transfer, or deliver, directly or indirectly, to any public servant or other person any thing of economic value which such public servant or other person would be prohibited from receiving by any provision of this Part.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1117.1. Subterfuge to avoid compliance

- A. No public servant or other person shall transfer any thing of economic value or any asset, interest, or liability to any person or governmental entity for the purpose of circumventing any provision of this Chapter, unless such transfer is irrevocable. A transfer shall not be irrevocable if there exists any contract, letter, counter letter, trust, note, or any other legally enforceable agreement or authority which if exercised or enforced would require or authorize any asset, interest, or liability transferred by the public servant or other person to revert back to such public servant or other person.
- B.(1) The terms of a confidentiality agreement entered into between parties shall not be a transfer prohibited by this Section, provided that the confidentiality agreement is not entered into for purposes of circumventing the Code of Governmental Ethics.

- (2) The sale of property subject to owner financing shall not be a transfer prohibited by this Section.
- (3) A recorded bond for deed contract shall not be a transfer prohibited by this Section.

Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 15, §1, eff. March 7, 2008.

§1118. Influencing action by legislature or governing authority

No public servant shall solicit or receive any thing of economic value, directly or indirectly, for, or to be used by him or a member of his immediate family principally to aid in, (1) the accomplishment of the passage or defeat of any matter affecting his agency by the legislature, if his agency is a state agency, or by the governing authority, if his agency is an agency of a political subdivision, or (2) the influencing, directly or indirectly, of the passage or defeat of any matter affecting his agency by the legislature, if his agency is a state agency, or by the governing authority, if his agency is an agency of a political subdivision.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1118.1. Studies or position papers on public policy

A. If not otherwise prohibited by this Chapter, any public employee of the executive, judicial, or legislative branch of state government or any local governmental subdivision who contracts with a person or governmental entity to provide political position papers, economic studies, or policy statements relative to public policy concerning any rule, regulation, or legislation proposed, passed, or adopted by the state or any of its political subdivisions, or any entity receiving public funds, shall disclose the name and address of the person or governmental entity engaging his services, the amount of the contract, and the nature of the business or relationship.

B. The disclosure statements required by this Section shall be filed with the appropriate ethics body for public employees prior to the publication, dissemination, or public release of such paper, study, or statement.

Acts 1992, No. 927, §1; Acts 2010, No. 861, §18.

§1119. Nepotism

- A. No member of the immediate family of an agency head shall be employed in his agency.
- B.(1) No member of the immediate family of a member of a governing authority or the chief executive of a governmental entity shall be employed by the governmental entity.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection:
- (a)(i) Any local school board may employ any member of the immediate family of any board member or of the superintendent as a classroom teacher provided that such family member is certified to teach or is temporarily authorized to teach while pursuing certification. Any local school board in a parish having a population of fewer than sixty thousand according to the latest federal decennial census may employ any member of the immediate family of any board member or of the superintendent as a special education related services professional provided that such family member is licensed in an appropriate field for special education related services and such family member is the only applicant who meets the qualifications for the position set by the school board who has applied for the position after it has been advertised for at least thirty days in the official journal of the school board. A special education related services professional shall include the following when employed to provide special education services: a social worker, occupational therapist, physical therapist, speech therapist/pathologist, teacher of students who are deaf or hard of hearing, teacher of visually impaired students, or nurse. Any school board member or superintendent whose immediate family member is employed by the school board shall recuse himself from any decision involving the promotion or assignment of teaching or service location of such employee.
- (ii) Any local school board with a student enrollment population of four thousand nine hundred fifty or less may employ any member of the immediate family of any board member as a school electrician provided that such family member has at least twenty years of experience as an electrician. Any school board member

whose immediate family member is employed by the school board shall recuse himself from any decision involving the promotion or assignment of such electrician.

- (iii) In addition, within thirty days after the beginning of each school year, any school board member or superintendent whose immediate family member is employed by the school board shall file a disclosure statement with the Board of Ethics stating the facts of such employment. Any person who fails to timely file a disclosure statement under this Item may be assessed a late fee of fifty dollars per day, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars, subject to the provisions of R.S. 42:1157.
- (iv) Any local school board in a parish with a population of twenty-five thousand five hundred persons or less according to the most recent federal decennial census may employ any member of the immediate family of any board member or of the superintendent as a school guidance counselor provided that such family member is certified as a guidance counselor and that such family member is the only applicant who meets the qualifications for the position set by the school board who has applied for the position after it has been advertised for at least thirty days in the official journal of the parish and in all newspapers of general circulation in the parish. Any school board member or superintendent whose immediate family member is employed by the school board shall recuse himself from any decision involving the promotion or assignment of such employee.
- (v) An immediate family member of a member of a local school board or of a superintendent who is employed pursuant to Item (i) of this Subparagraph may be promoted to an administrative position by such school board provided that such family member has the appropriate qualifications and certifications for such position. A school board member whose immediate family member is to be promoted to an administrative position pursuant to this Item shall recuse himself from any action involving the promotion or assignment of job location of such employee, and a superintendent whose immediate family member is to be promoted to an administrative position shall disqualify himself from any action involving the promotion or assignment of job location of such employee. For purposes of this Item, the term "certifications" shall not include any temporary or provisional certification or certifications.
- (b)(i) Any hospital service district or hospital public trust authority located in such a district may enter into an initial recruiting contract with or employ as a health care provider, a licensed physician, a registered nurse, or an allied health professional who is a member of the immediate family of any district board, authority, or parish governing authority member or of the chief executive of the district or authority provided that such family member is the only qualified applicant who has applied for the position after it has been advertised for at least thirty days in the official journal of the parish and in all newspapers of general circulation in the parish where the hospital is located. The chief executive and any member of a board of a hospital service district or hospital public trust authority which enters into an initial recruiting contract with or employs such physician, registered nurse, or allied health professional shall recuse himself from any decision involving the promotion, discipline, discharge, or assignment of any such employee who is a member of his immediate family.
- (ii) Any hospital service district in a parish with a population of between four hundred thousand and four hundred forty thousand persons as of the most recent federal decennial census or hospital public trust authority located in such a district may enter into an initial recruiting contract with or employ as a health care provider, a licensed physician, a registered nurse, or an allied health professional who is a member of the immediate family of any district board, authority, or parish governing authority member or of the chief executive of the district or authority provided that such family member is a qualified applicant who has applied for the position after it has been advertised for at least thirty days in the official journal of the parish and in all newspapers of general circulation in the parish where the hospital is located. The chief executive and any member of a board of a hospital service district or hospital public trust authority which enters into an initial recruiting contract with or employs such physician, registered nurse, or allied health professional shall recuse himself from any decision involving the promotion, discipline, discharge, or assignment of any such employee who is a member of his immediate family.

- (iii) In addition, no later than January thirtieth of each year, any chief executive and any member of a board of a hospital service district or hospital public trust authority whose immediate family member enters into an initial recruiting contract with or is employed by the hospital service district or hospital public trust authority pursuant to this Subparagraph shall file a disclosure statement with the Board of Ethics stating the facts of such employment. Any person who fails to timely file a disclosure statement under this Item may be assessed a late fee of fifty dollars per day, not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars, subject to the provisions of R.S. 42:1157.
- C.(1) Any person serving in public employment on the effective date of this Section, whose employment is in violation of this Section, may continue in such employment and the provisions of this Section shall not be construed to hinder, alter, or in any way affect normal promotional advancements in public employment for such employee.
- (2) The provisions of this Section shall not prohibit the continued employment of any public employee nor shall it be construed to hinder, alter, or in any way affect normal promotional advancements for such public employee where a member of public employees' immediate family becomes the agency head of such public employee's agency, provided that such public employee has been employed in the agency for a period of at least one year prior to the member of the public employee's immediate family becoming the agency head.
- (3) The provisions of the Section shall not apply to pilots appointed by the governor pursuant to R.S. 34:943, 992, 1044, and 1072.
- (4) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the hiring of immediate family members of members of a governing authority of a municipality with less than two thousand population and which owns an electrical or gas distribution system. Any member of the governing authority which employs an immediate family member shall recuse himself from any decision involving the promotion, discipline, discharge, or assignment of work of his immediate family member. However, the provisions of this Paragraph shall only apply when, after proper advertisement, there is no other resident of the municipality who is qualified and has applied for the position of employment.
- (5) The provisions of this Section shall not be construed to prohibit the reemployment of a retiree whose employment was allowed under the provisions of this Section on the date of his retirement. Any such reemployment shall be in compliance with all other applicable laws.
- (6) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the employment of a volunteer firefighter or to any decision regarding the employment of a volunteer firefighter by an agency head, a chief executive of a governmental entity, or a member of a governing authority. For purposes of this Paragraph, "volunteer firefighter" shall mean a member of a volunteer fire department who participates in fire and rescue functions and who receives no remuneration for his services, and "decision regarding employment" shall include any decision involving the employment, promotion, discipline, discharge, or assignment of the firefighter.
- (7) The provisions of this Section and the provisions of R.S. 24:31.5 shall not prohibit the employment of any employee provided for in R.S. 24:31.5, nor shall it be construed to hinder, alter, or in any way affect normal promotional advancements for such employee, so long as the legislator who employs the employee remains a member of the legislature, provided the employee is employed as provided for in R.S. 24:31.5 in the legislator's agency by the same legislator at least one year prior to becoming a member of the immediate family of the legislator. In addition, notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 42:1112, the legislator may participate in transactions regarding such employment.
- D. A willful violation of this Section shall subject the agency head, member of the governing authority, the public employee having authority to hire and fire the employee, the immediate supervisor of the employee, whether or not such persons are immediate family members of the employee, and such employee, to disciplinary action and penalties provided by this Chapter.
- E. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the employment by a school board of an immediate family member of an athletic director of a school as a coach at such school.

- F. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the school board of a school system created after June 1, 2006, from employing an immediate family member of a school board member, provided that the immediate family member was previously employed in a similar capacity by a school board within the same parish for a period of at least one year prior to the creation of the new school system. Any school board member whose immediate family member is either being considered for employment or is employed by the school board shall recuse himself from any decision involving the hiring, promotion, or assignment of such employee. In addition, any such school board member shall be subject to the same disclosure requirements and penalties provided by Item (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this Section.
- G. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a district attorney from employing an immediate family member as an assistant district attorney provided that the immediate family member was continuously employed by the office of the district attorney for that judicial district for a period of at least nine months immediately prior to the district attorney taking the oath of office for his initial term as district attorney nor shall the provisions of this Section be construed to hinder, alter, or in any way affect normal promotional advancements for such assistant district attorney.
- H. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the continued employment of a cadet or graduate of the state police training academy in the classified state police service nor shall it be construed to hinder, alter, or in any way affect normal promotional advancements for such public employee in the classified state police service where a member of the public employee's immediate family becomes the agency head of such public employee's agency, provided that such public employee has been employed in the classified state police service for a period of at least four months prior to the member of the public employee's immediate family becoming the agency head.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980. Amended by Acts 1982, No. 640, §1; Acts 1992, No. 598, §1; Acts 1995, No. 196, §1, eff. June 14, 1995; Acts 1997, No. 329, §1; Acts 1997, No. 342, §1, eff. June 20, 1997; Acts 1999, No. 1349, §2, eff. July 12, 1999; Acts 2003, No. 913, §1, eff. July 1, 2003; Acts 2003, No. 914, §1, eff. July 1, 2003; Acts 2003, No. 990, §1, eff. July 2, 2003; Acts 2003, No. 997, §1, eff. July 2, 2003; Acts 2004, No. 914, §1, eff. July 12, 2004; Acts 2006, No. 833, §1, eff. July 5, 2006; Acts 2007, No. 150, §1, eff. June 25, 2007; Acts 2007, No. 225, §1; Acts 2008, Ist Ex. Sess., No. 6, §1, eff. April 26, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 514, §1, eff. June 30, 2008; Acts 2009, No. 452, §1, eff. July 9, 2009; Acts 2011, No. 167, §1, eff. June 24, 2011; Acts 2012, No. 699, §1, eff. June 11, 2012; Acts 2012, No. 811, §15, eff. July 1, 2012; Acts 2014, No. 863, §1, eff. June 23, 2014; Acts 2015, No. 449, §1; Acts 2017, No. 71, §1, eff. June 4, 2017; Acts 2017, No. 146, §9.

§1120. Recusal from voting

If any elected official, in the discharge of a duty or responsibility of his office or position, would be required to vote on a matter which vote would be a violation of R.S. 42:1112, he shall recuse himself from voting. An elected official who recuses himself from voting pursuant to this Section shall not be prohibited from participating in discussion and debate concerning the matter, provided that he makes the disclosure of his conflict or potential conflict a part of the record of his agency prior to his participation in the discussion or debate and prior to the vote that is the subject of discussion or debate.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1988, No. 880, §1; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 8, §1, eff. March 6, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 159, §1, eff. June 12, 2008.

§1120.1. *Repealed by Acts 2018, No. 534, §3.*

§§1120.2, 1120.3. *Repealed by Acts 2008, No. 685, §2* .

§1120.4. Recusal from voting; certain appointed members of boards and commissions

A. If any appointed member of a board or commission in the discharge of a duty or responsibility of his office or position, would be required to vote on a matter which vote would be a violation of R.S. 42:1112, he shall recuse himself from voting.

B. An appointed member of a board or commission who recuses himself from voting pursuant to this Section shall be prohibited from participating in discussion and debate concerning the matter.

Acts 2008, No. 685, §1; Acts 2018, No. 534, §2.

§1121. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service

- A.(1) No former agency head or elected official shall, for a period of two years following the termination of his public service as the head of such agency or as an elected public official serving in such agency, assist another person, for compensation, in a transaction, or in an appearance in connection with a transaction, involving that agency or render any service on a contractual basis to or for such agency.
- (2) No former member of a board or commission shall, for a period of two years following the termination of his public service on such board or commission, contract with, be employed in any capacity by, or be appointed to any position by that board or commission.
- B.(1) General rule for other public employees. No former public employee shall, for a period of two years following the termination of his public employment, assist another person, for compensation, in a transaction, or in an appearance in connection with a transaction in which such former public employee participated at any time during his public employment and involving the governmental entity by which he was formerly employed, or for a period of two years following termination of his public employment, render, any service which such former public employee had rendered to the agency during the term of his public employment on a contractual basis, regardless of the parties to the contract, to, for, or on behalf of the agency with which he was formerly employed.
- (2) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a former employee of the Louisiana School for the Deaf from rendering sign language and interpreting services on a contractual basis to or for the Louisiana School for the Deaf.
- C. No legal entity in which a former public servant is an officer, director, trustee, partner, or employee shall, for a period of two years following the termination of his public service, assist another person, for compensation, in a transaction, or in an appearance in connection with a transaction in which such public servant at any time participated during his public service and involving the agency by which he was formerly employed or in which he formerly held office.
- D. No former public servant shall share in any compensation received by another person for assistance which such former public servant is prohibited from rendering by this Section.
- E. Termination of public service. For the purposes of Subsections B and C of this Section, termination of public employment or service means the termination of employment with the agency which employed the public employee, or the termination of public service with the agency in which an elected official served, when he participated in the transaction.
- F.(1) Each officer and employee of the office of financial institutions, including the commissioner, shall be prohibited for a period of two years following the termination of his employment with the office of financial institutions from:
- (a) Assisting another person for compensation in a particular transaction or in an appearance in connection with a particular transaction for which the officer or employee had responsibility to effectively direct the action of the office of financial institutions at any time during his employment and which involves the office of financial institutions; or
- (b) Rendering on a contractual basis to or for the office of financial institutions any service which the officer or employee rendered to the office of financial institutions during his employment there.
- (2) However, the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall not apply to post-employment work done for or with a federally chartered agency regulating financial institutions or their holding companies.

- (3) A legal entity in which a former officer or employee of the office of financial institutions is an officer, director, trustee, partner, or employee shall be prohibited for a period of two years following the termination of his employment, from assisting another person for compensation in a particular transaction or in an appearance in connection with a particular transaction for which such officer or employee had responsibility to effectively direct the action of the office of financial institutions at any time during his employment and which involves the office of financial institutions. This restriction shall not apply to a legal entity which is a federally chartered agency regulating financial institutions or their holding companies. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of this Subsection, such a legal entity may continue to participate in particular transactions commenced prior to termination of the employment with the office of financial institutions of the former officer or employee.
- (4) No former officer or employee shall share in any compensation received by another person for assistance which such former officer or employee is prohibited from rendering by this Subsection.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, this Subsection shall be applicable to each officer and employee of the office of financial institutions and shall be the sole controlling provision on postemployment restrictions for such officers and employees.
- G. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a former member of a municipal governing authority from being appointed to fill a vacancy in the office of mayor regardless of the amount of time that has elapsed since the termination of the former member's service as a member of the municipal governing authority.
- H. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a licensed physician who is a former member of the governing authority of a hospital service district or any legal entity in which such licensed physician is an officer, director, trustee, partner, or employee from being employed by or from contracting with the hospital service district or any entity over which the governing authority of the hospital service district exercises supervision or jurisdiction to perform professional health care services directly related to his expertise as a licensed physician, from contracting with the hospital service district or any entity over which the governing authority of the hospital service district exercises supervision or jurisdiction for the purchase or lease of property related to the licensed physician's health care practice, or from contracting with the hospital service district or any entity over which the governing authority of the hospital service district exercises supervision or jurisdiction for the sale of the physician's practice.
 - I. Repealed by Acts 2015, No. 450, §2.
 - J. Repealed by Acts 2007, No. 74, §2, eff. August 1, 2009.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; H.C.R. No. 45, 1983 R.S.; H.C.R. No. 237, 1984 R.S.; Acts 1987, No. 893, §1; HCR No. 203, 1988 R.S., eff. July 8, 1988; Acts 1993, No. 445, §1; Acts 1997, No. 745, §1; Acts 1997, No. 944, §1; Acts 1997, No. 1059, §1; Acts 1999, No. 274, §1; Acts 2005, No. 140, §1, eff. June 28, 2005, §2, eff. Aug. 1, 2007; Acts 2006, No. 89, §1, eff. May 25, 2006, and §2, eff. Aug. 1, 2008; Acts 2006, No. 525, §1; Acts 2006, No. 607, §1; Acts 2007, No. 74, §1, eff. June 22, 2007; Acts 2007, No. 74, §2, eff. August 1, 2009; Acts 2012, No. 724, §1, eff. June 11, 2012; Acts 2015, No. 450, §1, eff. July 1, 2015; Acts 2015, No. 450, §2, eff. July 1, 2017.

§1121.1. Assistance to certain persons after termination of public service

Notwithstanding any provisions in Sections 1112, 1113, and 1121 of this Part to the contrary, any member or former member of a parish governing authority who prior to May 25, 2006, was serving as a parish manager may continue to serve as parish manager, provided that such member recuse himself from any vote regarding his employment as parish manager.

Acts 2006, No. 85, §2, eff. May 25, 2006.

§1122. Continuation in certain pension and other plans by public servants

A. Pension and benefit plans. A public servant may continue in a bona fide pension, insurance, or other benefit plan maintained by a former employer, provided that such former employer makes no contributions

in his behalf with respect to the period of his public service. However, a former employer may make contributions to a pension plan that is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code or to any pension, insurance, or other benefit plan, if such contributions are made on behalf of all former employees who continue in the plan.

B. Profit sharing or stock bonus plans. The rights acquired by a public servant under a bona fide profit sharing or stock bonus plan qualified under the Internal Revenue Code and maintained by a former employer may be retained by such public servant, provided the former employer makes no contributions on his behalf based upon profits derived during the period of his public service.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1123. Exceptions

This Part shall not preclude:

- (1) Participation in the affairs of charitable, religious, nonprofit educational, public service, or civic organizations, bona fide organized public volunteer fire departments when no compensation is received, or the activities of political parties not proscribed by law. Provided, however, that the Code of Governmental Ethics shall apply to the purchase of fire trucks by bona fide organized public fire departments.
 - (2)(a) Awards for meritorious public contributions given by public service organizations.
- (b) Awards of anything of economic value received by teachers, principals, or school employees pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 17:432, 432.1, 433, or 433.1 for their outstanding achievement in the performance of their duties or responsibilities as teachers, principals, or school employees given by any person. However, this exception shall not apply to any award from any person or from any officer, director, agent, or employee of such person, if the teacher, principal, or school employee receiving the award knows or reasonably should know that the person has substantial economic interests which may be substantially affected by the performance or nonperformance of the teacher's, principal's, or school employee's official duty.
- (3) Sharing in any compensation received from the governmental entity by a person of which such public servant owns or controls less than ten percent, provided such public servant did not participate or assist in the procurement of such compensation, except as otherwise specifically prohibited by R.S. 42:1113.
- (4) Sharing in any compensation received from the governmental entity by a person of which such public servant owns or controls any portion thereof, provided such compensation was received by such person as a result of having made the lowest sealed competitive bid on a contract or subcontract and having had such bid accepted by the governmental entity or the general contractor, and provided such public servant did not participate or assist in the procurement of the acceptance of such low bid, except as otherwise specifically prohibited by R.S. 42:1113.
- (5) Campaign contributions for use in meeting campaign expenses by any public servant who is or becomes a candidate for election to the same or another public office.
- (6) Any activity of any public employee of a public higher education institution in this state who is covered by the tenure policy of the Board of Regents or the tenure policies and the administration of the tenure policies by the three higher education management boards and which activity is required by either regional or professional accreditation standards of organizations recognized by the Council on Postsecondary Accreditation.
- (7) The employment with the office of behavioral health of the Louisiana Department of Health of a licensed physician who is a member of the psychiatric faculty of and compensated by Tulane University.
- (8) Any individual employed in the maritime industry from serving as an appointed member of the Board of Commissioners of the Port of New Orleans.

- (9)(a) The receipt of or sharing in the proceeds of any patent, copyright, licensing right, or royalty by faculty or staff members of a public higher education institution or management board resulting from any activity of the faculty or staff member, which is consistent with and pursuant to the mission of the college or university to advance knowledge or further the economic development of the state and which activity has been approved by the campus head and the management board of the employing college or university.
- (b) The performance of services for compensation for any person, by faculty or staff members of a public higher education institution, provided the services consist of consulting related to the academic discipline or expertise of said public employee, or the continued performance of such services by former faculty or staff members of a public higher education institution subsequent to the termination of their public service and notwithstanding contrary provisions of R.S. 42:1121, and provided the services have been approved in writing by the chief administrative officer of the public employee's institution in accordance with rules and procedures established by the management board of the institution, which rules and procedures have been approved by the Board of Regents and the Board of Ethics.
- (10)(a) The negotiation or entering into a contract as defined in Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, provided that such contract has been approved in accordance with a procedure established by the appropriate higher education management board which procedure has been approved by the Board of Regents and the Board of Ethics. Such an approval procedure shall require a finding and certification by the appropriate management board to the Board of Regents that entering into such contract will contribute to the economic development of the state and that entering into such contract will not interfere or conflict with the employee's obligation to the university. Semiannually, the Board of Regents shall report all such certifications to the House Commerce Committee and the Senate Commerce, Consumer Protection, and International Affairs Committee or any subcommittee designated by either standing committee.
- (b) A contract between an institution of higher education and a member of its faculty, research staff, or athletic coaching staff or a legal entity in which such employee has a substantial economic interest, regarding the disposition of any patent, copyright, licensing right, or royalty which is attached to a discovery, technique, or technology resulting from the research done by such employee in the course of his employment with the institution, or regarding an activity related to or resulting from the athletic coaching or research activity of such employee conducted in the course of his employment with the institution.
- (c) The negotiation or entering into a contract for employment training services between a public higher education management board and any person who maintains an employment relationship with a member of such public higher education management board provided that the higher education management board member has not participated in any decision to enroll in the designated employment training services; has not participated in the selection of the designated employment training provider or site; and who does not participate, as a board member, in any transaction related to the consummation of an agreement between the person and the public higher education management board; and the employment training services are consistent with and pursuant to the mission of the public higher education management board to advance knowledge or further the economic development of the state.
- (11)(a) The employment with the office of public health of the Louisiana Department of Health of retired public health physicians by professional services contracts for part-time clinician services in parish health units. However, a yearly contract shall not exceed twenty percent of the retired employee's former salary. A retired physician shall be employed under this Subparagraph only if there are no public health physicians available to perform the services.
- (b) The employment with the Louisiana Department of Health of retired registered nurses by contract to perform health care services. However, such a contract shall be deemed to be null and void in the event that a registered nurse becomes available to perform the services. A retired registered nurse shall be employed under this Subparagraph only if the nurse was retired on April 1, 1990, and there are no registered nurses available to perform the services.

- (12) Any tenant of a housing authority, as defined in R.S. 40:384, from serving on the board of commissioners of that housing authority.
- (13)(a)(i) The acceptance by a public servant of complimentary admission to a civic, non-profit, educational, or political event when the public servant is:
 - (aa) A program honoree.
 - (bb) Giving a speech at the event.
 - (cc) A panel member for a discussion occurring at the event.
- (dd) Attending the event to assist an elected official who meets the provisions of this Item when the public servant is under the supervision of the elected official and such assistance is within the ordinary employment duties of the public servant.
- (ii) The acceptance by a public servant of complimentary admission to a fundraising event for a candidate or political party.
- (iii) The acceptance by a public servant of complimentary admission to a fundraising event held by or for the benefit of an educational institution or by or for the benefit of a nonprofit organization which conducts educational programs.
- (b) The provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall not apply to admission to any professional, semi-professional, or collegiate sporting event.
- (14) Persons employed by public school systems to provide special education and related services pursuant to R.S. 17:1941 et seq. to a student with an exceptionality as defined in R.S. 17:1942 from performing, on a private fee basis and outside of school hours, those same special education and related services for their own students or any other persons eligible to receive such services from their school system during school hours, provided that the child's parents or guardian are advised, in writing, of the procedures through which their child may be evaluated for eligibility to receive such services for free through the school system. With respect to any child already receiving such services for free through the school system, the notice shall explain the procedures through which the child's eligibility to receive additional services for free from the school system may be reviewed.
- (15) The use by a duly commissioned law enforcement officer of a publicly owned law enforcement vehicle in connection with the private employment of such law enforcement officer in providing traffic control or security services for a private employer when such use is approved by and in accordance with the policy of the law enforcement officer's public employer, which policy shall be published in the official journal of the parish prior to becoming effective and shall provide for appropriate charges for the use of public vehicles for private employment.
- (16)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 42:1102(22), when making a public speech, the acceptance by a member of the legislature of food, refreshments, and lodging reasonably related to making such speech, as well as reasonable transportation from his home, or the capitol, to and from the site of the speaking engagement from the sponsoring group or organization, provided the public speech is given in any state of the United States or Canada and provided such member of the legislature files a statement with the Board of Ethics, within sixty days of making such public speech, disclosing the name of the sponsoring group or organization and the amount expended on his behalf by the sponsoring group or organization on food and refreshments, lodging, and transportation. The statement shall include a certification by the member of the legislature filing it that the information contained in the statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief.
- (b) For the purposes of this Paragraph, the phrase "public speech" shall mean a speech, or other oral presentation, including a panel discussion, or radio or television appearance before the public at large, or before any civic, political, religious, educational, or eleemosynary group or organization by a member of the legislature in his capacity as a legislator.

- (17)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 42:1111(C)(2)(d) or 1113(A), in municipalities with a population no greater than five thousand, in accordance with the most recent decennial census, a member of any municipal governing authority or any mayor from being a compensated director, officer, or employee of any national or state bank or state or federally chartered savings and loan association or savings bank into which funds of the municipality are deposited.
- (b) The provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall be effective only when the following conditions are met:
- (i) Publication of notice has been made on two separate occasions in the official journal of the municipality, the first of which is at least fifteen days prior to public hearing on the matter. Such notice shall include the name of the financial institution(s) in which municipal funds are to be deposited and the amount of such deposit(s).
- (ii) In municipalities where more than one financial institution is located, average annual deposits of municipal funds in one such financial institution shall not exceed the average annual deposits in any other such financial institution by more than ten percent, except in cases where funds are deposited pursuant to competitive bid.
- (iii) The municipal funds are deposited with the approval of the municipal governing authority and the mayor.
 - (c) The provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall not affect the application of R.S. 42:1112.
- (18)(a) A licensed physician who is a member of a board of commissioners for any hospital service district authorized by Chapter 10 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 located within a parish which has a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or less from contracting with the hospital over which the board exercises jurisdiction, from subcontracting with another provider who contracts with such hospital, or from owning an interest in an entity that contracts with such hospital. However, such licensed physician shall recuse himself from participating in any transaction before the board relating to any contracts entered into by him, or by a provider with which he subcontracts, or by any entity in which he owns an interest, and permitted by this Paragraph.
- (b) A licensed physician who is a member of a board of commissioners for any hospital service district authorized by Chapter 10 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 located within a parish which has a population of twenty-nine thousand or less from being employed with the hospital over which the board exercises jurisdiction or from owning an interest in an entity that contracts with such hospital. However, such licensed physician shall recuse himself from participating in any transaction before the board relating to his employment with the hospital or to any contracts entered into by him, or by a provider with which he subcontracts, or by any entity in which he owns an interest, and permitted by this Paragraph.
- (c) Any physician serving as a member of a hospital service district board or commission, if such hospital service district board or commission is required by law or by local ordinance, rule, or regulation adopted by a municipal or parish governing authority to have one or more physician members on its board or commission, from leasing space for the provision of health care services from a hospital under the jurisdiction of the board or commission for fair market value. However, such licensed physician shall recuse himself from participating in any transaction involving a lease agreement to which he is permitted by this Subparagraph to be a party.
- (d) Any licensed physician who is the child of a member of a board of commissioners of any hospital service district authorized by Chapter 10 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, located within a parish that has a population of fifty thousand or less or for a hospital that is defined as a rural hospital pursuant to the Rural Hospital Preservation Act (R.S. 40:1189.1 et seq.) from contracting for professional health care services with the hospital over which the board exercises jurisdiction, from subcontracting with another professional health care provider who contracts for professional health care services with the

hospital, or from owning an interest in any entity that contracts for professional health care services with the hospital.

- (19) Any member of the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Commission from holding or obtaining a renewal of oyster leases with the state, personally or through legal entities in which he has ownership interests, even though such leases are subject to the supervision and jurisdiction of the commission, provided that the member shall recuse himself or be disqualified by the commission from participating in any transaction involving the said oyster leases.
- (20) An airport authority member or employee in an airport in any parish having a population of less than two hundred twenty-five thousand persons, according to the most recent census, or an airport authority member or employee in an airport in any parish having a population of two hundred twenty-five thousand persons or more according to the most recent census if the airport over which such an airport authority has jurisdiction does not have scheduled air service, from using any of the services available at the airport over which he exercises jurisdiction or by which he is employed; provided the services are available to the member or employee subject to the same terms, conditions, and availability as to any other member of the public, whether such services are obtained directly from the airport or from a fixed-based operator. The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to the Louisiana Airport Authority.
- (21) A building inspector employed by a municipality with a population of twenty-five thousand persons or less as of the most recent federal decennial census, a member of such building inspector's immediate family, or a legal entity in which such building inspector has a controlling interest from performing construction services that are under the supervision or jurisdiction of the agency or governmental entity of the building inspector, provided such services are not performed during the building inspector's assigned working hours, do not interfere with the performance of his assigned duties, and do not include construction services performed for the agency or governmental entity of the building inspector. Under no circumstances shall the building inspector inspect his own work, the work of his immediate family, or the work of a legal entity in which the building inspector has a controlling interest. A "building inspector" shall mean any person employed by a municipality who tests, examines, or issues a permit for compliance with a building code as defined in R.S. 33:4771.
- (22)(a) Any mayor or member of a governing authority of a municipality with a population of five thousand or less, or an immediate family member of such a mayor or governing authority member, or legal entity in which such a mayor, governing authority member, or immediate family member has a controlling interest, from entering into any transaction that is under the supervision or jurisdiction of the municipality.
- (b) A transaction allowed by Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph may only be entered into if the municipality submits a plan to the Louisiana Board of Ethics for approval and the board approves the plan. The municipality's plan shall be developed in accordance with the following:
- (i) The elected official involved shall immediately recuse himself from acting in his governmental capacity in matters affecting the transaction and file quarterly affidavits concerning the recusal with the clerk of the municipality and the board. The affidavits shall set out the name and address of the elected official, the name and population of the municipality, and a description of the transactions involving the elected official, his immediate family member, or his or his immediate family member's legal entity that occurred during the preceding quarter. The plan of the municipality shall set out the due dates of the quarterly affidavits.
- (ii) The plan developed by the municipality shall address how the transactions shall be supervised after the elected official is recused.
- (iii) Individual transactions of two hundred fifty dollars or less shall not be subject to the provisions contained in Items (iv) and (v) of this Subparagraph until such transactions involving a single elected official or a legal entity in which he owns a controlling interest or an immediate family member or a legal entity in

which he owns a controlling interest exceed two thousand five hundred dollars in the aggregate within the calendar year; thereafter the provisions contained in Items (iv) and (v) of this Subparagraph shall apply.

- (iv) For transactions in excess of two hundred fifty dollars, but less than two thousand five hundred dollars, telephone quotations with written confirmation or facsimile quotations shall be solicited from at least three vendors within the municipality, the parish, or within a fifty-mile radius of the municipality. However, in the case of an emergency, no quotations shall be required so long as the elected official recuses himself from the transaction and files an affidavit as required in Item (i) of this Subparagraph within three business days of the occurrence of the transaction. "Emergency" shall be defined in the plan adopted by the municipality and subject to board approval.
- (v) In the case of a transaction in excess of two hundred fifty dollars but less than two thousand five hundred dollars, if the quotation submitted by the elected official, his immediate family member, or legal entity in which the elected official or his immediate family member has a controlling interest is the lowest bid received by the municipality the transaction is allowed. The plan adopted by the municipality and subject to board approval may specify situations in which a quotation submitted by the elected official, his immediate family member, or his or his immediate family member's legal entity may be accepted even if it was not the lowest bid received by the municipality.
- (vi) An elected official, his immediate family member, or legal entity in which the elected official or his immediate family member has a controlling interest may enter into transactions with the municipality in excess of two thousand five hundred dollars only after written invitations are sent to at least three bona fide qualified bidders, other than the elected official, his immediate family member, or his or his immediate family member's legal entity, and upon specific advance approval by the board. Any such request for approval shall include the details of the proposed transaction, a copy of the written invitation, copies of the bids received in response to the invitation, and the method of recusal developed by the municipality. The plan developed by the municipality shall set out the details of the bid process.
- (23) Any member of the state or regional advisory committees for the office for citizens with developmental disabilities from being employed by a private, nonprofit, corporation, agency, organization, or association that receives state funds under contractual agreement with the office for citizens with developmental disabilities. However, such member shall recuse himself from participating in any action of the committee specifically relating to such contracts with the office for citizens with developmental disabilities for the receipt of state funds.
- (24)(a) Any member of the State Licensing Board for Contractors from serving on such board even if he, a member of his immediate family, or a business in which he has a substantial economic interest has participated in a transaction that comes before such board for administrative action. However, such member shall recuse himself from participating in any administrative hearing specifically relating to such transaction. Investigations of such transactions by the staff of the State Licensing Board for Contractors without the direct involvement of such board shall not constitute a violation of this Chapter.
- (b) Any member of the State Licensing Board for Contractors, or any legal entity in which he has an interest, from entering into a contract for commercial or residential contractor services or related consulting services for compensation with a person licensed by the board; provided that no member of the board shall use the authority of his office or position, directly or indirectly, in a manner intended to compel or coerce any person to enter into such a contract or to provide such board member or any other person with any thing of economic value. However, such member shall be specifically prohibited from providing consulting services for transactions that come before the board for administrative action. In addition, such member shall recuse himself from participating in any administrative hearing involving any licensee with whom he has an existing contractual relationship.
- (25) Any client who is not also a vendor of a charitable organization from serving on its board of directors or advisory board, provided that such clients do not constitute twenty percent or more of the board of directors or advisory board. For the purposes of this Paragraph, "charitable organization" shall mean a

nonprofit board or association of a community-based HIV/AIDS service corporation or organization domiciled in this state and qualified with the United States Internal Revenue Service for an exemption from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (26)(a) The acceptance by a public servant of anything of economic value as a gift or gratuity from any person when the value of such gift or gratuity does not exceed one hundred dollars per event, for flowers or a donation in connection with the death of a member of the immediate family of a public servant.
- (b) The acceptance by a public servant employed by a prekindergarten, kindergarten, elementary, or secondary school of anything of economic value as a gift from or on behalf of a student or former student when the value of the gift does not exceed twenty-five dollars and the aggregate value of all gifts from or on behalf of any one person pursuant to this Subparagraph does not exceed seventy-five dollars in a calendar year.
- (27) Any board member of the Sabine River Authority who owns a lot contiguous to the "lease back" or "shore line" area of Toledo Bend Reservoir from exercising his option to lease the shore line area contiguous to his lot and obtain a permit for "domestic use", as defined in R.S. 38:2329, of the authority's water. As used in this Paragraph, the "lease back" area, which is also known as the "shore line", is that area owned by the Sabine River Authority, state of Louisiana, that is the property lying between the contour of 172 feet above mean sea level (the normal pool stage) and the contour of 175 feet above mean sea level, or a distance of 50 feet running horizontally from the 172 contour, whichever is greater, and which area is subject to an option to lease by the landowner of the contiguous lot as is provided in the Policy, Rules and Regulations of the Sabine River Authority as adopted by the board of commissioners on August 24, 1967.
- (28) The lease of school buses by city, parish, and other local public school boards as provided in R.S. 17:158.7.
- (29) A mayor of a municipality with a population not in excess of five thousand persons who is a licensed physician from contracting for the provision of health care services with the health insurer for the employees of his municipality.
- (30) A public servant, a legal entity in which he has a controlling interest, or a member of his immediate family, from donating services, movable property, or funds to his agency. Nothing herein shall be construed to allow a public servant to make an appointment of a person which is otherwise prohibited by this Chapter.
- (31)(a) Any former city, parish, or other local public school board member who holds a valid Louisiana teaching certificate from being employed by his former school board for any classroom teacher position with such board which requires a valid Louisiana teaching certificate.
- (b) Any former city, parish, or other local school board member who holds a valid ancillary certificate in school psychology issued by the state Department of Education from being employed by his former school board for any certified school psychologist position with such board which requires such certificate.
- (c) These exceptions shall apply only in parishes with a population not in excess of thirty-six thousand people, as determined by the latest federal decennial census.
- (32)(a) Any advertising agency that has a contract for advertising services with the Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism, the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, the Department of Economic Development, the Department of Transportation and Development, or the Department of Agriculture and Forestry from entering into contracts with any other person who engages in any transaction with the Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism, the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, the Department of Economic Development, the Department of Transportation and Development, or the Department of Agriculture and Forestry.
- (b) As used in this Paragraph, "advertising services" means the development, production, and dissemination of advertisements, public relations communications, or other forms of publicity.

- (c) As used in this Paragraph, the term "advertising agency" means a corporation, limited liability company, or other juridical person that, as its primary business, acts on behalf of clients in connection with some or all of the following activities:
 - (i) Development and production of advertisements.
 - (ii) Placement of advertisements in the media.
 - (iii) Planning and conducting advertising and public relations campaigns.
 - (iv) Website design and other internet marketing functions.
 - (v) Branding and brand management.
 - (vi) Market research.
- (33) The Metropolitan Council for the city of Baton Rouge and the parish of East Baton Rouge from appointing any one of its members to any board, commission, or other entity created by home rule charter, plan of government, state law, or local ordinance or resolution including but not limited to the Capital Transportation Corporation, Visit Baton Rouge, and the city-parish planning commission.
- (34) A member of a municipal or parish governing authority in a parish or municipality with a population of twenty-five thousand persons or less according to the latest federal decennial census or a member of such elected official's immediate family or a legal entity in which he has a controlling interest from making application for the approval of the subdivision or resubdivision of property and for the zoning of such property or for a building permit and any inspections performed pursuant thereto, provided that (a) the zoning of such subdivided property shall not be less restrictive than the zoning of the original parcel; (b) no variance or special exception from any planning or zoning regulation or requirement or any building code or permit shall be requested or granted; (c) the subdivision, resubdivision, or zoning of such property shall be for residential purposes only; (d) the application or applications submitted by or on behalf of the elected official, a member of his immediate family, or legal entity in which he has a controlling interest, collectively, shall be limited to the subdivision, resubdivision, or zoning of not more than twelve lots per calendar year and the construction of not more than twelve residential units per calendar year; (e) no public funds shall be used to construct any infrastructure for the use or benefit of such property or development; (f) the elected official shall file written notice containing all details regarding the transaction deemed necessary by the Board of Ethics with his governing authority and with the Board of Ethics no later than ten days prior to any hearing pertaining to any such application, or if no hearing is held pertaining to such application, shall file such notice at least ten days prior to final action on any such application; and (g) any such member of a governing authority shall recuse himself from any vote related to such application and shall not participate in any other aspect of the application or transaction.
- (35) Any volunteer fireman or uncompensated law enforcement officer or legal entity in which he has an interest from bidding on or entering into a contract, subcontract, or other transaction under the supervision and jurisdiction of his agency; provided that the volunteer fireman or uncompensated law enforcement officer shall receive no compensation or thing of economic value for his service as a volunteer fireman or uncompensated law enforcement officer, that the volunteer fireman or uncompensated law enforcement officer shall not be an agency head, and that the volunteer fireman or uncompensated law enforcement officer shall not participate on behalf of his agency in any capacity regarding such contract, subcontract, or other transaction.
 - (36) Repealed by Acts 2017, No. 30, §3, eff. June 3, 2017.
- (37)(a) An insurance producer as defined in R.S. 22:1542, from serving as the insurance producer of record as provided in R.S. 22:1564(B) for a governmental entity; from providing any normal insurance services for a governmental entity; and from providing risk management services for a governmental entity, including but not limited to providing advice or recommendations regarding insurance coverages, markets, costs, terms, selection of coverages and all related matters or any combination thereof; provided that:

- (i) An insurance producer, as defined in R.S. 22:1542, who provides or solicits to provide any of the services in this Subparagraph shall not serve in any other official decisionmaking capacity over insurance issues for the governmental entity, including but not limited to elected or appointed positions, advisory committees, as an employee, or as risk manager.
- (ii) Any insurance producer who has served in any official decisionmaking capacity over insurance issues for a governmental entity, including but not limited to elected or appointed positions, advisory committees, as an employee, or as risk manager, and who wishes to solicit to provide any of the services in this Subparagraph for that same governmental entity shall comply with the provisions of R.S. 42:1121.
- (b)(i) An insurance producer from being compensated by means of normal commissions or pursuant to a written contract providing for payment of a stipulated fee, or both for any of the services in Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph; provided that the insurance producer shall fully disclose to the governmental entity in writing all fees, commissions, or other compensation payable to the producer from the insurer or any source other than the governmental entity that relate to the services provided.
- (ii) An insurance producer who provides any of the services in Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph for a governmental entity from receiving fees, commissions, or other compensation payable to the insurance producer from insurance companies for services rendered to those insurance companies for products or services sold to other governmental entities or persons that do not directly relate to the services provided by the insurance producer to the governmental entity; provided the insurance producer discloses to the governmental entity the name of any insurer or source from which he receives fees, commissions, or other compensation if such insurer or other source is providing or is seeking to provide services or insurance coverage to the governmental entity at the time the insurance producer is providing services to the governmental entity.
- (c) Nothing in this Paragraph shall prohibit a governmental entity from contracting with an insurance producer separate from the producer of record to provide risk management services and to assist the governmental entity in making insurance decisions.
- (d) The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to individually underwritten guaranteed renewable limited benefit health insurance policies.
- (e) Nothing in this Section shall prevent a governmental entity from contracting with an insurance or risk management consultant who is not an insurance producer.
- (38) A public servant from accepting services donated by an attorney licensed to practice law in Louisiana pursuant to a program adopted by the Louisiana Bar Association to provide such services. Any such adopted program shall be certified by the Bar Association to the board and only donations made after the acceptance of such certification by the board shall be allowed.
- (39) An immediate family member of a legislator from being a registered lobbyist or from lobbying as provided in R.S. 24:50 et seq., provided each of the following:
- (a) The immediate family member was a registered lobbyist as provided in R.S. 49:71 et seq., for at least one year prior to January 9, 2012, or was a registered lobbyist as provided in R.S. 24:50 et seq., for at least one year prior to January 1, 2009, or for at least one year prior to becoming an immediate family member of the legislator, or for at least one year prior to the legislator's initial election to the legislature.
- (b) The immediate family member shall not lobby the legislator as provided in R.S. 24:51, or communicate with any public employee assigned to the district office of the legislator, with any public employee whose primary duty is to assist the individual legislator, or if the legislator is a committee chairman, with any public employee assigned to the committee of which the legislator is chairman concerning any matter which may be the subject of action by the legislature.
- (40) A person from obtaining a permit, and entering into any transaction incidental thereto, under the provisions of the state uniform construction code (R.S. 40:1730.21 et seq.).

- (41) Repealed by Acts 2018, No. 200, §2.
- (42) A member of the Greater Baton Rouge Port Commission, an immediate family member of such a port commission member, or a legal entity in which such a port commission member or a member of his immediate family has a substantial economic interest from contracting for the sale of grain to the operator of a grain elevator that is owned, operated, or managed by the port commission provided that:
- (a) The port commission member recuses himself on all matters involving such sale of grain and all matters related to the management and operation of the grain elevator.
- (b) The terms and conditions of the sale are the same or substantially similar as a sale of grain by similarly situated persons who are not port commission members or related persons.
 - (43) Repealed by Acts 2018, No. 545, §1, effective May 28, 2018.
- (44) A governing authority member or public employee of a political subdivision that operates parks or recreational facilities or an immediate family member of such a person from renting a park or recreation facility under the supervision or jurisdiction of the political subdivision for an event provided that the transaction is conducted without preference and in the same manner and subject to the same fees and conditions applicable to the general public.
- (45) The continuation and renewal of a contract for the operation of a food-related retail establishment between a legal entity in which an elected official's immediate family member owns an interest and a hospital or hospital service district in a parish with a population of one hundred fifty thousand persons or less in accordance with the most recent federal decennial census if the original contract was entered into at least one year prior to the elected official's election as an agency head of the governmental entity of the hospital service district and if the original contract was not prohibited.
- (46) A licensed pharmacist who is a member of a board of commissioners for any hospital service district authorized by Chapter 10 of Title 46 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 located within a parish which has a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or less from contracting with the hospital over which the board exercises jurisdiction, from subcontracting with another provider who contracts with such hospital or pharmacy, or from owning an interest in an entity that contracts with such hospital. However, such licensed pharmacist shall recuse himself from participating in any transaction before the board relating to any contracts entered into by him, or by a provider with which he subcontracts, or by any entity in which he owns an interest.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1983, No. 719, §1; Acts 1985, No. 220, §1, eff. July 6, 1985; Acts 1985, No. 426, §2; Acts 1986, No. 374, §1; Acts 1987, No. 229, §1; Acts 1987, No. 370, §1; Acts 1987, No. 491, §1; Acts 1987, No. 593, §1, eff. July 9, 1987; Acts 1987, No. 624, §1; Acts 1988, No. 623, §1, eff. July 14, 1988; Acts 1989, No. 187, \$1; Acts 1990, No. 97, \$1; Acts 1991, No. 1037, \$1; Acts 1992, No. 846, \$1, eff. July 8, 1992; Acts 1993, No. 220, §1, eff. June 2, 1993; Acts 1993, No. 257, §1, eff. June 2, 1993; Acts 1993, No. 965, §2, eff. August 15, 1993; Acts 1993, No. 1037, §1; Acts 1995, No. 289, §2; Acts 1995, No. 1156, §1; Acts 1995, No. 1157, §1; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §11, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1997, No. 501, §1; Acts 1997, No. 848, §1; Acts 1997, No. 893, §1; Acts 1997, No. 1107, §1; Acts 2000, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 140, §2, eff. April 19, 2000; Acts 2001, No. 323, §1; Acts 2001, No. 325, §1; Acts 2001, No. 580, §1; Acts 2001, No. 946, §2, eff. June 26, 2001; Acts 2001, No. 998, §1; Acts 2001, No. 1015, §1; Acts 2001, No. 1127, §1; Acts 2003, No. 183, §4; Acts 2003, No. 743, §2, eff. June 27, 2003; Acts 2003, No. 977, §1; Acts 2003, No. 992, §1, eff. July 2, 2003; Acts 2003, No. 996, §1, eff. July 2, 2003; Acts 2003, No. 1282, §1; Acts 2003, No. 1284, \$1; Acts 2003, No. 1285, \$1; Acts 2003, No. 1288, \$1, eff. July 17, 2003; Acts 2004, No. 292, \$1; Acts 2004, No. 696, §1; Acts 2004, No. 784, §1, eff. July 8, 2004; Acts 2006, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 22, §1, eff. Feb. 23, 2006; Acts 2006, No. 422, §1, eff. June 15, 2006; Acts 2007, No. 152, §§1, 2, eff. June 25, 2007; Acts 2007, No. 250, §1, eff. July 6, 2007; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 7, §1, eff. April 26, 2008; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 13, §3, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 19, §2, eff. March 10, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 173, §1; Acts 2008, No. 301, §1, eff. June 17, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 415, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 514, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2009 (Para. (39)(a)) and §4, eff. June 30, 2008 (Para. (13) and (41)); Acts 2009, No. 308, §1; Acts 2009, No. 384, §5, eff. July 1, 2010; Acts 2009, No. 534, §2, eff. July 16, 2009; Acts 2010, No. 597, §1, eff. June 25, 2010; Acts 2010, No. 784, §1; Acts 2010, No. 798, §1, eff. June 30, 2010; Acts 2010, No. 861, §18; Acts 2011, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 35, §1; Acts 2012, No. 737, §1, eff. June 11, 2012; Acts 2012, No. 811, §15, eff. July 1, 2012; Acts 2012, No. 864, §1; Acts 2014, No. 172, §1; Acts 2014, No. 334, §1, eff. May 30, 2014; Acts 2014, No. 747, §1, eff. June 19, 2014; Acts 2016, No. 87, §1, eff. May 11, 2016; Acts 2017, No. 30, §3, eff. June 3, 2017; Acts 2017, No. 408, §1, eff. June 26, 2017; Acts 2018, No. 182, §1; Acts 2018, No. 200, §2; Acts 2018, No. 519, §1; Acts 2018, No. 545, §1, eff. May 28, 2018; Acts 2018, No. 588, §1; Acts 2018, No. 616, §1.

§1123.1. Exception; operation of hospital owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish

The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to a nonprofit entity operating a hospital in a building or facility owned by Hospital Service District Number Two of Beauregard Parish.

Acts 2013, No. 411, §1.

NOTE: See Acts 2013, No. 411, §2 relative to applicability.

§1123.2. Exception; certain positions at the Louisiana Department of Health

- A.(1) The provisions of R.S. 42:1111(C), 1112, and 1113 shall not apply to an exempted physician in the performance of the functions and duties of a position listed in Subsection D of this Section or to the practice of medicine by the exempted physician outside of the performance of such functions and duties.
- (2) The provisions of R.S. 42:1111(E) shall not apply to an exempted physician but only to the extent that the transaction with the Louisiana Department of Health is limited to and necessary for the physician's medical care of patients.
- B. The provisions of R.S. 42:1121 shall not apply to a former exempted physician who served in the position described in Paragraph (D)(4) of this Section.
- C. Prior to being employed by or contracting with the Louisiana Department of Health or an agency thereof to serve in a position listed in Subsection D of this Section, a licensed Louisiana physician shall disclose to the secretary of the Louisiana Department of Health any possible conflicts of interest that could arise in performing the functions and duties of the position, including outside employment and business interests. All such disclosures shall be written and shall be a public record.
- D. For purposes of this Section, "exempted physician" means a licensed Louisiana physician who is employed by or who has contracted with the Louisiana Department of Health or an agency thereof to serve in any of the following positions:
 - (1) Assistant secretary for the office of public health.
 - (2) Medicaid medical director.
 - (3) Medical director of the office of behavioral health.
 - (4) Physician, Eastern Louisiana Mental Health System, competency restoration program.
 - (5) Cancer policy director.
- E.(1) The compensation paid by the Louisiana Department of Health to each physician in a position listed in Subsection D of this Section shall be commensurate with the number of hours worked in such position by the physician.
- (2) Each physician in a position listed in Paragraph (D)(1), (2), (3), or (5) of this Section shall be required to work full-time in the position.
- F. The Louisiana Department of Health shall submit a quarterly report to the legislature containing the name of the physician in a position listed in Subsection D of this Section, the position, the number of hours worked by the physician during the previous quarter, and the amount of compensation received by the physician from the department during the previous quarter.

Acts 2018, No. 463, §1.

§1124. Financial disclosure; statewide elected officials; certain public servants

- A. The following persons shall annually file a financial statement as provided in this Section:
- (1) Each person holding statewide elected office.
- (2) The secretary of each of the following departments of state government:
- (a) The Department of Economic Development.
- (b) The Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism.
- (c) The Department of Environmental Quality.
- (d) The Louisiana Department of Health.
- (e) The Louisiana Workforce Commission.
- (f) The Department of Natural Resources.
- (g) The Department of Public Safety and Corrections.
- (h) The Department of Revenue.
- (i) The Department of Children and Family Services.
- (j) The Department of Transportation and Development.
- (k) The Department of Wildlife and Fisheries.
- (1) The Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (3) The executive secretary of the Public Service Commission.
- (4) The director of state civil service.
- (5) The superintendent of education, the commissioner of higher education, and the president of each public postsecondary education system.
 - (6) The commissioner of the division of administration.
 - (7) The policy director in the office of the governor.
 - (8) The chief of staff of the office of the governor.
 - (9) The executive counsel to the governor.
 - (10) The deputy chief of staff of the office of the governor.
 - (11) The legislative director in the office of the governor.
- B.(1) The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed by May fifteenth of each year during which the person holds an office or position included in Subsection A of this Section and, except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, by May fifteenth of the year following the termination of the holding of such office or position. The financial statement shall include the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the preceding calendar year.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, if the holding of the office or position terminates in the month of January, the person shall not be required to file a financial statement pursuant to this Section in the year following the termination of the holding of the office or position if the person files a financial statement by May fifteenth of the year in which the holding of the office or position terminated containing the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the period in which the person held the office or position during that year.
- C. The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Board of Ethics and shall include the following information:

- (1) The full name and residence address of the individual who is required to file.
- (2) The full name of the individual's spouse, if any, and the spouse's occupation and principal business address.
- (3) The name of the employer, job title, and a brief job description of each full-time or part-time employment position held by the individual or spouse.
- (4)(a) The name, address, brief description of, and nature of association with and the amount of interest in each business in which the individual or spouse is a director, officer, owner, partner, member, or trustee, or in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, owns an interest which exceeds ten percent of that business.
- (b) The name, address, brief description of, and nature of association with a nonprofit organization in which the individual or spouse is a director or officer.
- (5)(a) The name, address, type, and amount of each source of income received during the immediately preceding calendar year by the individual or spouse, or by any business in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, owns an interest which exceeds ten percent of that business, which is received from any of the following:
 - (i) The state or any political subdivision as defined in Article VI of the Constitution of Louisiana.
 - (ii) Services performed for or in connection with a gaming interest as defined in R.S. 18:1505.2(L)(3)(a).
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection D of this Section, amounts reported pursuant to this Paragraph shall be reported by specific amount rather than by category of value.
- (6) The name, address, type, and amount of each source of income, in excess of one thousand dollars, received by the individual or spouse, and the nature of the services rendered therefor, if any, not already disclosed under Paragraph (5) of this Subsection. For income derived from professional or consulting services rendered, including mental health, medical health, or legal services, when the disclosure of the name or address of any source of income would be prohibited by law or by a professional code, the individual need only include the number of clients and amount of income for each of the following applicable industry types:
 - (a) Utilities:
 - (i) Electric.
 - (ii) Gas.
 - (iii) Telephone.
 - (iv) Water.
 - (v) Cable television companies.
 - (b) Transportation:
 - (i) Intrastate companies.
 - (ii) Pipeline companies.
 - (iii) Oil and gas exploration.
 - (iv) Oil and gas production.
 - (v) Oil and gas retailers.
 - (c) Finance and insurance:
 - (i) Banks.
 - (ii) Savings and loan associations.
 - (iii) Loan and/or finance companies.
 - (iv) Manufacturing firms.

- (v) Mining companies.
- (vi) Life insurance companies.
- (vii) Casualty insurance companies.
- (viii) Other insurance companies.
- (d) Retail companies:
- (i) Beer companies.
- (ii) Wine companies.
- (iii) Liquor companies.
- (iv) Beverage distributors.
- (e) Associations:
- (i) Trade.
- (ii) Professional.
- (f) Other (specify).
- (7) A brief description, fair market value or use value as determined by the assessor for purposes of ad valorem taxes, and the address, if any, and if no address, the location by state and parish or county, of each parcel of immovable property in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, has an interest, provided that the value of the interest the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, has in the parcel of immovable property exceeds two thousand dollars.
- (8) A brief description, amount, and date of any purchase or sale by the individual or spouse, in excess of one thousand dollars, of any immovable property, and of any personally owned tax credit certificates, stocks, bonds, or commodities futures, including any option to acquire or dispose of any immovable property or of any personally owned tax credit certificates, stocks, bonds, or commodities futures. Nothing in this Paragraph shall require the reporting of information concerning variable annuities, variable life insurance, or variable universal life insurance.
- (9) The name, brief description, and amount of each investment security having a value exceeding one thousand dollars held by the individual or spouse, excluding variable annuities, variable life insurance, variable universal life insurance, whole life insurance, any other life insurance product, mutual funds, education investment accounts, retirement investment accounts, government bonds, and cash or cash equivalent investments. This Paragraph shall not be deemed to require disclosure of information concerning any property held and administered for any person other than the individual or spouse under a trust, tutorship, curatorship, or other custodial instrument.
- (10) The name, address, amount, name of guarantor, if any, and nature of each liability owed to any creditor by the individual or spouse which exceeds ten thousand dollars, excluding:
- (a) Any loan secured by movable property, if such loan does not exceed the purchase price of the movable property which secures it.
- (b) Any liability, secured or unsecured, which is guaranteed by the individual or spouse for a business in which the individual or spouse owns any interest, provided that the liability is in the name of the business and, if the liability is a loan, that the individual or spouse does not use proceeds from the loan for personal use unrelated to the business.
- (c) Any loan from an immediate family member, unless such family member is a registered lobbyist, or his principal or employer is a registered lobbyist, or he employs or is a principal of a registered lobbyist, or unless such family member has a contract with the state.

- (11) A certification that such individual has filed his federal and state income tax returns, or has filed for an extension of time for filing such tax returns.
- D.(1) When an amount is required to be disclosed pursuant to this Section, it shall be sufficient to report the amount by category of value. The categories shall be:
 - (a) Category I, less than \$5,000.
 - (b) Category II, \$5,000-\$24,999.
 - (c) Category III, \$25,000-\$49,999.
 - (d) Category IV, \$50,000-\$99,999.
 - (e) Category V, \$100,000-\$199,999.
 - (f) Category VI, \$200,000 or more.
- (2) Except as provided in Paragraph (C)(7) of this Section, amounts required to be disclosed shall be valued at actual or fair market value, whichever is greater.
- E. The financial statement shall be filed with the Board of Ethics and shall be accompanied by the certification of the individual filing it certifying that the information contained in the financial statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief. The financial statement shall be a public record, subject to the provisions of Chapter 1 of Title 44 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.
- F.(1) For the purposes of this Section, an individual or spouse shall not transfer any asset, interest, or liability required to be disclosed pursuant to this Section to any person or business for the purpose of avoiding disclosure, unless such transfer is irrevocable. A transfer shall not be irrevocable if there exists any contract, letter, counter letter, note, or any other legally enforceable agreement or authority which if exercised or enforced would require or authorize any asset, interest, or liability transferred by an individual or spouse to a person or business to revert back to such individual or spouse.
- (2)(a) The sale of property subject to owner financing shall not be a transfer prohibited by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection provided that the income from the sale is disclosed in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- (b) A recorded bond for deed contract shall not be a transfer prohibited by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.
 - G. For purposes of this Section, the following words shall have the following meanings:
- (1) "Business" means any corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, association, business, organization, self-employed individual, holding company, trust, or any other legal entity or person.
 - (2)(a) "Income" for a business shall mean gross income less both of the following:
 - (i) Costs of goods sold.
 - (ii) Operating expenses.
- (b) "Income" for an individual shall mean taxable income and shall not include any income received pursuant to a life insurance policy.
- H. Nothing in this Section shall require the disclosure or reporting of income derived from child support and alimony payments contained in a court order or from disability payments from any source.

Added by Acts 1982, No. 747, §2; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §11, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 66, §3, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1999, No. 2, §1, eff. April 22, 1999; Acts 2008, Ist Ex. Sess., No. 1, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 162, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 743, §7, eff. July 1, 2008; Acts 2012, No. 574, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2014, No. 612, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2015; Acts 2016, No. 427, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2017.

§1124.1. Penalties; required reports; failure to file; timely and accurate filing

- A.(1) Whoever fails to file a financial statement required by this Part, except for statements required by R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, 1124.2.1, and 1124.3, or knowingly and willfully fails to timely file any such statement, or knowingly and willfully fails to disclose or to accurately disclose any information required by this Part shall be assessed a civil penalty pursuant to R.S. 42:1157 for each day until such statement or the required accurate information is filed.
- (2) The amount of such penalty shall be one hundred dollars per day for statements required by R.S. 42:1114.
- B. Whoever knowingly and willfully files a false report required by this Part, except for statements required by R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, 1124.2.1, or 1124.3, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned in parish prison for not more than six months, or both. Any prosecution under this Subsection shall be tried before a jury of six persons, all of whom must concur to render a verdict.
- C. "Knowingly and willfully" for purposes of this Section means conduct which could have been avoided through the exercise of due diligence.

Acts 1999, No. 2, §1, eff. April 22, 1999; Acts 1999, No. 1349, §2, eff. July 12, 1999; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No.1, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 472, §1, eff. Jan.1, 2009.

§1124.2. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials; members of certain boards and commissions; ethics administrator

- A. Each of the following, except a person who is required to file a financial statement pursuant to R.S. 42:1124, shall annually file a financial statement as provided in this Section:
 - (1) Each member of the state legislature.
- (2) Each person holding a public office who represents a voting district having a population of five thousand or more persons.
 - (3) Each member of the Board of Ethics and the ethics administrator.
 - (4) Each member of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education.
 - (5) The superintendent of the Recovery School District.
 - (6) The executive director of the Louisiana Housing Corporation.
 - (7) Each member of the Board of Pardons.
- B.(1) The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed by May fifteenth of each year during which the person holds an office or position included in Subsection A of this Section and, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, by May fifteenth of the year following the termination of the holding of such office or position. The financial statement shall include the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the preceding calendar year.
- (2)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, the financial statement required by this Section may be filed within thirty days after the individual files his federal tax return for the year on which he is reporting, taking into consideration any extensions filed by the individual, provided that he notifies the Board of Ethics prior to the deadline provided in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection of his intention to do so and of the deadline for filing his federal tax return pursuant to the extension filed.
- (b) An individual who has notified the Board of Ethics pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph and who does not file his financial statement within thirty days after the expiration of the original extension, shall notify the Board of Ethics of each extension he is granted beyond the original extension and the length

of the extension until the required financial statement is filed. An individual shall file each notification required by this Subparagraph within thirty days after the expiration of the prior extension.

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, if the holding of the office or position terminates in the month of January, the person shall not be required to file a financial statement pursuant to this Section in the year following the termination of the holding of the office or position if the person files a financial statement by May fifteenth of the year in which the holding of the office or position terminated containing the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the period in which the person held the office or position during that year.
- C. The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Board of Ethics and shall include the following information:
 - (1) The full name and mailing address of the individual who is required to file.
- (2) The full name of the individual's spouse, if any, and the spouse's occupation and principal business address.
- (3) The name of the employer, job title, and a brief job description of each full-time or part-time employment position held by the individual or spouse.
- (4)(a) The name, address, brief description of, and nature of association with and the amount of interest in each business in which the individual or spouse is a director, officer, owner, partner, member, or trustee, and in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, owns an interest which exceeds ten percent of that business.
- (b) The name, address, brief description of, and nature of association with a nonprofit organization in which the individual or spouse is a director or officer.
- (5)(a)(i) The name, address, type, and amount of each source of income received by the individual or spouse, or by any business in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, owns an interest which exceeds ten percent of that business, which is received from any of the following:
 - (aa) The state or any political subdivision as defined in Article VI of the Constitution of Louisiana.
- (bb) Services performed for or in connection with a gaming interest as defined in R.S. 18:1505.2(L)(3)(a).
- (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection D of this Section, amounts reported pursuant to this Subparagraph shall be reported by specific amount rather than by category of value.
- (b) The name and address of any employer which provides income to the individual or spouse pursuant to the full-time or part-time employment of the individual or spouse, including a brief description of the nature of the services rendered pursuant to such employment and the amount of such income, excluding information required to be reported pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph.
- (c) The name and address of all businesses which provide income to the individual or spouse, including a brief description of the nature of services rendered for each business or of the reason such income was received, and the aggregate amount of such income, excluding information required to be reported pursuant to Subparagraph (a) or (b) of this Paragraph.
- (d) A description of the type of any other income, exceeding one thousand dollars received by the individual or spouse, including a brief description of the nature of the services rendered for the income or the reason such income was received, and the amount of income, excluding information required to be reported pursuant to Subparagraph (a), (b), or (c) of this Paragraph.
- (6) A brief description, fair market value or use value as determined by the assessor for purposes of ad valorem taxes, and the location by state and parish or county of each parcel of immovable property in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, has an interest, provided that the value of the

interest the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, has in the parcel of immovable property exceeds two thousand dollars.

- (7) The name and a brief description of each investment security having a value exceeding five thousand dollars held by the individual or spouse, excluding variable annuities, variable life insurance, variable universal life insurance, whole life insurance, any other life insurance product, mutual funds, education investment accounts, retirement investment accounts, government bonds, and cash or cash equivalent investments. This Paragraph shall not be deemed to require disclosure of information concerning any property held and administered for any person other than the individual or spouse under a trust, tutorship, curatorship, or other custodial instrument.
- (8) A brief description, amount, and date of any purchase or sale by the individual or spouse, in excess of five thousand dollars, of any immovable property and of any personally owned tax credit certificates, stocks, bonds, or commodities futures, including any option to acquire or dispose of any immovable property or of any personally owned tax credit certificates, stocks, bonds, or commodities futures. This Paragraph shall not be deemed to require disclosure of information concerning variable annuities, variable life insurance, variable universal life insurance, whole life insurance, any other life insurance product, mutual funds, education investment accounts, retirement investment accounts, government bonds, cash, or cash equivalent investments.
- (9) The name and address of each creditor, and name of each guarantor, if any, to whom the individual or spouse owes any liability which exceeds ten thousand dollars on the last day of the reporting period excluding:
- (a) Any loan secured by movable property, if such loan does not exceed the purchase price of the movable property which secures it.
- (b) Any liability, secured or unsecured, which is guaranteed by the individual or spouse for a business in which the individual or spouse owns any interest, provided that the liability is in the name of the business and, if the liability is a loan, that the individual or spouse does not use proceeds from the loan for personal use unrelated to the business.
 - (c) Any loan by a licensed financial institution which loans money in the ordinary course of business.
 - (d) Any liability resulting from a consumer credit transaction as defined in R.S. 9:3516(13).
- (e) Any loan from an immediate family member, unless such family member is a registered lobbyist, or his principal or employer is a registered lobbyist, or he employs or is a principal of a registered lobbyist, or unless such family member has a contract with the state.
- (10) A certification that such individual has filed his federal and state income tax returns, or has filed for an extension of time for filing such tax returns.
- D. When an amount is required to be disclosed pursuant to this Section, it shall be sufficient to report the amount by the following categories:
 - (a) Category I, less than \$5,000.
 - (b) Category II, \$5,000-\$24,999.
 - (c) Category III, \$25,000-\$100,000.
 - (d) Category IV, more than \$100,000.
- E. The financial statement shall be filed with the Board of Ethics and shall be accompanied by the certification of the individual filing it certifying that the information contained in the financial statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief. The financial statement shall be a public record, subject to the provisions of Chapter 1 of Title 44 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

- F.(1) For purposes of this Section, an individual or spouse shall not transfer any asset, interest, or liability required to be disclosed pursuant to this Section to any person or business for the purpose of avoiding disclosure, unless such transfer is irrevocable. A transfer shall not be irrevocable if there exists any contract, letter, counter letter, note, or any other legally enforceable agreement or authority which if exercised or enforced would require or authorize any asset, interest, or liability transferred by an individual or spouse to a person or business to revert back to such individual or spouse.
- (2)(a) The sale of property subject to owner financing shall not be a transfer prohibited by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection provided that the income from the sale is disclosed in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- (b) A recorded bond for deed contract shall not be a transfer prohibited by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.
 - G. For purposes of this Section, the following words shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Business" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 42:1124.
 - (2)(a) "Income" for a business shall mean gross income less both of the following:
 - (i) Costs of goods sold.
 - (ii) Operating expenses.
- (b) "Income" for an individual shall mean taxable income and shall not include any income received pursuant to a life insurance policy.
 - (3) "Public office" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 18:1483.
 - (4) Repealed by Acts 2008, No. 472, §3, Jan. 1, 2009.
- H. Relative to members of the legislature, the Board of Ethics shall promptly notify the clerical officer of the house of the legislature to which a member is elected of all violations of the provisions of this Section.
- I. Nothing in this Section shall require the disclosure or reporting of income derived from child support and alimony payments contained in a court order or from the reporting or disclosure of income derived from disability payments from any source.

Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 1, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 162, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 472, §§1, 3, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2011, No. 333, §2; Acts 2011, No. 408, §2, eff. July 5, 2011; Acts 2012, No. 574, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2012, No. 714, §2; Acts 2014, No. 612, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2015; Acts 2014, No. 656, §1; Acts 2016, No. 427, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2017.

§1124.2.1. Financial disclosure; members of boards and commissions

- A. Each of the following, except a person who is required to file a financial statement pursuant to R.S. 42:1124 or 1124.2, shall annually file a financial statement as provided in this Section:
- (1) Each member and any designee of a member of a board or commission that has the authority to expend, disburse, or invest ten thousand dollars or more of funds in a fiscal year.
 - (2) Each member of the State Civil Service Commission.
 - (3) Each member of the Board of Commissioners of the Louisiana Stadium and Exposition District.
- (4) The executive director or person holding the equivalent position of each state and statewide retirement system specified in R.S. 11:4.
- B.(1) The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed by May fifteenth of each year during which the person holds an office included in Subsection A of this Section and, except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, by May fifteenth of the year following the termination of the holding of

such office. The financial statement shall include the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the preceding calendar year.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, if the holding of the office or position terminates in the month of January, the person shall not be required to file a financial statement pursuant to this Section in the year following the termination of the holding of the office or position if the person files a financial statement by May fifteenth of the year in which the holding of the office or position terminated containing the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the period in which the person held the office or position during that year.
- C. The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Board of Ethics and shall include the following information:
 - (1) The full name and mailing address of the individual who is required to file.
- (2) The full name of the individual's spouse, if any, and the spouse's occupation and principal business address.
- (3) The name of the employer, job title, and a brief job description of each full-time or part-time employment position held by the individual or spouse.
- (4)(a) The name, address, brief description of, and nature of association with and the amount of interest in each business in which the individual or spouse is a director, officer, owner, partner, member, or trustee, and in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, owns an interest which exceeds ten percent of that business.
- (b) The name, address, brief description of, and nature of association with a nonprofit organization in which the individual or spouse is a director or officer.
- (5) The name, address, type, and amount of each source of income received by the individual or spouse, or by any business in which the individual or spouse, either individually or collectively, owns an interest which exceeds ten percent of that business, which is received from any of the following:
 - (a) The state or any political subdivision as defined in Article VI of the Constitution of Louisiana.
 - (b) Services performed for or in connection with a gaming interest as defined in R.S. 18:1505.2(L)(3)(a).
- (6) A certification that such individual has filed his federal and state income tax returns, or has filed for an extension of time for filing such tax return.
 - (7) One of the following:
- (a) A certification that neither the individual nor any member of his immediate family had a personal or financial interest in any entity, contract, or business or a personal or financial relationship that in any way posed a conflict of interest which affected the impartial performance of the individual's duties as a member of the board or commission.
- (b) A statement describing each conflict and any action the individual took to resolve or avoid the conflict.
 - D. For the purposes of this Section, the following words shall have the following meanings:
 - (1)(a) "Board or commission" shall mean:
- (i) Each board, commission, and like entity created by law or executive order that is made a part of the executive branch of state government by the provisions of Title 36 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, or that is placed in an executive branch department or in the office of the governor or lieutenant governor by law or executive order, or that exercises any authority or performs any function of the executive branch of state government.

- (ii) Each board, commission, and like entity created by the constitution, by law, by a political subdivision, except as provided in Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, or jointly by two or more political subdivisions as a governing authority of a political subdivision of the state or of a local government.
 - (b) "Board or commission" shall not mean:
 - (i) The governing authority of a parish.
- (ii) Any board or commission or like entity that governs a political subdivision created by a single parish governing authority of a parish with a population of two hundred thousand or less, or any subdistrict of such a political subdivision.
 - (iii) The governing authority of a municipality.
- (iv) Any board or commission or like entity that governs a political subdivision created by a single municipal governing authority of a municipality with a population of twenty-five thousand or less, or any subdistrict of such a political subdivision.
 - (v) A board of directors of a private nonprofit corporation that is not specifically created by law.
- (vi) Any board or commission that does not have the authority to expend, disburse, or invest more than fifty thousand dollars of funds in a fiscal year and whose members are not eligible to receive any compensation, per diem, or reimbursement of expenses for service on the board or commission.
- (vii) Any board or commission that is the governing authority of a special district established by Chapter 29 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 or pursuant to Chapter 30-A of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 for the purpose of improvement or beautification of the district or promoting and adding to the security of district residents, provided that the boundaries of the special district are not coterminous with the boundaries of a parish or municipality and provided that the board or commission does not have the authority to collect, expend, disperse, or invest more than five hundred thousand dollars of funds in a fiscal year.
 - (2) "Business" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 42:1124.
 - (3)(a) "Income" for a business shall mean gross income less both of the following:
 - (i) Costs of goods sold.
 - (ii) Operating expenses.
- (b) "Income" for an individual shall mean taxable income and shall not include any income received pursuant to a life insurance policy.
 - (4) "Public office" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 18:1483.

Acts 2008, No. 472, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2012, No. 574, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2015, No. 450, §1, eff. July 1, 2015; Acts 2016, No. 410, §1; Acts 2018, No. 538, §1.

§1124.3. Financial disclosure; certain elected officials, voting districts of under five thousand

- A. Each person holding a public office who represents a voting district having a population of fewer than five thousand and each member of the governing authority or management board of a charter school created pursuant to Chapter 42 of Title 17 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, except any person who is required to file a financial statement by R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, or 1124.2.1 shall annually file a financial statement as provided in this Section.
- B.(1) The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed by May fifteenth of each year during which the person holds an office included in Subsection A of this Section and, except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, by May fifteenth of the year following the termination of the holding of such office. The financial statement shall include the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the preceding calendar year.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, if the holding of the office or position terminates in the month of January, the person shall not be required to file a financial statement pursuant to this Section in the year following the termination of the holding of the office or position if the person files a financial statement by May fifteenth of the year in which the holding of the office or position terminated containing the information required by Subsection C of this Section for the period in which the person held the office or position during that year.
- C. The financial statement required by this Section shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Board of Ethics and shall include the following information:
- (1)(a) Any and all income exceeding two hundred fifty dollars received during the immediately preceding calendar year by the individual who is required to file or the spouse of such individual which is received from any of the following:
 - (i) The state or any political subdivision as defined in Article VI of the Constitution of Louisiana.
 - (ii) Services performed for or in connection with a gaming interest as defined in R.S. 18:1505.2(L)(3)(a).
- (b) Any and all income exceeding two hundred fifty dollars received during the immediately preceding calendar year by any business in which the individual required to file or his spouse, individually or collectively, owns at least ten percent, which is received for services performed for or in connection with a gaming interest as defined in R.S. 18:1505.2(L)(3)(a).
- (c) Each contract entered into during the immediately preceding calendar year by any business in which the individual required to file or his spouse, individually or collectively, owns at least ten percent with the state or any political subdivision as defined in Article VI of the Constitution of Louisiana, including the amount or value of the contract, the duration of the contract, and a description of the goods or services provided or to be provided pursuant to the contract.
- (2) A certification that such individual has filed his federal and state income tax return, or has filed for an extension of time for filing such tax return.
 - (3) The full name and mailing address of the individual who is required to file.
- (4) The full name of the individual's spouse, if any, and the spouse's occupation and principal business address.
- (5) The name of the employer, job title, and a brief job description of each full-time or part-time employment held by the individual or spouse.
 - D. For purposes of this Section, the following words shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Business" and "income" shall have the same meanings as provided in R.S. 42:1124.
 - (2) "Public office" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 18:1483.

Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 1, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2010; Acts 2008, No. 162, §3, eff. Jan. 1, 2010; Acts 2008, No. 472, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2010; Acts 2010, No. 786, §1; Acts 2012, No. 574, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2014, No. 744, §2; Acts 2016, No. 559, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2017.

§1124.4. Penalties

- A.(1) If a person fails to timely file a financial statement as required by R.S. 18:1495.7 or by R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, 1124.2.1, or 1124.3, or a person omits any information required to be included in the statement, or the board has reason to believe information included in the statement is inaccurate, the board shall notify the person of such failure, omission, or inaccuracy by sending him by certified mail or service of process a notice of delinquency immediately upon discovery of the failure, omission, or inaccuracy.
- (2) The notice of delinquency shall inform the person that the financial statement must be filed, or that the information must be disclosed or accurately disclosed, or that a written answer contesting the allegation of such a failure, omission, or inaccuracy must be filed no later than seven business days after receipt of the

notice of delinquency. The notice shall include the deadline for filing the statement, filing the answer, or disclosing or accurately disclosing the information.

- (3) The board shall inform the person in the notice of delinquency that failure to file the statement, to disclose or accurately disclose the information, or to file an answer contesting the allegation by the deadline shall result in the imposition of penalties as provided in Subsection C of this Section.
- B.(1) If the person files the statement, provides the omitted information, or corrects the inaccurate information prior to the deadline contained in the notice of delinquency, no penalties shall be assessed against the person. If the person files a written answer contesting the allegations prior to the deadline contained in the notice of delinquency, no penalties shall be assessed until a determination is made by the board that a violation occurred.
- (2) If the person fails to file the statement, fails to provide the omitted information, fails to correct the inaccurate information, or fails to file a written answer prior to the deadline contained in the notice of delinquency, he shall be subject to assessment of the penalties provided in Subsection C of this Section for each day until the statement, omitted information, corrected information, or written answer is filed.
- (3) Upon a finding by the board in connection with a written answer that no violation has occurred, no penalties shall be assessed against the person. If the board finds in connection with a written answer that the person has failed to file the statement or failed to disclose or accurately disclose the required information, he shall be subject to assessment of the penalties provided in Subsection C of this Section for each day until the statement is filed, until the omitted information is filed, or until the inaccurate information is corrected.
 - C. Penalties shall be assessed as follows:
 - (1) Five hundred dollars per day for financial statements required by R.S. 42:1124.
 - (2) One hundred dollars per day for statements required by R.S. 42:1124.2.
 - (3) Fifty dollars per day for statements required by R.S. 42:1124.2.1 or 1124.3.
- (4) The penalties to be assessed candidates shall be assessed according to which financial statement the candidate is required to file as provided in R.S. 18:1495.7.
- D.(1)(a) A finding by the board after the notice provided for in Paragraph (A)(1) of this Section that a person has willfully and knowingly failed to file a statement, willfully and knowingly failed to timely file a statement, willfully and knowingly omitted information from a statement, or willfully and knowingly provided inaccurate information in a statement shall subject the person to prosecution for a misdemeanor.
- (b)(i) Upon first conviction thereof, the person shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars.
- (ii) Upon a second or subsequent conviction for violation of the same reporting requirement, the person shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars.
- (2) Any person prosecuted under this Subsection shall have a right to be tried before a jury of six persons, all of whom shall concur to render a verdict.
- (3) Findings pursuant to this Section shall be made by the board at a public hearing conducted for that purpose.
- (4) Upon finding at a public hearing a possible violation of Subsection D of this Section, the board shall forward its findings to the district attorney in the parish which is the domicile of the person who filed the report for appropriate action.
- E.(1) The Board of Ethics shall post on its web site on the Internet a list of all persons who have failed to file, or failed to timely file, or who have failed to provide omitted information or failed to provide accurate information as required by this Section.

- (2)(a) No person shall be included on the list unless he fails to file, to provide omitted information, or to provide accurate information by the deadline included in a notice of delinquency, nor shall he be included on the list if he has filed an answer contesting the allegations included in the notice of delinquency.
- (b) A person shall be removed from the list within two business days after filing the statement or accurately disclosing the required information.
- F. If a person who is required to disclose information required by R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, 1124.2.1, or 1124.3 discovers an error or inaccuracy in the information he disclosed and files an amendment to such disclosure correcting such error or inaccuracy prior to the receipt of a notice of delinquency, no penalties shall be assessed against the person, and the board shall replace the initial disclosure with the amendment thereto in the official records of the board.

Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 1, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 162, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 472, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2012, No. 574, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2014, No. 739, §1.

§1124.5. Disclosure; Board of Ethics; ethics administrator

Each member of the Board of Ethics and the ethics administrator shall include on the statement required by R.S. 42:1124.2 the following information for the preceding calendar year unless the information is already included in the statement:

- (1) The name, address, brief description of, and nature of association with and the amount of interest in each business in which the individual or spouse is a director, officer, owner, partner, member, or trustee, or in which the individual or spouse owns any interest, excluding a publicly traded corporation.
- (2) The name, address, type, and amount of each source of income received by the individual or spouse, or by any business in which the individual or spouse owns an interest, excluding a publicly traded corporation, which is received from the state or any political subdivision as defined in Article VI of the Constitution of Louisiana.
- (3) The name of each governmental entity from whom the individual or his spouse derives any thing of economic value through any contract or subcontract involving a governmental entity, including the Louisiana Insurance Guaranty Association, the Louisiana Health Insurance Guaranty Association, Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, the Property Insurance Association of Louisiana, and any other quasi public entity; the nature of the contract or subcontract; and the value of thing of economic value derived.

Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 1, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009.

§1124.6. Disclosure statements; certain agency heads and appointees to state boards and commissions

- A.(1) Each person who is directly employed by a statewide elected official to serve as an agency head, who is subject to annual financial statements as required by R.S. 42:1124, and who made a contribution or loan in excess of one thousand dollars to a campaign of the official who employed him, shall disclose to the board his date of employment, his salary, the name of the candidate to whom a contribution or loan was made, and the amount of any such contribution or loan. Each such person shall include the information required by this Subsection on the annual financial statement that is required by this Part.
- (2) Each person who is appointed to a state board or commission, who is subject to annual financial statements as required by R.S. 42:1124.2.1, and who made a contribution or loan in excess of one thousand dollars to a campaign of the official who appointed him shall disclose to the board his date of appointment, the amount of any compensation provided for such position, the name of the candidate to whom a contribution or loan was made, and the amount of any such contribution or loan. Each such person shall include the information required by this Subsection on the annual financial statement that is required by this Part.

- B.(1) The contributions or loans required by this Section to be disclosed shall include only those made within one year of the employment or appointment. This information shall be included in the report that covers the time period in which the employment or appointment occurred.
 - (2) For purposes of this Section:
 - (a) "Candidate" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 18:1483(3)(a).
- (b) "Contribution" means a gift, conveyance, payment, or deposit of money or anything of value, or the forgiveness of a loan or of a debt, made for the purpose of supporting, opposing, or otherwise influencing the nomination or election of a person to public office, whether made before or after the election.
 - (c) "Loan" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 18:1483(10). *Acts 2009, No. 238, §1.*

§1125. Gubernatorial transition and inauguration; contribution limits; reports

- A.(1) Any contribution received and accepted by the person elected governor, or any person on his behalf, following the date of his election and expenditures made from such contributions shall be reported by the governor to the Board of Ethics as provided for in this Section.
- (2) The person elected governor and any person accepting contributions on his behalf shall not accept contributions totaling more than five thousand dollars from any person.
 - B. As used in this Section:
- (1) "Contribution" means a gift, loan, conveyance, payment, or deposit of money or any thing of value, including an in-kind contribution, made for the purpose of supporting the transition and any event, activity, or fund associated with the inauguration of the governor-elect. However, "contribution" shall not include funds received pursuant to R.S. 49:209 or the receipt and acceptance of a campaign contribution as defined in R.S. 18:1483(6).
 - (2) "Expenditure" means any use of a contribution.
- (3) "Transition" means the effort to organize the operations of the governor-elect and includes the acquisition of funds to cover necessary office expenses, including the rental of office space, the employment of clerical and other assistance, and office provisions such as stationery, postage, telephone service, or other similar charges.
- C. On or before the sixtieth day after the gubernatorial inauguration and by February fifteenth annually thereafter until all contributions have been expended or used, the governor shall file an all-inclusive report with the Board of Ethics which shall state:
 - (1) The full name and address of each person, natural or legal, who has made a contribution.
- (2) The date and amount of each contribution and a brief description and valuation of each in-kind contribution.
- (3) The full name and address of each person to whom an expenditure was made and the amount, date, and purpose of each expenditure and a description of the use of each in-kind contribution.
 - D. All reports required by this Section shall be:
- (1) Filed electronically through the Board of Ethics Computerized Data Management System as provided in R.S. 42:1158.
- (2) Filed on forms prepared for this purpose by the Board of Ethics. Such forms shall be substantially similar to forms used for filings of campaign finance reports for candidates for statewide office prepared by the board acting as the Supervisory Committee on Campaign Finance Disclosure.
- (3) Accompanied by an affidavit by the governor certifying that the information contained in the report is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief.

- E. The governor shall be immune from civil liability as a result of any disclosure made pursuant to this Section.
- F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, all information required to be reported pursuant to this Section shall be public record, and all financial records of the transition and inauguration, including those of any legal entity that accepts contributions or makes expenditures for the transition or inauguration, shall be considered public records subject to the provisions of R.S. 44:1 et seq.

Acts 1997, No. 1263, §1; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 4, §1, eff. April 26, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 514, §2, eff. June 30, 2008; Acts 2009, No. 430, §1, eff. July 7, 2009.

PART II-A. UNETHICAL ELECTION PRACTICES

§1130.1. Legislative findings and intent

The Legislature of Louisiana finds that the state has a compelling interest in taking every necessary step to assure that all elections are held in a fair and ethical manner and finds that an election cannot be held in a fair and ethical manner when any candidate or other person is allowed to make false statements, allegations, or insinuations about a candidate or to use deceptive caller identification information falsely to identify a candidate as the source of calls. The legislature finds that such scurrilous, false, or irresponsible adverse comments about a candidate have no place in effective representative democracy. The legislature, therefore, intends that this Part shall apply to all future elections to further the state's compelling interest in protecting the electoral process and the people's interest in assuring that campaign statements are not knowingly false and deliberately misleading.

Acts 2008, No. 812, §1, eff. July 7, 2008.

§1130.2. Definition

For purposes of this Part, the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (1) "Candidate" means a person who seeks nomination or election to public office. An individual shall be deemed to seek nomination or election to public office if he has done any of the following:
- (a) Since prior participation in an election, if any, received and accepted a contribution or made an expenditure, or has given his consent for any other person or committee to receive a contribution or make an expenditure with a view to influencing his nomination or election to public office whether or not the specific public office for which he will be a candidate is known at the time the contribution is received or the expenditure is made.
- (b) Taken the action necessary under the laws of the state of Louisiana to qualify himself for nomination or election to public office.
- (2) "Contribution" shall have the meaning provided in R.S. 18:1483(6), except that "public office" as used therein shall have the meaning provided in this Section.
 - (3) "Election" shall have the meaning provided in R.S. 18:1483(8).
- (4) "Expenditure" shall have the meaning provided in R.S. 18:1483(9), except that "public office" as used therein shall have the meaning provided in this Section.
- (5) "Public office" shall mean any state, parish, municipal, ward, district, or other office or position, including a federal office, which is filled by election of the voters of the appropriate electorate, except the

office of president or vice president of the United States, presidential elector, delegate to a political party convention, or political party office.

Acts 2008, No. 812, §1, eff. July 7, 2008.

§1130.3. Enforcement; penalties

The provisions of this Part shall be enforced as provided in Part III of this Chapter. Violations of this Part shall be subject to applicable penalties as provided in Part III of this Chapter; however, no fine shall be imposed for any violation occurring prior to January 1, 2009.

Acts 2008, No. 812, §1, eff. July 7, 2008.

§1130.4. False statements by candidate

No candidate in an election shall, with the intent to mislead the voters, distribute or cause to be distributed any oral, visual, or written material containing any statement which he knows makes a false statement about another candidate in the election.

Acts 2008, No. 812, §1, eff. July 7, 2008.

§1130.5. Push polling; false statement, question, or information

- A. For purposes of this Section, "push poll" means any paid telephone survey or series of telephone surveys that are similar in nature, that do not use an established method of scientific survey research, that reference a candidate or group of candidates other than in a basic preference question, and that ask any question or offer information concerning a candidate or candidates which states, implies, or conveys any negative or derogatory information or insinuation about the candidate or candidates and the primary purpose of which is to support or oppose a candidate in an election and not to measure public opinion.
- B. No person shall authorize, commission, administer, conduct, or cause to be conducted any push poll which such person knows contains any false statement or question or which such person knows contains, implies, or conveys any false information or insinuation.

Acts 2008, No. 812, §1, eff. July 7, 2008.

§1130.6. Deceptive caller identification information; prohibition

- A. No person, for the purpose of supporting, opposing, or otherwise influencing the nomination or election of a person to public office, shall authorize or approve any call, or cause any call to be made, which the person knows or reasonably should know will include or will be transmitted with deceptive caller identification information.
 - B. For purposes of this Section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (1) "Caller identification information" means information provided to an end user by a caller identification service regarding the telephone number of, or other information regarding the origination of, a call made using a telecommunications service.
- (2) "Caller identification service" means any service or device designed to provide the user of the service or device with the telephone number of, or other information regarding the origination of, a call made using a telecommunications service.
- (3) "Deceptive caller identification information" is caller identification information that falsely indicates that the call originated with a particular candidate or a committee or agent of a particular candidate.
- (4) "Telecommunications service" shall have the meaning provided in R.S. 47:301(29)(x). "Telecommunications service" shall include but not be limited to a Voice over Internet Protocol service.
- (5) "Voice over Internet Protocol service" means a service that provides real-time voice communications transmitted through end user equipment using TCP/IP protocol or a successor protocol, that is offered to the

public or to such classes of users as to be effectively available to the public, and that has the capability to originate traffic to or terminate traffic from the public switched telephone network.

Acts 2008, No. 812, §1, eff. July 7, 2008.

PART III. ADMINISTRATION, PROCEDURE AND ENFORCEMENT

SUBPART A. ADMINISTRATION

§1131. Repealed by Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §10, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.

§1132. Board of Ethics

- A. Board of Ethics established. There is hereby established in the Department of State Civil Service the Board of Ethics to be domiciled in the city of Baton Rouge.
- B. Membership; terms; vacancies; qualifications. (1) The Board of Ethics shall consist of eleven members to be selected as follows:
- (a) The governor shall appoint seven members, who shall be representative of the state's population as near as practicable and who shall be subject to Senate confirmation. At least one member shall be appointed from each congressional district. Of those seven, the governor shall appoint at least three members, each of whom shall have been licensed to practice law in this state for at least eight years at the time of his appointment.
 - (b) Two members shall be elected by the House of Representatives.
 - (c) Two members shall be elected by the Senate.
- (2) The governor shall appoint and the House of Representatives and the Senate shall elect members to the board in accordance with R.S. 42:2.1 as follows:
- (a)(i) The presidents, or their designees, of Centenary College of Louisiana, Dillard University at New Orleans, Louisiana College, Loyola University at New Orleans, Our Lady of Holy Cross College at New Orleans, Our Lady of the Lake College at Baton Rouge, Xavier University of Louisiana at New Orleans, New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary, Saint Joseph Seminary College, and Tulane University shall constitute the nominating committee. The nominating committee shall, within sixty days of a vacancy on the board, submit the names of no fewer than five different eligible nominees for each position or vacancy to the governor, Senate, or House of Representatives, whichever is appropriate. In preparing the list of nominees, the nominating committee shall give due consideration to the demographics of the population of the state, including without limitation geography, gender, and race. A majority vote of the membership of the nominating committee shall be required to nominate persons to positions on the board.
- (ii) The governor shall make an appointment and the Senate and the House of Representatives shall elect members no later than sixty days after the receipt of the names of the nominees. Should the governor fail to make an appointment in the sixty-day period, the nominee listed first on the list of nominees shall be deemed appointed to fill the vacancy. Should the Senate or House of Representatives, whichever is appropriate, fail to elect a member from the list of nominees in the sixty-day period, the nominee listed first on the list of nominees shall be deemed elected to fill the vacancy.
- (b) A vacancy on the board for any cause shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and from the same source for the remainder of the original term. If the nominating committee fails to submit nominees in the time required, the governor shall make the appointment or the Senate or the House of Representatives shall elect a person to the board.

- (3)(a) Members of the board shall serve for staggered terms. Initial service shall be as provided in this Section. Thereafter, all terms shall be for five years.
 - (b) Initial terms shall be as follows:
 - (i) Three members shall be appointed for a three-year term by the governor.
 - (ii) Three members shall be appointed for a four-year term by the governor.
 - (iii) One member shall be appointed for a five-year term by the governor.
 - (iv) Two members shall be elected for a five-year term by the Senate.
 - (v) Two members shall be elected for a five-year term by the House of Representatives.
 - (c) No member may serve more than two consecutive terms.
- (4)(a) No former board member may qualify as a candidate for any elected office within six months of the termination of his term on the board.
- (b) No elected official shall serve as a member of the board and no former elected official shall serve as a member of the board within six months of the termination of his term.
- (c) No public employee, except a person who is a public employee solely because of his service as a member of the board, shall serve as a member of the board and no former public employee shall serve as a member of the board within six months of the termination of his employment. However, any person who is a public employee solely because of his service as an appointed member of any public board or commission shall be eligible for nomination and appointment to the board, but upon taking his oath of office, his membership on any other such board or commission shall immediately terminate.
- (d) No person shall be eligible for selection who has been registered as a lobbyist within two calendar years of the date of selection. If any member serving on the board registers as a lobbyist, he shall immediately resign his position on the board.
- (e) No member of the board and no officer or employee of the board shall participate or engage in an effort to support or oppose the election of a candidate for political office or to support a particular party or issue in an election; be a member of any national, state, or local committee of any political party or faction; make or solicit contributions for any political party, faction, candidate, or issue; or take active part in the management of the affairs of a political party, faction, candidate, or any political campaign, except to exercise his right as a citizen to express his opinion privately and to cast his vote as he desires.
- (f) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no member of the Board of Ethics shall serve at the same time on any other board or commission, the membership of which is appointed in whole or in part by the governor. If a member of the board is appointed to any such board or commission, he shall immediately resign his position on the board.
- (g) No person who is a party to any contract with any agency, entity, or political subdivision of the state shall be eligible for selection. If a member of the board becomes a party to any contract with any agency, entity, or political subdivision of the state, he shall immediately resign his position on the board.
- (h) If, at any time after being selected to serve on the board, a member of the board becomes aware that he was ineligible to serve on the board at the time of his selection, he shall immediately resign his position on the board.
- (5) No member of the board appointed after March 6, 2008, shall attend a meeting of the board in his official capacity or participate in any capacity as a member of the board, including but not limited to participating in deliberations or voting, until such member is publicly certified by the staff of the board as having completed a training program designed and administered by the staff of the board regarding all of the provisions of law under the jurisdiction of the board.

- C. Jurisdiction. The Board of Ethics shall administer and enforce the provisions of this Chapter and the rules, regulations, and orders issued hereunder with respect to public employees and elected officials, including final decisions of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board. In addition, the Board of Ethics, functioning as the Supervisory Committee on Campaign Finance Disclosure, shall administer and enforce the provisions of Chapter 11 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, and the rules, regulations, and orders issued thereunder. In addition, the Board of Ethics shall administer the provisions of Part IV of Chapter 2 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, relative to elections integrity.
- D. Additional Jurisdiction. The Board of Ethics shall administer and enforce the provisions of R.S. 27:63, 96, 226, 261, 316, and 373, Part III of Chapter 1 of Title 24 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, Chapter 46 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, and R.S. 47:9072.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980. Amended by Acts 1981, No. 59, §2, eff. June 17, 1981; Acts 1989, No. 45, §2; Acts 1989, No. 721, §1, eff. July 8, 1989 until July 1, 1990; Acts 1991, No. 755, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 1992; Acts 1993, No. 965, §3, eff. August 15, 1993; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2001, No. 291, §§1 and 2, eff. June 6, 2001; Acts 2001, No. 482, §1; Acts 2004, No. 116, §1, eff. January 1, 2005; Acts 2006, No. 334, §1, eff. July 1, 2006; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 10, §1, eff. March 6, 2008; Acts 2010, No. 561, §1; Acts 2010, No. 788, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2011; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012; Acts 2012, No. 639, §1.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1133. Board of Ethics; quorum, recusal, compensation, officers

- A. Quorum. Six members shall constitute a quorum for transacting the business of the board.
- B. Recusal. Any member of the board who has a personal interest in or who becomes the subject of an investigation or hearing by the board shall recuse himself from participation in such investigation or hearing.
- C. Compensation. Members of the board shall receive fifty dollars per diem for each day devoted to the work of the board. They shall also receive reimbursement for vouchered traveling, lodging, and other expenses at the rate established for state employees.
- D. Officers. The board shall elect a chairman from among its members to serve a two-year term. The board shall select other necessary officers from among its membership.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1989, No. 721, §1, eff. July 8, 1989; Acts 1990, No. 1076, §1, eff. July 31, 1990; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.

NOTE: See Acts 1989 No. 721, §§2 and 5.

NOTE: Acts 1990, No. 1076, §1, Changes the Termination of Acts 1989, No. 721, §§1 and 2, to July 1, 1991. Also See Notes in LSA at this Section.

NOTE: See Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §14.

§1134. Powers, duties, and responsibilities of the board

- A.(1) The Board of Ethics may adopt, amend, repeal, and enforce rules and regulations in the manner provided by the Administrative Procedure Act to carry out the provisions and purposes of this Chapter and any other law within its jurisdiction.
- (2) The board shall provide for procedural rules governing the establishment and implementation of time periods for the dismissal of a complaint, the filing of a formal charge, the notification of the parties of the rendition of a decision, and the assessment of penalties.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection or the Administrative Procedure Act, all forms required by R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, 1124.2.1, 1124.3, and 1124.5 shall be prepared and prescribed by the Board of Ethics as provided in this Paragraph. The board shall submit all such proposed forms to the Senate Committee on Senate and Governmental Affairs and the House Committee on House and Governmental Affairs for review and approval. The approval of each legislative committee shall be required

prior to the utilization of a form to satisfy the requirements of R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, 1124.2.1, 1124.3, or 1124.5. Upon receipt of a proposed form, the legislative committees shall meet, either separately or jointly, within sixty days to consider and act on the proposed form. Approval by either legislative committee, meeting separately, shall require a favorable vote of a majority of the members present and voting, a quorum of the legislative committee being present. Approval by the two legislative committees, meeting jointly, shall require a favorable vote of a majority of the members of each legislative committee present and voting, each committee voting separately, a quorum of the joint legislative committee being present. If the proposed form fails to receive the approval of both legislative committees within sixty days after submission by the supervisory committee, the proposed form shall be withdrawn from consideration.

- B.(1) The board shall select an executive secretary who shall perform the necessary administrative and other functions that the board may delegate. The executive secretary shall be a full-time public employee and shall not engage in any employment with any other agency of the state or with a political subdivision or agency thereof or enter into any contract or subcontract with any other agency of the state or with a political subdivision or agency thereof. All investigations, normal staff functions, and legal services shall be conducted by the staff of the Department of State Civil Service under the authority and direction of the board. The board may obtain investigative assistance from any agency.
- (2)(a) The board shall select an ethics administrator to serve as general counsel to the board, to provide general office management, and to perform other functions that the board may delegate.
- (b) The ethics administrator shall be a full-time public employee and shall not engage in any employment with any other agency of the state or with a political subdivision or agency thereof or enter into any contract or subcontract with any other agency of the state or with a political subdivision or agency thereof. In addition, the ethics administrator shall not engage in outside business activities requiring active participation as determined by the board. For purposes of this Subparagraph, "outside business activities requiring active participation" shall include but not be limited to the practice of any profession for compensation other than in performing his public duties and responsibilities as ethics administrator.
- C. The board may conduct private investigations in carrying out the board's responsibilities and powers under this Chapter and in obtaining information to serve as a basis for recommending additional legislation related to the purposes of this Chapter.
- D. The board or a panel thereof may conduct private and public hearings in the discharge of the board's responsibilities.
- E. The board may render advisory opinions with respect to the provisions of this Chapter and any other law within its jurisdiction and rules and regulations issued by the board. To facilitate this process, the board may provide by rule, for a consent agenda of proposed decisions on advisory opinions which shall be researched and prepared by the board's staff. Such rules shall provide for removing from the consent agenda any proposed advisory opinion which a member objects to considering on the consent agenda. Only those advisory opinions which are based on and consistent with prior opinions rendered by the board or its predecessors or prior decisions made by the board shall be placed on the consent agenda. The board may review and revise any opinion prepared by staff which has been or shall be placed on the consent agenda.
- F. The board shall receive reports from agencies and collect information with respect to, and conduct studies of, personal conflicts of interest of public servants within its jurisdiction.
- G. The board may consult with appropriate officials with respect to conflict of interest matters affecting more than one public agency.
- H. The board may consult with agency heads and with appropriate officers designated by them as to the administration of this Chapter, within the board's jurisdiction, within their respective agencies and the regulations issued hereunder applicable to their respective agencies.

- I. The board shall provide reports and information to the governor, the legislature, and to governing authorities concerning the administration of this Chapter within its jurisdiction and conflict of interest matters generally.
- J. The board shall make recommendations to the governor and the legislature for revisions in the Code of Governmental Ethics and other legislation relating to the conduct of public servants and other persons subject to the provisions of this Chapter who are within its jurisdiction.
- K. The board shall do and perform such other acts, duties, and functions as are provided elsewhere in this Chapter as it shall deem appropriate in connection with the provisions of this Chapter within its jurisdiction, except those duties and functions of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board.
- L. The board shall establish and implement a policy to provide information and material, in booklet form, by seminar, or by other means to any individual appointed to a public board or commission, that is not a state board or commission, which would inform them of the provisions of the Code of Governmental Ethics which are applicable to such appointed positions. The board may adopt and charge a fee, in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, for any material or seminar provided pursuant to this Subsection.
- M. The board shall establish a computerized data management system for the collection and dissemination of any material pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter and for the processing of any reports required to be filed with the board pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter, Chapter 11 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, or any other provision of law. On a regular basis, the board shall offer training on the use of this system as well as educational materials detailing the procedures necessary to file such reports electronically.
- N.(1) On a regular basis, the board shall conduct educational activities, seminars, and publish appropriate materials which provide instruction and information relative to the subjects of ethics and conflicts of interest concerning the following provisions: the Code of Governmental Ethics; the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act; the provisions of Part III of Chapter 1 of Title 24 relative to lobbying of the legislature; the provisions of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 relative to lobbying of executive branch agencies; the provisions of Chapter 46 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, relative to lobbying local government; the Louisiana Riverboat Economic Development and Gaming Control Act; the Louisiana Economic Development and Gaming Corporation Act; the Louisiana Lottery Corporation Law; the Video Draw Poker Devices Control Law; and any other matter within the board's jurisdiction or as provided in this Chapter. Such activities, seminars, and materials shall explain the law in plain language and shall be open or available to public servants in all state and local agencies, persons who do business with such agencies, candidates, lobbyists, and any other interested persons.
- (2) The board shall design and make available to all interested persons via the Internet training and educational materials pertaining to the Code of Governmental Ethics; the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act; the provisions of Part III of Chapter 1 of Title 24 relative to lobbying of the legislature; the provisions of Chapter 46 of Title 33 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, relative to lobbying local government; and the provisions of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 relative to lobbying of executive branch agencies.
- O. The board shall publish, both in hard copy format and via the Internet, all public charges, opinions, letters of advice, and decisions of the Board of Ethics and its predecessors, the Board of Ethics for Elected Officials and the Commission on Ethics for Public Employees, concerning all of the laws under the jurisdiction of the board. In addition, the Board of Ethics shall compile and publish, both in hard copy format and via the Internet, an index referencing each such charge, opinion, letter of advice, and decision of the Board of Ethics and its predecessors, the Board of Ethics for Elected Officials and the Commission on Ethics

for Public Employees, to the specific citation or citations of law on which the charge, opinion, letter of advice, or decision is based.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980. Amended by Acts 1981, No. 59, §2, eff. June 17, 1981; Acts 1993, No. 909, §1; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §§6, 10, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2004, No. 116, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2005; Acts 2007, No. 315, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2008; Acts 2007, No. 442, §1, eff. Aug. 15, 2008; Acts 2010, No. 788, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2011; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012; Acts 2014, No. 857, §2.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1135. Enforcement of regulation, decision, or order of the Board of Ethics

The Board of Ethics shall have the right to enforce any valid regulation, final decision, or final order of the Board of Ethics or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board in any court of competent jurisdiction in this state by a mandamus or injunction suit brought for that purpose. Any court of competent jurisdiction in this state shall have authority to convert a valid final decision or final order into a court order, upon receipt from the Board of Ethics of a rule to show cause for that purpose.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1987, No. 730, §1; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012; Acts 2018, No. 418, §1.

SUBPART B. PROCEDURE

§1141. Complaints and investigations

- A.(1) The Board of Ethics members may sit en banc or in panels in such order and at such times as the board directs.
- (2) The Board of Ethics may authorize the hearing and determination of matters by separate panels, each consisting of not less than three members. Such panels shall sit at the times and places to hear matters assigned as the chairman directs. Such hearings shall be public except those provided for in Subsection C of this Section. All determinations of a panel shall be by a majority vote. However, if a panel consists of three members, all determinations of the panel shall require a unanimous vote of the members of the panel. Each panel shall be vested with specific subject matter jurisdiction. The Board of Ethics may determine by rule a procedure to rotate members among different subject matter panels to encourage the participation of each member of the board in, and the knowledge of each member of the board of, matters concerning the different provisions of law under the jurisdiction of the board.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the presence of nine members shall be required to conduct the business of the Board of Ethics sitting en banc.
- (4) The Board of Ethics shall promulgate procedural and jurisdictional rules relative to the establishment of the several panels. The rules shall specify procedures wherein the chairman may refer matters to the appropriate panel with proper subject matter jurisdiction.
- (5) The Board of Ethics by a majority vote of its membership, may review any opinion, decision, finding, or ruling of any panel.
- B.(1)(a) The Board of Ethics shall consider any signed sworn complaint from any elector, hereinafter referred to as complainant, concerning a violation of this Chapter which is within its jurisdiction or the regulations or orders issued by the Board of Ethics, or may, by a two-thirds majority vote of its membership, consider any matter which it has reason to believe may be a violation of this Chapter. Additionally, the board may consider any matter which it has reason to believe may be a violation of any other provision of law within its jurisdiction as provided in this Subsection or as may be otherwise provided by law. A certified copy of the vote; a detailed explanation of the matter, including the specific factual allegations upon which the board based its decision to investigate; and a copy of any complaint received by the board, from which

the name of the complainant has been redacted, shall be sent by certified mail to the accused and the complainant within ten days after the vote occurs or after receipt of a signed sworn complaint. The chairman of the Board of Ethics may assign a matter to the appropriate panel for investigation, in which case the panel shall conduct a private investigation to elicit evidence upon which the panel shall determine whether to recommend to the board that a public hearing be conducted or that a violation has not occurred.

- (b) The board shall provide a person who has filed a non-sworn complaint with only a notification stating the final disposition of the complaint.
- (2) A notice or report sent to the board by the legislative auditor or the inspector general may be treated by the board as a matter for consideration in accordance with the provisions of this Subsection.
- (3) Any person who, with knowledge of its falsity, makes a false complaint shall be subject to the penalties set forth in R.S. 42:1153.
- C.(1) Upon receiving a sworn complaint or voting to consider a matter as provided in Subsection B of this Section, a private investigation shall be conducted to elicit evidence upon which the Board of Ethics shall determine whether a public hearing should be conducted or that a violation has not occurred. The accused and the complainant shall be given written notification of the commencement of the investigation not less than ten days prior to the date set for the commencement of the investigation.
- (2) After the investigation has been completed, the Board of Ethics shall determine whether a public hearing should be conducted to receive evidence and to determine whether any violation of any provision of law within its jurisdiction has occurred. If a violation has not occurred, the defendant and the complainant shall be notified within ten days of the ruling.
- (3)(a) If the board determines following an investigation that a public hearing should be conducted, the board shall issue charges. A public hearing shall be conducted to receive evidence relative to the facts alleged in the charges and to determine whether any violation of any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the board has occurred. The public hearing on such charges shall be conducted by the Ethics Adjudicatory Board in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act and this Part.
 - (b) The charges issued by the board shall contain each of the following:
- (i) A plain, concise, and definite written statement of the essential facts constituting the alleged violation.
 - (ii) The official or customary citation of the statute which is alleged to have been violated.
 - (iii) The date of the meeting at which the board voted to issue charges.
 - (iv) The name of the trial attorney, if designated.
- (c) If the Board of Ethics does not issue charges within one year from the date upon which a sworn complaint is received or, if no sworn complaint was received, within one year from the date the board voted to consider the matter, the matter shall be dismissed. The one-year period shall be prescriptive. The prescriptive period may be suspended, interrupted, or renounced. The prescriptive period shall be suspended by any of the following:
- (i) The person who is the subject of the investigation or complaint files any pleading or proceeding in a state or federal court or with the Ethics Adjudicatory Board related to the matter under investigation that has the effect of delaying or impeding the proceeding.
- (ii) The person who is the subject of the investigation or complaint fails to comply with a subpoena or other request from the Board of Ethics for information related to or in connection with the investigation of the Board of Ethics.

- (d) The person who is the subject of the investigation or complaint may consent in writing to the suspension of the prescriptive period.
- (e) Determinations concerning the prescriptive period provided for in Subparagraph (c) of this Paragraph shall be made by the Ethics Adjudicatory Board.
- (f) The Board of Ethics shall consider offering a consent opinion to each person who is the subject of an investigation.
 - (4) (8) Repealed by Acts 2012, No. 608, §2, eff. June 7, 2012.
 - D, E, and F. Repealed by Acts 2012, No. 608, §2, eff. June 7, 2012.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980. Amended by Acts 1980, No. 579, §1; Acts 1980, No. 580, §1; Acts 1987, No. 730, §1; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1997, No. 1303, §1; Acts 2001, No. 384, §1; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 23, §1, eff. Aug. 15, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 128, §1; Acts 2008, No. 595, §1; Acts 2010, No. 1002, §1, eff. July 8, 2010; Acts 2010, No. 861, §22; Acts 2012, No. 608, §§1, 2, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 1997, No. 1303, §§2 and 3, for effectiveness of Paragraph (B)(3).

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act and the application of R.S. 42:1141(C)(3)(c) and amended by the Act.

§1141.1. Repealed by Acts 2012, No. 608, §2, eff. June 7, 2012.

§1141.2. Ethics Adjudicatory Board

- A. The director of the division of administrative law shall, at a public meeting of the Board of Ethics in December of the year preceding the year in which the terms are to begin, randomly select seven administrative law judges from among those who meet the qualifications to comprise the Ethics Adjudicatory Board. The last selected judge shall serve as the alternate. Members of the adjudicatory board shall have not less than two years of experience as an administrative law judge or not less than ten years experience in the practice of law.
- B.(1) The members shall each serve a three-year term, which term shall begin on January first. There shall be no limitation on the number of times a qualified member may be selected to serve.
 - (2) A vacancy on either three-judge panel shall be filled by the alternate judge.
- (3) A vacancy on the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall be filled for the unexpired term at the next public meeting of the Board of Ethics and in the same manner as for the original selection. The last selected judge shall serve as the alternate.
- C. Members of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall be subject to the same financial disclosure requirements as are provided by law for members of the Board of Ethics. Such members shall also be subject to the same limitations regarding contracting as are applicable to the members of the Board of Ethics as provided by law.
- D. If an administrative law judge who is a member of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board begins work on a matter prior to the end of his term, he shall not be prohibited from completing work on the matter following the end of his term. He shall be considered a member of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board until such work is complete, and such status shall not affect the selection of members for the Ethics Adjudicatory Board.
- E. Any member of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board who has a personal interest in or who becomes the subject of a hearing pursuant to this Part shall recuse himself from participation in such hearing.

Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1141.3. Location of hearings

The Board of Ethics, a panel thereof, or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may conduct any hearing provided in this Chapter in the parish wherein the public servant or person alleged to have violated any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics resides, or in the parish of the official domicile of any office or employment held by the person who is the subject of the investigation or complaint, or in the parish of domicile of the Board of Ethics or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board.

Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1141.4. Notice and procedure

NOTE: This provision of law was included in the Unconstitutional Statutes Biennial Report to the Legislature, dated March 14, 2016.

- A.(1) Any public servant or other person who is to be the subject of a public or private hearing and the complainant shall be given written notification of the pending charges and of the time and place such hearing is to be held. Such notification shall not be less than sixty days prior to the date set for the hearing. Upon the request of a public servant or other person charged, the hearing may be held sooner.
- (2) The Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall give public notice of its hearings that are conducted pursuant to R.S. 42:1141.5.
- B.(1) For purposes of an investigation or a hearing, the Board of Ethics, any panel thereof, or its staff, or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, or any panel thereof, may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any records which a board or panel deems relevant or material to the investigation or hearing. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of any such records may be required at any place designated by a board or panel at no cost to the public servant or other person charged as permitted by the rules of the board requiring such attendance or production or the board of the panel requiring such attendance or production.
- (2) The Board of Ethics and the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall adopt rules providing for discovery consistent with Chapter 3 of Title III of Book II of the Code of Civil Procedure, to the extent and in the manner appropriate to its proceedings.
- C. In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any public servant or other person, any district court of this state within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on, or within which said public servant or other person is found, resides, or transacts business, upon application by the Board of Ethics or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall have jurisdiction to issue to such public servant or other person an order requiring him to appear before the board or its staff and to produce evidence, if so ordered, or to give testimony concerning the matter under consideration. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be deemed by the court as to be contempt of the court.
- D.(1) If any public employee willfully refuses or fails to appear before the Board of Ethics or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board or any court authorized to conduct any hearing or inquiry pertaining to the provisions of this Chapter, or having appeared refuses to testify or answer any question specifically, directly, and narrowly relating to the performance of his official duties on the ground that his testimony or answers would tend to incriminate him, or refuses to accept immunity from prosecution on account of any matter about which he may be asked to testify at any such hearing or inquiry, such action shall be grounds for dismissal or forfeiture of his office or position, and if dismissed, he shall not be eligible thereafter for employment by the governmental entity for a period of five years, unless such reemployment is authorized by a majority vote of the membership of the Board of Ethics.
- (2) If any elected official willfully refuses or fails to appear before the Board of Ethics or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board or any court authorized to conduct any hearing or inquiry pertaining to the provisions of this Chapter or having appeared refuses to testify or answer any question specifically, directly, and

narrowly relating to the performance of his official duties on the ground that his testimony or answers would tend to incriminate him, or refuses to accept immunity from prosecution on account of any matter about which he may be asked to testify at such hearing or inquiry, such action shall be grounds for the imposition of penalties as provided in R.S. 42:1153.

- E. Any public servant or other person who is the subject of any hearing may have legal counsel, cross-examine witnesses, call witnesses, and present evidence in his own behalf. If a person receives an advisory opinion from the Board of Ethics and he acts based upon such advisory opinion, the advisory opinion shall be admissible as evidence at the hearing.
- F. Any public servant or other person who is the subject of any investigation shall be advised of his right to have an attorney present.
- G. Any witness may be accompanied by counsel at investigations or hearings, which counsel may advise the witness of his rights, subject to reasonable limitations to prevent obstruction of or interference with the orderly conduct of the investigation or hearing. His counsel may also submit proposed questions to be asked for his client.
- H. Any witness at any investigation or hearing, subject to rules and regulations promulgated by the Board of Ethics or Ethics Adjudicatory Board, shall be entitled to a copy of his testimony when it becomes important and relevant in a criminal proceeding or subsequent investigation or hearing, provided that the furnishing of such copy will not prejudice the public safety or security.
- I. In making any official determination of whether any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics has been violated, the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may consider testimony pursuant to the Louisiana Code of Evidence.
- J. Any public servant or other person who is aggrieved by any action taken by a panel of the Board of Ethics may request a review of the panel's decision by the full Board of Ethics within thirty days of the panel's decision. The Board of Ethics shall determine whether or not to review the panel's action within thirty days of the request for review.
- K. The records of the Board of Ethics prepared or obtained in connection with investigations and private hearings conducted by the Board of Ethics, including all extracts of minutes and votes to take any matter under consideration in connection therewith, shall be deemed confidential and privileged, except that such records shall be available to each member of the Board of Ethics upon request. Except as provided in this Section and in R.S. 42:1111(E)(2)(c), all records, including the results and conclusions reached in connection with any investigation or hearing, shall be public.
- L.(1) It shall be a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than two thousand dollars or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, for any member of the Board of Ethics, its executive secretary, other employee, or any other person, other than the person who is subject to the investigation or complaint, to make public the testimony taken at a private investigation or private hearing of the Board of Ethics or to make any public statement or give out any information concerning a private investigation or private hearing of the Board of Ethics without the written request of the public servant or other person investigated.
- (2) Upon receipt of a written request by the public servant or person charged, the Board of Ethics shall furnish the requestor with a certified copy of the entire proceedings of a private hearing, including a verbatim transcript of all testimony considered at such hearing, and make public the findings of any private investigation or hearing in connection with the charges.
- M. The provisions of the Open Meetings Law shall not apply to investigations and private hearings conducted by the Board of Ethics.

Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1141.5. Adjudicatory hearings

- A. The Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall sit in rotating panels composed of three administrative law judges randomly selected from among the members of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board. The panel shall select the administrative law judge who will preside over the hearing. The determination of the majority of the panel in a particular case shall be the determination of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board. After the hearing, the presiding administrative law judge shall assign authorship responsibility for the determination.
- B. After the hearing, the adjudicatory panel shall determine whether a violation of any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics has occurred. If the adjudicatory panel determines that a violation has occurred, it shall determine what authorized penalties or other sanctions, if any, should be imposed and shall issue a final decision.
- C. If the public hearing of the adjudicatory panel fails to disclose clear and convincing evidence to support the charges, the adjudicatory panel shall make an official determination of its findings and shall issue a final decision. The person charged and the complainant shall be notified in writing within ten days of the adjudicatory panel's rendition of a final decision. The person charged may require the adjudicatory panel to make an official determination of the validity of the charges against him.
- D. If the adjudicatory panel determines that a violation has occurred and prescribes authorized penalties or other sanctions, the public servant or person may appeal as set forth in R.S. 42:1142.

Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1141.6. Declaratory opinions

- A. Upon application of a public servant, other person, or agency, the Board of Ethics may declare rights, status, and other legal relations established by the provisions of this Chapter or by any other law within its jurisdiction or under opinions issued by the board, either before or after there has been a breach thereof. The applicant may seek to have the Board of Ethics determine any question of construction or validity arising under the provisions of this Chapter or by any other law within its jurisdiction.
- B. The Board of Ethics' power to declare rights, status, or legal relations established by the provisions of this Chapter or by any other law within its jurisdiction or under opinions issued by the board, or the construction of such laws or opinions, is not limited or restricted to any proceeding where a declaratory opinion is sought in order to terminate a controversy or remove an uncertainty.
- C. The purpose of a declaratory opinion is to settle and afford relief from uncertainty and insecurity with respect to rights, status, and other legal relations established by the provisions of this Chapter or by any other law within the Board of Ethics' jurisdiction or under opinions issued by the board, or the construction of such laws and opinions.
- D. A declaratory opinion is a final decision of the Board of Ethics. The decision of the board on an application for a declaratory opinion shall be rendered after a public hearing and only after the requesting party, all other interested parties, and the board's staff have been afforded full and complete opportunity to present evidence, testimony, and argument. A declaratory opinion of the board shall be considered a final decision and shall be reviewable by the Court of Appeal, First Circuit, pursuant to R.S. 42:1142.
- E. The Board of Ethics may refuse to render a declaratory opinion where such opinion, if rendered, would not terminate the uncertainty or controversy giving rise to the proceeding.
- F. When a declaratory opinion is sought, the public servant, other person, or agency, as necessary and appropriate for the rendition of a declaratory opinion, who has or claims any interest which would be affected by the opinion shall be made a respondent and given notice of the request and of all public hearings conducted pursuant to the request.

G. The procedures for seeking a declaratory opinion and for the public hearing on such request shall be provided by rule adopted by the Board of Ethics pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act.

Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1142. Appeals

- A.(1) Whenever action is taken against any public servant or person by order of the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or by a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, or by an agency head by order of the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or by a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, or whenever any public servant or person is aggrieved by any action taken by the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, he may appeal to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit.
- (a) An order of the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, may be appealed by filing a written motion with the Board of Ethics within thirty days after the signing and transmission of the notice of the order.
- (b) A final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may be appealed by filing a written motion with the Ethics Adjudicatory Board within thirty days after the signing and transmission of the notice of the final decision, or if a rehearing is requested, within thirty days after the transmission of the notice of the decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board on the rehearing.
- (2)(a) Upon the unanimous vote of its members present and voting, the Board of Ethics may appeal a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit, within thirty days after the signing and transmission of the notice of the final decision, or if a rehearing is requested, within thirty days after the transmission of the notice of the decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board on the rehearing. Only questions of law in a final decision may be appealed pursuant to this Paragraph, and the appeal shall be limited to the record created at the hearing before the adjudicatory panel of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board. For purposes of this Paragraph, "final decision" means the decision and order of the adjudicatory panel of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board on the final disposition of the entire matter the Ethics Adjudicatory Board was required to hear.
- (b) If the Board of Ethics does not prevail in the final disposition of its appeal, the Board of Ethics shall be responsible for the payment of reasonable attorney fees and court costs of the other party inclusive of all stages of litigation and appeal.
- (c) The amount of attorney fees shall be determined by the court of appeal and shall be set forth in the court's judgment.
- (3) Any refusal by the Board of Ethics to issue a declaratory opinion is subject to the supervisory jurisdiction of the appellate court as provided by Article V, Section 10 of the Constitution of Louisiana. The Court of Appeal, First Circuit, shall promulgate rules of procedure to be followed in taking and lodging such appeals.
- B. In the event that any public employee suspended or dismissed by order of the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or by a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, or any public employee suspended or dismissed by an appointing authority by an order of the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board expressly for violation of any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics is ordered reinstated by a final court order upon appeal, the public employee shall be entitled to receive his back pay for the period of his suspension or improper dismissal less any earnings by him during the period from other sources, provided, however, that there shall be excluded from the mentioned deduction costs of court and reasonable attorney fees which shall be fixed by the court.
- C. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, a public employee who has attained permanent status in the classified state or city service, as provided in Article X, Section 1 of the Constitution of Louisiana, may, whenever any disciplinary action is taken against him by the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or the

Ethics Adjudicatory Board, or by an appointing authority by order of the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, appeal to the appropriate civil service commission, if written application to the board or panel that ordered the disciplinary action is made within thirty days after the decision becomes final. Any decision of a civil service commission may be appealed to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit, either by the Board of Ethics or the public employee, if a written motion is filed with the civil service commission within thirty days after the decision of such civil service commission becomes final.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, any tenured public employee of a public institution of higher education in this state may, whenever any disciplinary action is taken against him by the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, or by the appointing authority by order of the Board of Ethics, or panel thereof, or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board, appeal to the appropriate higher education management board, if the tenured employee files a written appeal with the board or panel that ordered the disciplinary action within thirty days after the order or the decision becomes final. Such appeal shall be solely on the record of the hearing of the board or panel that ordered the disciplinary action and the Board of Ethics and the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the preparation of such record. If appeal is timely filed, the appropriate higher education management board shall review the record and decision shall be rendered within one hundred twenty days of the receipt of the record from the board or panel that ordered the disciplinary action. Any decision of a higher education management board may be appealed to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit, as provided in this Chapter, either by the Board of Ethics or by the tenured public employee, upon application to the appropriate higher education management board within thirty days after the decision of such higher education management board is rendered.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1999, No. 252, §1, eff. June 11, 1999; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 24, §1, eff. March 14, 2008; Acts 2008, No. 595, §1; Acts 2010, No. 1002, §1, eff. July 8, 2010; Acts 2012, No. 607, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

§1143. Procedure and rules of evidence

Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, all proceedings conducted by the board or panel shall be subject to and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.

SUBPART C. ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

§1151. Administrative enforcement

A. Enforcement as to current public employees. An agency head and any other public servant having the authority to appoint a person to a position of public service, regardless of whether or not such appointment requires the approval of the Senate or any other body, employee, or person, shall take such action as may be ordered by a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board with respect to any public employee within his agency or any such appointee, upon a determination that such employee or appointee has violated any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics or any order, rule, or regulation promulgated thereunder. Such action may include the imposition of the conditions described in Subsection B of this Section.

B. Enforcement as to former public servants and other persons. Upon a determination by the Ethics Adjudicatory Board or a court of competent jurisdiction, that a former public servant or other person has violated any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics or any order, rule, or regulation promulgated hereunder, the agency head or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall bar or impose reasonable conditions upon:

- (1) The appearance before such agency of such former public servant or other person.
- (2) The conduct of, or negotiation or competition for, business with such agency by such former public servant or other person, for such period of time as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this Chapter.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1152. Rescission of action of a governmental entity

- A. Subject to the limitations set forth in this Section, the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may cancel or rescind any contract of or permit or license issued by a governmental entity without liability to the governmental entity when:
- (1) The Ethics Adjudicatory Board has found that a violation of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics has influenced the issuing of the permit or license or the making of such contract.
- (2) The Ethics Adjudicatory Board finds under all of the circumstances that the interests of the governmental entity so require; however, such rescission is to be limited so as to not adversely affect the interests of innocent third parties.
- B. The determination referred to in Subsection A of this Section shall be made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Part and shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 42:1142, provided that the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may suspend the contract, permit, or license of the governmental entity subject to the limitations in Paragraph (A)(2) of this Section pending the determination of the merits of the controversy.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1988, No. 581, §1; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1153. Penalties

- A. Upon a determination that any elected official or other person has violated any provision of any law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics except violations of the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act which shall be governed by Chapter 11 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may censure the elected official or person, or impose a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or both.
- B. Upon a determination that any public employee or other person has violated any provision of any law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics except violations of the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act which shall be governed by Chapter 11 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may remove, suspend, or order a reduction in pay, or demotion of the public employee or other person, or impose a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars, or both.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 66, §3, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1154. Civil penalties for illegal payments

When the results of an investigation conducted pursuant to this Part indicates that a violation of R.S. 42:1117 has occurred, and after an adjudicatory hearing on the matter, the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may order the payment of a penalty by any person who violates R.S. 42:1117. The penalty shall be limited to an

amount not in excess of ten thousand dollars. Any appeal of such final decision by the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall be to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit, pursuant to R.S. 42:1142.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 66, §§3, 5, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1155. Penalties for illegal gain; forfeiture of gifts, payments

A. If an investigation conducted pursuant to this Part reveals that any public servant or other person has violated any law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics to his economic advantage, and after an adjudicatory hearing on the matter, the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may order the payment of penalties. Recovery may include, in addition to an amount equal to such economic advantage, penalties not to exceed one half of the amount of the economic advantage. Any appeal of such final decision by the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall be to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit, pursuant to R.S. 42:1142.

B. The Ethics Adjudicatory Board is authorized to order the forfeiture of any gifts or payments made in violation of this Chapter.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 66, §3, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1156. Finding of possible criminal violation

Upon finding at a public hearing that there is probable cause to believe that any public servant or other person has violated any criminal law of this state, the Board of Ethics or the Ethics Adjudicatory Board shall forward a copy of its findings to the district attorney of the parish in which the violation occurred, for appropriate action. Thereafter, notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, such district attorney shall have access to all records of the board relative to such charges.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1157. Late filing fees

A.(1)(a) The staff of the Board of Ethics may assess and issue a final order for the payment of late filing fees, in accordance with rules adopted by the Board of Ethics, for any failure to timely file any report or statement due under any law under its jurisdiction as provided in R.S. 42:1132(C), R.S. 24:50 et seq., R.S. 49:71 et seq., or R.S. 33:9661 et seq. A final order issued pursuant to this Subparagraph shall be appealable to the Ethics Adjudicatory Board for an adjudicatory hearing conducted in accordance with R.S. 42:1141.5.

- (b) The Board of Ethics may waive all or any part of late filing fees assessed pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph. Any request for waiver of late filing fees assessed in a final order of the staff of the Board of Ethics shall be made to the Board of Ethics, which shall promulgate rules governing the procedure to request a waiver as well as to provide for waiver for "good cause" shown. "Good cause" shall be defined as any action or circumstance which, in the considered judgment of the Board of Ethics, were not within the control of the late filer and which were the direct cause of the late filing or any applicable provision in R.S. 18:1511.5(B). The final disposition of the Board of Ethics on a request for waiver shall not be appealable to the Ethics Adjudicatory Board.
- (c) The Board of Ethics shall promulgate rules to facilitate the carrying out of the provisions of this Chapter regarding order for, payment of, and waiver of late filing fees.
- (d) When all delays for a request for waiver or appeal of late filing fees have expired, a final order of the Board of Ethics or its staff shall become executory and may be enforced as any other money judgment.

The Board of Ethics may file civil proceedings to collect such late filing fees in a court of competent jurisdiction. The proceedings shall be conducted pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Louisiana Code of Civil Procedure.

- (2) The late filing fees for any lobbyist required to register and file reports under the provisions of R.S. 24:50 et seq., shall be as provided in R.S. 24:58(D). The late filing fees for any lobbyist required to register and file reports under the provisions of R.S. 49:71 et seq., shall be as provided in R.S. 49:78(D); however, the late filing fees applicable to a lobbyist for a lobbyist expenditure report filed pursuant to R.S. 24:55(G) or R.S. 49:76(G) which contains all of the information required by Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 and all of the information required by Part III of Chapter 1 of Title 24 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 shall be fifty dollars per day. The late filing fees for any lobbyist required to register and file reports under the provisions of R.S. 33:9661 et seq., shall be as provided in R.S. 33:9668(D).
 - (3)(a)(i) The late filing fees for any violation of R.S. 42:1114 shall be as provided in R.S. 42:1124.1(A).
- (ii) The late penalties for any violation of R.S. 42:1124, 1124.2, 1124.2.1, or 1124.3 shall be as provided in R.S. 42:1124.4.
 - (b) The late filing fees for any violation of R.S. 42:1114.2 shall be as provided in R.S. 42:1114.2(G).
- (4) Any late filing fees assessed by the Board of Ethics or its staff, for any failure to timely file any report or statement due, shall not exceed the following:
 - (a) If the fee is forty dollars per day, the maximum shall be one thousand dollars.
 - (b) If the fee is fifty dollars per day, the maximum shall be one thousand five hundred dollars.
 - (c) If the fee is sixty dollars per day, the maximum shall be two thousand dollars.
 - (d) If the fee is one hundred dollars per day, the maximum shall be two thousand five hundred dollars.
 - (e) If the fee is two hundred dollars per day, the maximum shall be three thousand dollars.
 - (f) If the fee is five hundred dollars per day, the maximum shall be twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
- B. The staff of the Board of Ethics shall mail by certified mail a notice of delinquency within four days after the due date of which the staff knows or has reason to know, for any report or statement due under the laws within its jurisdiction which has not been timely filed.
- C. All funds collected by the staff of the Board of Ethics as provided in Subsection A of this Section shall be deposited upon receipt in the state treasury.

Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 66, §§3, 5, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1999, No. 2, §1, eff. April 22, 1999; Acts 1999, No. 417, §1; Acts 1999, No. 1349, §2, eff. July 12, 1999; Acts 2001, No. 293, §1; Acts 2004, No. 116, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2005; Acts 2004, No. 868, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2005; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 1, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2008, No. 472, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2010, No. 788, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2011; Acts 2010, No. 857, §2; Acts 2012, No. 608, §1, eff. June 7, 2012; Acts 2014, No. 687, §1; Acts 2014, No. 739, §1.

NOTE: See Acts 2012, No.608, §3, relative to the prospective application of Act.

§1157.1. Timely filing of reports and statements due; presumption

- A. The filing of reports and statements shall be deemed timely in the following cases:
- (1) The papers are hand-delivered, mailed, or deposited for delivery with a commercial delivery service, on or before the due date. If the papers are received by mail or delivered by a commercial delivery service on the first day following the due date, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the papers were timely filed. In all cases where the presumption does not apply, the timeliness of the filing shall be shown only by an official U.S. postmark, official receipt or certificate from the U.S. Postal Service, or by receipt or invoice of a commercial delivery service made at the time of mailing or deposit for delivery which indicates the date thereof. For purposes of this Section, "by mail" applies only to the U.S. Postal Service.

- (2) The report or statement due is transmitted by facsimile transmission or electronic transfer and received by the board on or before the due date. Any report or statement transmitted by facsimile transmission or electronic transfer and received by the board shall be considered as if filed in the original. However, in the case where the staff of the board discovers that a facsimile transmission or electronic transfer is illegible upon receipt, the staff shall immediately give notice to the party whose report or other statement is illegible that a legible copy of such facsimile transmission or electronic transfer shall be mailed, transmitted by a commercial delivery service, or hand-delivered within twenty-four hours to the offices of the board. The filing date shall be deemed to be the date of receipt of the facsimile transmission or electronic transfer of the report or statement.
- B. If the date on which a report or statement is required to be filed occurs on a weekend or a federal or state holiday, the report shall be filed no later than the first working day after the date it would otherwise be due that is not a federal or state holiday.

Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 66, §§3, 5, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1999, No. 164, §2.

§1157.2. Repealed by Acts 2012, No. 608, §2, eff. June 7, 2012.

§1157.3. Outside counsel; contingency fee; enforcement and collection authority

The board may contract with outside counsel on a contingency fee basis to enforce judgments that may arise under this Part. Any such firm or attorney shall be selected pursuant to a request for proposals in accordance with Chapter 16 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

Acts 1999, No. 850, §1.

SUBPART D. COMPUTER DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

§1158. Board of Ethics Computerized Data Management System; purpose; goals

- A.(1) To enhance the board's ability to govern and enforce the Code of Governmental Ethics and to provide efficient and economical dissemination of information, the board shall establish the Board of Ethics Computerized Data Management System.
- (2) The following basic specifications shall be designed into the board's computerized data management system:
 - (a) The system shall be capable of handling each type of report required to be filed with the board.
- (b) The system shall permit electronic filing of all reports required to be filed with the board or as provided for by this Chapter.
 - (c) The system shall provide for in-house review of all reports filed with the board.
- (d) The system's database shall be categorized to provide for citizen's access of all reports filed with the board. This access shall include, but not be limited to, the ability of the public to search by contributor names the system's database of campaign finance disclosure reports that are required to be filed electronically by R.S. 18:1485 and R.S. 42:1125.
- (e) The system shall provide a person viewing campaign finance reports filed electronically by a candidate pursuant to R.S. 18:1485 with a link to all reports filed pursuant to R.S. 42:1124.6 in which the candidate is listed.
- B. The computerized data system shall be used to aid in the distribution of materials to state and local agencies as provided in R.S. 42:1170.
- C. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, any material or information which is confidential as provided by law shall be excluded from such public access.

D. The Board of Ethics Computerized Data Management System shall commence basic operations no later than May 1, 1997, with total implementation of the system as provided for in this Subpart by May 1, 1998.

Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2010, No. 804, §1, eff. June 30, 2010.

§1159. Access; Internet; restrictions

- A. To enhance the public's ability to gather information easily regarding the conduct of elected officials, public employees, and other persons regulated by the board, the board shall maintain a website which allows the public to quickly and easily review disclosure reports filed with the board, agendas of board meetings, and opinions and decisions rendered by the board.
 - B. The board shall regularly review and update its website to improve access to its public information.
- C. The board shall not reduce or impair in any manner the level of the public's access via the Internet to the information provided by the board on its website from the level of access that exists on June 5, 2003.
- D. The board shall exclude from the website any material or information which is confidential as provided by law.

Acts 2003, No. 203, §1, eff. June 5, 2003.

PART IV. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§1161. Preventive measures by agency heads

- A. Filing of reports. Every agency head shall file confidential reports with the board or panel on any matters that come to his attention which he believes may constitute a violation of this Chapter which is within the board or panel's jurisdiction.
- B. Cooperation with board. Every agency head shall cooperate in every possible manner in connection with any investigation or hearing which may be lawfully conducted by the board or panel.
- C. Compliance with order of board or panel. Every agency head shall forthwith comply with any lawful order received from the board or panel and shall immediately take disciplinary action against any employee under his supervision when ordered to do so by the board or panel.
- D. Failure to comply with order of board or panel. Failure on the part of any agency head who is not an elected official to comply promptly with any lawful order received from the board or panel shall subject him to all penalties provided for elsewhere in this Chapter and shall cause the immediate suspension of all salary and other benefits which he otherwise would be entitled to receive. Such suspension shall remain in effect during the period in which he fails or refuses to comply, and all public employees are hereby directed to refuse to honor any drafts or other documents which would violate this provision.
- E. Agency employment lists. Every agency head shall furnish the board or panel, upon request, a list showing the names, positions, compensation, if any, and the time actually spent earning such compensation of all agency employees. The list shall be prepared at the expense of the agency furnishing it out of funds available to such agency.
- F. Screening of employees. Every agency head shall constantly screen all employees under his supervision to ascertain that such employees are needed to perform the work of the agency and shall promptly take the necessary steps to reduce the number of the employees of the agency to a sufficient or satisfactory number required. Knowingly having one or more employees on the payroll who are not rendering service for which they are being paid or having one or more employees on the payroll that violate the provisions of R.S. 42:1119 shall subject the agency head, a public employee having the authority to hire

and fire the employee, and the immediate supervisor of the employee, as well as such employee, to the disciplinary action and penalties provided by this Chapter.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §\$6, 11, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.

§1162. Copy of ethics code to be furnished by the secretary of state

Whenever the secretary of state shall issue a commission to a public servant, he shall include therewith a copy of this Chapter in pamphlet or other form convenient to the secretary, and the public servant shall acknowledge receipt thereof when filing his oath of office with the secretary of state.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1163. Prescription

No action to enforce any provision of this Chapter shall be commenced after the expiration of two years following the discovery of the occurrence of the alleged violation, or four years after the occurrence of the alleged violation, whichever period is shorter.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1164. Criminal laws not affected

Nothing in this Chapter is intended to nor is to be construed as repealing, amending, or modifying in any way any provision of any criminal law of this state.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1165. Authority of school boards to administer tenure laws not affected

A. Nothing in this Chapter is intended nor shall it be construed to have the effect of repealing, amending, or modifying in any way any state tenure statutes pertaining to the rights of probationary or permanent teachers or other public employees of any parish or city school board of this state nor the authority of any such school board to administer the state tenure statutes, relative to teachers and other public employees of the school board, when such teachers and other public employees are serving in their official capacities. All job actions based upon the causes for disciplining or dismissal of teachers or other school public employees, as may be now or hereafter set forth in the state tenure statutes, shall remain under the exclusive jurisdiction of the appropriate parish or city school board.

B. Subject to the provisions of Subsection A, the board or panel may order that any public employee of a parish or city school board of this state be disciplined or dismissed as provided in this Chapter whenever the board or panel has determined that the public employee has violated any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the board.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.

§1166. Violation of code by tenured public employee of a state public higher education institution

Any final determination that a tenured public employee of a public higher education institution in this state has violated any provision of law within the jurisdiction of the board, except as otherwise exempted therefrom, may be grounds for disciplining or dismissing the tenured public employee by the appropriate higher education management board, or by the appointing authority by order of the board or panel in accordance with applicable tenure law, rule, or policy.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.

§1167. Judges

All judges, as defined by the Code of Judicial Conduct, shall be governed exclusively by the provisions of the Code of Judicial Conduct, which shall be administered by the Judiciary Commission provided for in Article V, Section 25 of the Constitution of Louisiana.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980.

§1168. Perjury; malfeasance in office

- A. Perjury. Any person who intentionally and knowingly either files a false sworn complaint with the board or who gives false sworn testimony before the board or panel shall, upon conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction, be guilty of the crime of perjury and subject to the penalty set forth in R.S. 14:123.
- B. Malfeasance by member of the board. Any member of the board who knowingly and intentionally initiates action by the board or panel against any public servant, or person knowing such action to be false shall, upon conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction, be guilty of the crime of malfeasance in office and subject to the penalty set forth in R.S. 14:134.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997.

§1169. Freedom from reprisal for disclosure of improper acts

- A. Any public employee who reports to a person or entity of competent authority or jurisdiction information which he reasonably believes indicates a violation of any law or of any order, rule, or regulation issued in accordance with law or any other alleged acts of impropriety related to the scope or duties of public employment or public office within any branch of state government or any political subdivision shall be free from discipline, reprisal, or threats of discipline or reprisal by the public employer for reporting such acts of alleged impropriety. No employee with authority to hire, fire, or discipline employees, supervisor, agency head, nor any elected official shall subject to reprisal or threaten to subject to reprisal any such public employee because of the employee's efforts to disclose such acts of alleged impropriety.
- B.(1)(a) If any public employee is suspended, demoted, dismissed, or threatened with such suspension, demotion, or dismissal as an act of reprisal for reporting an alleged act of impropriety in violation of this Section, the public employee shall report such action to the board.
- (b) If any person that is a public employee because of a contractual arrangement with a governmental entity or agency thereof has the contract with the governmental entity or agency suspended, reduced, or terminated or is threatened with the suspension, reduction, or termination of the contract with the governmental entity or agency as an act of reprisal for reporting an alleged act of impropriety in violation of this Section, the public employee shall report such action to the board.
- (2)(a) A public employee who is wrongfully suspended, demoted, or dismissed shall be entitled to reinstatement of his employment and entitled to receive any lost income and benefits for the period of any suspension, demotion, or dismissal.
- (b) A person that is a public employee because of a contractual arrangement with a governmental entity or agency thereof whose contract is wrongfully suspended, reduced, or terminated shall be entitled to reinstatement of his contract and entitled to receive any lost compensation under the terms of the contract.
- C. The board shall provide written notice of the commencement of an investigation of a report of a violation of this Section to the agency head of the employee, or if the agency head is the defendant, then to an agency head of the governmental entity that supervises the agency, or if none, then to the governing authority of the governmental entity not less than ten days prior to the date set for the investigation. If the board determines, following an investigation, that it shall offer a consent opinion or conduct a public or private hearing to receive evidence and determine whether any violation of this Section has occurred, the

board shall provide written notice of the hearing or consent opinion to the agency head of the employee, or if the agency head is the defendant, then to an agency head of the governmental entity that supervises the agency, or if none, then to the governing authority of the governmental entity not less than sixty days prior to the date set for the action by the board. The employee's agency shall cooperate in every possible manner in connection with any investigation conducted by the board. The agency shall be considered to be an indispensable party to any investigation, hearing, or consent opinion and may have legal counsel, cross-examine witnesses, call witnesses, and present evidence on its behalf.

- D. Any employee with the authority to hire, fire, or discipline employees, supervisor, agency head, or elected official who violates this Section shall be subject to the same fines and penalties provided for other violations of this Chapter. In addition, if the board, following a public hearing, finds there is probable cause to believe that a person has violated a criminal law of this state, pursuant to R.S. 42:1156, the board shall forward a copy of its findings to the district attorney of the parish in which the violation occurred for appropriate action. Thereafter, notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, such district attorney shall have access to all records of the board relative to such findings.
- E. Upon notification by the employee, the employee's agency, the defendant, or the defendant's agency that the employee has commenced a civil action in a district or federal court or with a federal agency with adjudicatory authority over employment complaints against his agency pursuant to R.S. 23:967(B) or other relevant state or federal statutes at any time prior to the board's final determination as to whether a violation of this Section has occurred, the board shall stay any action pending before the board until a final order in the civil or adjudicatory action is issued, and the prescriptive period provided for in R.S. 42:1163 for action shall be suspended while such civil or adjudicatory action is pending and shall resume when such final order is issued. The final order of the court in the civil action or agency in an adjudicatory action, except if the action is dismissed by the plaintiff, shall resolve all matters the employee has pending before the board regarding this Section.
- F. Each agency head shall ensure that a notice containing an explanation in plain language of the rights of employees under this Section is posted and maintained at some convenient and conspicuous point in each building where more than ten public employees are employed. The specific content of this notice shall be determined by the board.

Acts 1979, No. 443, §1, eff. April 1, 1980; Acts 1995, No. 1115, §1; Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 1999, No. 327, §1; Acts 2006, No. 373, §1, eff. June 15, 2006; Acts 2007, No. 148, §1; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 5, §1, eff. April 26, 2008; Acts 2014, No. 362, §1.

§1170. Ethics education; mandatory requirements; ethics designee

- A.(1) Commencing with terms of office beginning January 1, 2008, and thereafter, each statewide elected official, legislator, and public service commissioner shall receive a minimum of one hour of education and training on the Code of Governmental Ethics during each year of his term of office. All newly elected officials shall receive the required one hour of education training on the Code of Governmental Ethics within the first ninety days after taking the oath of office. In addition, each statewide elected official, legislator, and public service commissioner shall receive a minimum of one hour of education and training on the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act during his term of office.
- (2) Commencing with the terms of office beginning January 1, 2010, and thereafter, each elected official who was not required to complete education and training on the Code of Governmental Ethics pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall receive a minimum of one hour of education and training during each year of his term of office. All newly elected officials shall receive the required one hour of education training on the Code of Governmental Ethics within the first ninety days after taking the oath of office. In addition, each such elected official who was not required to complete education and training pursuant to

Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall receive a minimum of one hour of education and training on the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act during his term of office.

- (3)(a)(i) Commencing on January 1, 2012, each public servant who was not required to complete education and training pursuant to Paragraph (1) or (2) of this Subsection shall receive a minimum of one hour of education and training on the Code of Governmental Ethics during each year of his public employment or term of office, as the case may be.
- (ii) Commencing on January 1, 2014, each head of a department, except statewide elected officials, of the executive branch enumerated in R.S. 36:4(A), shall be required to receive an additional one hour of education and training on the Code of Governmental Ethics during each year of his public employment or term of office, as the case may be. The additional topic to be addressed shall be contract ethics.
- (b) The provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall not apply to any person who is a public servant solely because he serves as an uncompensated volunteer fireman or an uncompensated auxiliary or reserve law enforcement officer.
- (c) The provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall not apply to a nonsalaried employee of a hospital owned or operated by a hospital service district as defined in R.S. 46:1072 unless the employee is authorized to enter into contracts on behalf of the hospital for goods or services or the duties of the employee include the supervision of another public employee.
- (4)(a) Commencing on January 1, 2009, each lobbyist registered pursuant to the provisions of Part III of Chapter 1 of Title 24 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 relative to lobbying of the legislature shall receive a minimum of one hour of education and training on such provisions and on the provisions of the Code of Governmental Ethics which the Board of Ethics determines are relevant to such a lobbyist during each year the lobbyist is registered.
- (b) Commencing on January 1, 2009, each lobbyist registered pursuant to the provisions of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 relative to lobbying of executive branch agencies shall receive a minimum of one hour of education and training on such provisions and on the provisions of the Code of Governmental Ethics which the Board of Ethics determines are relevant to such a lobbyist during each year such lobbyist is registered.
- (5) A former public servant whose public service in a calendar year lasted less than ninety days shall not be required to receive education and training on the Code of Governmental Ethics pursuant to Paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this Subsection during that year.
- B. The education and training required pursuant to this Section may be received either in person or via the Internet through the training and education materials designed by the board pursuant to R.S. 42:1134.
- C.(1) Each agency head of a state agency shall designate at least one person who shall, with the assistance of the board, provide all public servants of that agency information and instruction relative to ethics and conflicts of interest concerning the following provisions: the Code of Governmental Ethics and, if appropriate or applicable to the functions of the agency or the public servants within the agency, information concerning the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act, the provisions of Part III of Chapter 1 of Title 24 relative to lobbying of the legislature, the provisions of Part IV of Chapter 1 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 relative to lobbying of executive branch agencies, the Louisiana Riverboat Economic Development and Gaming Control Act, the Louisiana Economic Development and Gaming Corporation Act, the Louisiana Lottery Corporation Law, and the Video Draw Poker Devices Control Law. The agency shall also provide instruction and information to such public servants intended to educate them about the particular ethics laws to which they are subject and the procedures by which such laws are enforced. On and after January 1, 2009, no agency head shall designate a person to provide information and instruction relative to ethics and conflicts of interest pursuant to this Subsection unless the person has

received a minimum of two hours of education and training regarding the provisions of the Code of Governmental Ethics and, if appropriate or applicable to the functions of the agency or the public servants within the agency, any other provision of law within the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics. In addition, on and after January 1, 2009, each designee shall be required to have at least two hours of ethics education and training annually.

- (2) Each agency head of a state agency shall ensure that each public servant in the agency is notified of the current name and contact information of each designee and that the current name and contact information of each designee is posted and maintained in a convenient and conspicuous manner which makes the information easily accessible to each public servant in the agency. He shall also submit the name and contact information of each such designee to the Board of Ethics no later than July first of each year and shall notify the Board of Ethics within ten days of any change in the name or contact information of a designee.
- (3) The agency head of each department in the executive branch of state government shall select at least one person licensed to practice law in this state to be a designee.
- (4) Each political subdivision shall designate at least one person who shall, with the assistance of the board, provide information, notices, and updates to employees and officials of the political subdivision and assist the board in any way necessary to fulfill the requirements set out in this Section and R.S. 42:1134(N)(1).
- D. All agencies shall provide information about governmental ethics to those with whom they do business.
- E.(1) The Board of Ethics shall keep records of the compliance with the requirements of this Section by each registered lobbyist and public servant and by state agencies.
- (2) If the board discovers that a public servant or lobbyist has failed to complete the training required by this Section, the board shall mail by certified mail a notice of noncompliance informing the person that the training required by this Section shall be completed within forty-five business days from the mailing of the notice of noncompliance. The notice of noncompliance shall include the deadline for completion of the training required by this Section. If the person completes the training prior to the deadline contained in the notice of noncompliance, no penalties shall be assessed against the person.
- (3) The Board of Ethics shall submit the required education and training on the Code of Governmental Ethics for approval by the Louisiana Supreme Court, Mandatory Continuing Legal Education Committee as an approved continuing legal education activity.

Acts 1996, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 64, §6, eff. Jan. 1, 1997; Acts 2007, No. 315, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2008; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 3, §1, eff. April 26, 2008; Acts 2008, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 11, §1, eff. April 26, 2008; Acts 2012, No. 488, §1, eff. June 5, 2012; Acts 2013, No. 415, §1; Acts 2013, No. 422, §1; Acts 2014, No. 745, §1.

NOTE: See Acts 2007, No. 315, §2, relative to implementation.